INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

Regd. No. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH

VOL. XXIV NO. 294 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1936 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Dramatic Turn In Simpson Divorce Case

DECREE CHALLENGED?

Fleet Street Excited Over Report

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)
LONDON, December 11.

There is a great excitement around Fleet Street following a report that an appearance has been entered at the Divorce Registry at Sommerset House in the suit Simpson W. v. Simpson E. A.

It is believed that the intervener is seeking "to show cause why the 'decree nisi' should not be made 'absolute' by the reason that the decree has been obtained by a collusion or by reason of material facts not having been brought before the Court."

"NOTHING DOING"

Since the report of the intervention got currency the Divorce Register has been a closed book to all inquirers. Journalists and representatives of legal firms who wish to consult it are being brusquely told "nothing doing."

"They were informed that the Register would not be available until Tuesday.

This has caused heated scenes among worried officials and indignant journalists and lawyers.

NOTICE TO SOLICITORS

I understand that a notice has been served on Messrs. Theodore Goddard and Co. who are the solicitors acting for Mrs. Wallis Simpson.

The ground on which the intervention is made has not yet been disclosed, but the person entering the appearance must file an affidavit by Monday setting down the facts on which he relies. Mrs. Wallis will then be entitled to file affidavits in answer to the allegations.

The application will then go before the court which could, either dismiss it or rescind the "decree nisi" or order further inquiry.

NO KNOWLEDGE

When interviewed at Cannes, it was stated on behalf of Mrs. Wallis Simpson: "Mrs. Simpson has no knowledge of any move to annul the divorce decree granted to her".

QUEEN MOTHER'S MESSAGE

LONDON, Dec. 11.

Queen Mary in a message to the Nation and Empire says:—I am so deeply touched by the sympathy which has surrounded me at this time of anxiety that I must send a message of gratitude from the depth of my heart The sympathy and affection which sustained me in the great sorrow less than a year ago have not failed me now and are once again my strength and stay. I need not speak to you of the distress which fills a mother's heart when I think that my dear son deemed it his duty to lay down his charge and that the reign which was begun with so much hope and promise has so suddenly ended. I know you realise what it cost him to come to this decision and remembering the years in which he tried eagerly to serve and help his country and Empire you will ever keep grateful remembrance of him in your hearts.

I commend to you his brother summoned to unexpectedly and in circumstances so painful to take his place. I ask you to give him the same full measure of generous loyalty which you gave my beloved husband and which you would have willingly continued to give his brother. With him I commend my dear daughter-in-law who will be Queen. May she receive the same unfailing affection and trust which you have given me for six and twenty years. I know you have already taken her children to your hearts.

It is my earnest prayer that despite, nay through, the present trouble the unity of our land and Empire may by God's blessing be maintained and strengthened. May He bless and keep and guide you always.—Reuter.

T. R. H. The Duke and Duchess of York. H. R. H. will be proclaimed King to-day.

Free State Reaction To British Crisis

BILLS BEFORE DAIL

Recognition Of New King With Limited Functions

(SPECIAL CABLE)
DUBLIN, December 11.

Bills before the Dail to-day provide for the abolition of Governor-General and delition of King's name from all internal activities of the Irish Free State.

LONDON: Fundamental changes in the constitution of Irish Free State are made in the Bill, which Mr. De Valera laid before the animated special session of the Dail this afternoon.

The Saorstat Eireann (Irish Free State) have intimated to the British Government that they are unable to agree to the exact terms of procedure adopted by Britain and the Dominions for legislation arising out of the constitutional crisis, as provided in the Statute of Westminster and, therefore, the Saorstat had decided to introduce two Bills dealing with the constitution and External Relations respectively.

KING'S PLACE IN IRELAND

The Bills provide the recognition of the new King, but the function which the Monarch is to exercise henceforth in Irish Free State administration are limited. It is declared that as long as the Irish Free State is associated with Australia, Canada, Great Britain, New Zealand, South Africa and so long as the King is recognised by those nations for the purpose of appointment of Diplomatic and Consular representatives and conclusion of international agreements, the King is so recognised and authorised to act on behalf of Irish Free State for like purposes.

Virtually the Bills mean the King's name is being removed from all internal Government activity of Irish Free State and is being retained only respecting matters affecting External Relations.

The position of the Governor-General is also abolished and his duties are being delegated to the Speaker of the Dail.

Mr. De Valera pointed out that the Bills do not sever Commonwealth connection.—Reuter.

Mr. De Valera, President of Irish Free State.

NO ABDICATION IN IRELAND YET

DUBLIN Dec. 10

Mr. De Valera in a statement with reference to abdication said "Insofar as the Irish Free State is concerned the abdication will not become effective until legislation for that purpose is enacted by parliament".

The speaker issued notice summoning deputies to attend the Dail at 3 p.m. to-morrow "for the purpose of considering the proposed abdication of Edward VIII and proposals for amendment of constitution and other legislation.

BRITAIN'S WAR DEBT

Govt. Ready To Re-open Negotiations With United States

LONDON, Dec. 11.

The British Government is ready to reopen discussion, whenever circumstances warrant and hope for a satisfactory result.

This is purport of reply to note from the United States presenting a statement on the British debt expressing willingness to discuss any proposals regarding payment of debt.—Reuter's Special.

ABDICATION BILL PASSED BY PARLIAMENT

Premier Baldwin

Dramatic News Discussed With All Stately Courtesy Of Mediaeval Times

PROCLAMATION OF ACCESSION OF NEW KING TO-DAY

LONDON: December 11.

While Britain and the Empire are still eagerly discussing the dramatic news of abdication of King Edward VIII, both Houses of Parliament, with all the Stately courtesy of mediaeval times, passed through all its stages in two and a half hours, the Bill of Abdication. Within another quarter of an hour, the Bill received the Royal Assent and at 1-52 p.m. with the pronouncement of the Assent by the Clerk of Parliament, Edward VIII ceased to be King and the Duke of York acceded with the Duke of Kent as Companion.

LAST LOOK ROUND.

The King is spending the last day of his short reign in the quiet seclusion of Fort Belvedere. And he took the opportunity of talking to those faithful members of the staff, who have served him for many years and took a last look round the House, which has been the focus of world interest in recent weeks.

Mr. Winston Churchill arrived at 1 p.m. and lunched with the King and the Duke of Kent.

LONDON CALM.

London is calm to-day under a sun which is shining frostily through familiar mist, symbolic of the country's relief at the relaxation of tension of the past fog-bound week.

Mr. Baldwin announced in the Commons that, the Accession Council would meet to-morrow morning to approve of the Proclamation to proclaim the new King.—Reuter.

LONDON, Dec. 11.

A strong desire to resume speedily the normal life of the nation and work for peace was inherent in the speeches in the Commons to-day when Mr. Baldwin in a brief statement moved the second reading of the Abdication Bill.

Maj. Attlee supported the Bill but pleaded for simplification of Monarchy, which was being jeopardised by over emphasis and vulgar adulation.

Sir Archibald Sinclair supported the Bill.

Mr. Maxton moved rejection favouring the abolition of hereditary Monarchy.

After the speech by Sir John Simon emphasising that the recent incidents had demonstrated how deeply the conception of constitution Kingship was embedded in British hearts the House rejected Mr. Maxton's amendment by 403 votes to 5 and passed the second reading of the Bill without a division.

At the Committee stage, replying to a query the Attorney-General said the designation of King Edward was a matter with which new King would deal when the time came. Replying to Mr. Will Thorne the Attorney General said there was no truth in the suggestion that the King was compelled to leave the country.

The Bill was read for the third time and sent to the Lords. The Attorney-General pointed out that the King's income from the Civil List and the Duchies of Cornwall and Lancaster would go to the new King. What action the House would take subsequently was outside to-day's discussions.

Mr. Baldwin finally spoke gratefully of King Edward "For all his work we are grateful and shall not forget."

The Abdication Bill passed in House of Lords all stages within fifteen minutes of leaving the House of Commons.

KING TO TOUR INDIA NEXT WINTER

LONDON, Dec. 11.

Considerable interest is shown in King George's programme for the forthcoming year. There is much discussion as to what degree His Majesty will carry out the programme previously scheduled for King Edward.

There are strong grounds for the hope that the King may visit India next winter in the place of his brother. He will naturally be accompanied by the Queen. It is hoped that besides holding a Durbar at Delhi, Their Majesties may be able to tour India.

Their Majesties' visit is likely to be invested with all the panoply of a State tour by the King Emperor.—Reuter.

PREMIER CALLS ON GEORGE VI

LONDON, Dec. 11.

The Premier paid his first call on King George VI at the latter's residence at Piccadilly at 4 p.m. and was loudly acclaimed by the waiting crowd.

Ex-King Edward's "Red and Blue Dragon" aeroplane left Hendon at 2-35 p.m. in the direction of Fort Belvedere piloted by Wing Commander Fielden.—Reuter.

COMMONS TO MEET TO-DAY

LONDON, Dec. 11.

The House of Commons will meet to-morrow for Oath of Allegiance to new King.

Mr. Baldwin announced that he would bring a message from the New King at about 6 p.m. on Monday and move an address in reply.

Parliament will rise for Christmas on December 18.—Reuter.

Spanish Question At Geneva

GENEVA, Dec. 11.

The United Kingdom's "profound disappointment" that the Non-Intervention Agreement has not been more fully observed" was expressed by Lord Cranborne at the League Council meeting to consider Spain's appeal. Lord Cranborne said the forces of both parties in Spain were being augmented from foreign sources to a degree, which assumed alarming proportions. The British Government considered the maintenance and strict enforcement of the policy of non-intervention must play an essential part in limiting and shortening the war.

The Spanish Foreign Minister, Sgr. Delvayo, in an unexpectedly mild speech did not ask the Council to do anything in particular and merely called attention to the grave dangers of the conflict spreading, suggesting to the Council to envisage its responsibilities in connection with anticipated poison gas attacks on Madrid.—Reuter.

KING EDWARD IN HIS VARIED PHASES

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words "Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted, good-looking, educated Bride (16) knowing Tamil or Kanarese, for well established Brahmin youth. Write with photo Box No. 7378, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted an experienced Gujarati with perfect knowledge of English correspondence and Gujarati accounts. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience and salary required, Box No. 7425, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an electrician holding first class supervisor's licence for Karachi firm. Apply before 20th, stating minimum salary acceptable, Box No. 7420, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted House to House Canvassers for selling Bull Brand Toilet Soaps, Muskraj, Khusraj, etc. Apply L. Uttamchand and Co., 51, Princess Street, Bombay. (7425).

Wanted local and suburban canvassers of all castes for novel cheap nonlike alphabets. Christmas selling line. Wanted agents everywhere: India, Africa. Apply Publicity Novelties and Advertising Agency, 19 Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay. (7406).

Wanted immediately 1 cashier, 2 salesmen, salary 35 and 25 cash security 300 and 100. Deccani preferred. Cloth line experience necessary. Apply Box No. 7413, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for immediate appointments: Motor mechanic, accountant for Africa; 5 salesmen for provision on 60; 6 travelling salesmen; radio mechanic 100, doctor 60, compounders 20, stenographer 30. Apply Goldwyn (India) Co., 31, Forbes Street, Bombay. (7426).

Required immediately in Delhi by a Newly established Radio firm a Radio Mechanic. He must have had at least two or three years' practical experience, preferably with some well-established German Radio dealing establishment. The selected candidate will be expected to look after the mechanic as well as the Sales Department. Apply with attested copies of certificates with necessary particulars stating lowest salary acceptable to:—P. O. Box No. 20, Delhi. (4489).

Wanted immediately a qualified doctor for Charitable Dispensary at Vervala, near Dwarka. M.B.B.S. preferred. Apply stating qualifications and lowest salary expected to Mr. Damodher Govindjee Madhowjee, 16 Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay. (7407).

Wanted—A qualified manager, a cashier and some clerks for the Rupnarain Bank. Apply with bust-photo and testimonials if any, stating age, height and minimum salary acceptable, Personal or cash security of Rs. 1,000 essential. Apply Managing Director, Rupnarain Bank, Ltd., Nala Street, Bareilly. 7384.

Wanted an experienced cigarette machine operator. Apply testimonials, status, pay, etc., Box No. 7414, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a tutor to teach perfect English Anglo-Indian and European preferred. State terms. Apply Box No. 7422, "Bombay Chronicle".

12. TO BE LET.

Hornby Building 174 Hornby Road, above Abdoola Company, rooms, flats for office, club, school, hotel, residence with lift. Rent 20/- to 250/-. Apply Cassinath's Office, 19 Bastion Road, Telephone: 20857. (7390).

To Let—Rutton House, Relesh St. Jacob Circle, near Telephone Works, Blocks Rs. 42 and 47. Apply Mr. Keravala, between 9 to 11, Near Sleater Road P.O. (7394).

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

For Hindus only—Spacious and airy flats of 3 rooms and kitchen or two rooms separately to let at 135 Chamarbaug Road, Parel, opp. G. I. P. Workshop. Apply within. (7415).

To Let—Airy Flats of five, three and two rooms in new building Parvati Mansion, Dadar-Matunga Estate, Plot No. 164A Vincent Road. Apply Receiver's office at the premises between 9 and 10 a.m. or to Lowji, 60 Forbes Street, Fort, Telephone: 20280. (7399).

27. HOTELS

Dave Hindu Hotel, Mahableshwar, Unique hotel on Royal hill enviably excellent situation. Reputed for best food, service and management. Inquire Dave Sweet Mart, Grant Road|Dadar, 'Phone 42919. (7418).

44. MEDICAL.

Without Operation and Drugs— Appendicitis, Epilepsy, Insanity, Eczema, Diabetes, Hysteria, Leocorrhoea Perfectly cured. Free Prospectus in English, Urdu, Hindi or interview, Dr. R. R. Khetti, New Delhi. (7010).

Rejuvenation. No Glant Grafting, or Surgical Ligatures. Latest method. Results mystifying. Apply W. Turner, Rejuvenation Specialist, 8, Elphinstone Road, Poona. (7366)

53 DENTISTS

College of Dentistry—Intensely practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings and equipment. Session begins 15th January. For illustrated Prospectus apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D.D.S. Hospital Road, Karachi. (7355).

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

Second-hand Bentley Code Rs. 35. Second Fresh Code Rs. 65. Autography by Jawaharlal Nehru Rs. 6-8 and all sorts of books can be had from Lalkhani Book Depot, Sandhurst Road, Bombay No. 4 (7417).

68. PARTNERSHIPS.

Wanted Financing Partner with Rs. 10,000 to start profitable provision, store and import business. Apply Box No. 7412, "Bombay Chronicle".

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Wanted loan—Rs. 2,500 on property in mofussil at interest six per cent. per annum. Apply Box 7411, "Bombay Chronicle".

Loan of Rs. 600 to 1,000 to open a branch of running concern. Good interest. Apply Box No. 7417, "Bombay Chronicle".

74 AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted influential agents for shirtings, suitings, high standard (woollen, silken and cotton) printed fancy chaddar and sarees and hosiery on commission or salaries, Rs. 100 to 150 p.m. Cash security Rs. 10 or more according to the Price of samples. Apply for conditions with one anna stamp, Manager, The Northern Swadeshi Textiles Co., Ludhiana. (7395).

Wanted—Booksellers, Stationers, Newspaper Agents, Shopkeepers and Sparetime Canvassers all over India to sell large 20" x 15" Poultry Propaganda Wall Calendars for 1937 (with 12 Numbers on each) retail at four Annas each (postage two annas extra) Handsome Discounts offered on quantities over 25 Copies Delivered Free by Rail in India at Wholesale Trade Rates. Send a Stamp for Free Specimen Sheet with further particulars and Trade Terms. A complete Calendar for 1937 (with 12 Numbers) will be sent Post Free on receipt of six Annas. Apply immediately: The Asian Poultry Institute, 11 West, Connaught Road, Poona

123. FURNITURE.

Get set of Chromium Tube furniture, attractive 4 chairs, 1 table for Rs. 130 only. Novel Christmas gift, wanted agents. Apply Chromium Furniture Co., 19, Hamam St., Fort., Bombay. (7409).

Gujarat Furniture Works means "Quality Furniture" in Modern style. Showroom and factory, Shree Krishna Panta Nivas, near Prarthana Samaj, Girgaum. Phone 25498. 7316.

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

To be sold—General Provision Stores and Pharmacy, opposite market. Hindus and Parsees locality. Owner leaving Bombay. Write to Box No. 7398, "Bombay Chronicle".

For sale valuable property at Dadabhai Road, Santa Cruz. Please apply Box No. 7380, "Bombay Chronicle."

For Sale, Hire or on Long Lease— Up-to-date Studios of two units well equipped with Modern machineries and appliances of rare quality to be found in Indian Studios, Laboratory, etc.; with well furnished spacious garden and Tank and two princely houses for rehearsal rooms and other blocks situated in Calcutta, is for sale, hire or on long lease. Apply to Box No. 4423, "Bombay Chronicle."

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Madam Joyce giving dancing lessons at Alexandra Building, Frere Road, behind the General Post Office. (7421).

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

Public Notices.

NOTICE

We, the Buckingham and Carnatic Co., Ltd., of Madras hereby give notice that on the 18th of November, 1936, Seth Khemchand Tecomal Makhija, cloth merchant of Karachi, was convicted on a charge of counterfeiting the Company's well-known "SEAL" TRADE MARK depicted above, and was ordered to pay a fine of Rs. 500 or, in default, to undergo 3 months' imprizonment.

We hereby warn the public against spurious imitations of OUR "SEAL", MARK, OUR "SHIP ON GLOBE" MARK or any of our well-known numbers, and give notice that we will take immediate legal action, criminal or civil, to suppress any such imitation.

XAVIERITES.

THE NEW BUILDINGS will be solemnly inaugurated towards the end of January. In this connection the College wants to have an up-to-date record of addresses of Old Students with titles, profession, position etc. Please communicate as soon as possible with THE PRINCIPAL, St. Xavier's College, Bombay. 4481.

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the following materials and must be submitted to the Chief Officer, Ahmedabad Municipality before 4-0 p.m. 19th December, 1936:—
Two 24" Sluice Valves.
Ten 12" Sluice Valves.
For details and specification apply to the Municipal Engineer, Ahmedabad Municipality.
(Sd.) J. S. MALIK,
Municipal Engineer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Municipal Office, Ahmedabad,
10th December, 1936.
4486.

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 2090 of 1936.
VIRJI SURVAN and anr. ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
Bai BISMILLABAI, widow of Ramzan Mahomed and Ors. ..... Defendants.
To,
The Creditors of Ramzan Mahomed ..... Deceased.

PURSUANT to the Order made by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Rangnekar on the 30th November, 1936, Notice is hereby given under Order I, Rule 8 of the C. P. Code that this suit has been filed by the abovenamed Plaintiffs on behalf of themselves and all other creditors of the estate of Ramzan Mahomed against the defendants abovenamed praying inter alia for the following reliefs:—
(a) That the Estate of the said deceased may be administered by and under the directions of this Hon'ble Court.
(b) For the appointment of a Receiver pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit.
(c) For an order and injunction restraining the Defendants pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit from dealing with or disposing of the estate of the deceased or from recovering the rents thereof.
And Take Further Notice that the hearing of the suit is fixed for the 13th day of January, 1937.
Dated this 11th day of December, 1936.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.
TAHIR ALI,
The 11th December, 1936.
MESSRS. LAM & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
4488.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
IN INSOLVENCY.
NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DECLARE DIVIDENDS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Assignee of Bombay intends to declare dividends in the following estates as mentioned below:—

Serial No.	Insolvency No.	Name of the Insolvent.	Dividend intended to be declared.
1.	7 of 1935.	Khanderao Damoder Gupte	First
2.	10 of 1935.	Florence Purification D'Souza.	"
3.	36 of 1935.	Ivan Robert Honeyford.	"
4.	41 of 1935.	Ratansey Shamji Khona.	"
5.	51 of 1935.	Richard Schooner.	"
6.	71 of 1935.	Joseph Anunciation D'Souza.	"
7.	89 of 1935.	Bhalchandra Krishna Patki.	"
8.	101 of 1935.	Reginald Menezes.	"
9.	110 of 1935.	Lucas Periera.	"
10.	148 of 1935.	Narainda Tarachand.	"
11.	152 of 1935.	Stephen Joseph Calmiano.	"
12.	186 of 1935.	John Cleridge Hill Newbegging.	"
13.	90 of 1936.	Cecil William Crowe.	First & Final.
14	43 of 1935.	Abdul Rehman Haji Ismail Memon	"
15.	62 of 1935.	Mangesh Narayan Gersappa.	"
16.	69 of 1935.	Hirachand Maganlal Sha.	"
17.	79 of 1935.	Byramji Dadabhoy Workingboxwalla.	"
18.	86 of 1935.	Pallala Vijayaraghava Raju.	"
19.	117 of 1935.	Chiranjilal Harchandrai Poddar and another traded as Sampatrai Bajranglal and as Agarwal Stores.	"
20.	130 of 1935.	Stanley Vere Featherstone.	"
21.	154 of 1935.	Ramji Virji Thucker (Personal).	"
22.	171 of 1935.	Gopinath Abaji Pradhan.	"
23.	384 of 1932.	Shankar Bhiwaji Taleker.	Second
24.	380 of 1932.	Narhar Dinker Phatak.	Second & Final
25.	412 of 1932.	David Reuben	"
26.	58 of 1935.	Motiram Krishnarao Trilokeker	Freferential distribution.
27.	154 of 1935.	Ramji Virji Thucker and Dharamsey Karsondas Thucker traded as Virji Damji and Co., a firm.	"

Creditors who have not proved their claims are requested to do so in the office of the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof. If they fail to do so their claims will be excluded and the undersigned will proceed to declare a dividend in the respective estates as stated above without regard to such claims.

All persons having claims against the Official Assignee in the abovementioned estates in respect of costs, charges, expenses, rents, lien or otherwise, are hereby requested to notify their claims to the undersigned forthwith, if they have not done so already. All such claims must be sent to the undersigned within 14 days from the date of this advertisement. On expiry of the said period, the assets in the above estates will be distributed and the claims received after that period will not be recognized.

Bombay, this 1st day of December, 1936.
Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

R. S. BILIMORIA,
Official Assignee of Bombay.
4442

Public Notices.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICE.

SHRI SHIVAJI PREPARATORY MILITARY SCHOOL, POONA.

School RE-OPENS on January 1st after Xmas Holidays. A Residential Public School for all Castes run on same lines as the Prince of Wales Royal Indian Military College & English Public Schools with House & Prefect system. Boys taken from 7 to 20 years of age.

ACADEMICAL EDUCATION.

(A) Standard I to VII for Bombay Matriculation and (B) Army Classes for those going up for the Indian Military Academy, Royal Air Force, The Dufferin, The Royal Indian Navy, Indian Police or other Services and (C) From January Special Classes for the Cambridge Examinations.

In Sports, Games and recreations we especially teach Boys Cricket (with the best English Coaches of All England Test Match and County Qualifications), Rugby Football, Hockey, Association Football, Gymnastics & Boxing, Rowing, Swimming, Tennis, Squash Racquets, Golf, Indian Games, Physical Training & drill, Riding & Hunting-Shooting (Rifle & Shot Gun)—and other special Recreations. To get full benefit from the school Boys should join here as young as possible. Our only Indore scholarship Boy came here at 10 years of age & has just passed into the Dufferin. Our Staff have the highest Qualifications both Academical & for coaching of Games. Fees covering Board & Residence and all above Academic Education and all Games & Sports including Riding & Shooting come to only Rs. 800 per year Boys can be especially catered for in the Holidays. The school now has a special Executive Committee with representatives of Educational & Civil and Military Departments also from some of the Chief Native States.

Lieut.-Colonel,
PRINCIPAL.
Poona. 9-12-36.
4493.

S. S. "KOSHIN MARU"

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 11th December, 1936, from Japan via ports en route and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed. Consignments of Tallow shipped per s.s. "Tokio Maru" from Wellington, Dunedin & Lyttleton, have also arrived per this steamer.

N. MATSURA,
Manager,
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 2-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 1391 of 1933.
JIVATLAL PRATAPSHI Plaintiff.
vs.
SARUPCHAND KARAMCHAND & another ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 10th July, 1936, the following immovable properties will be sold in five lots by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court at his Office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, 13th January, 1937, at 3-15 p.m. (S.T.)

LOT NO. 1—House with a floor situate at Vakharna Pada Street in Patan (Baroda State) bearing Survey No. 165 Tika No. 5/1 and admeasuring 529 sq. feet.

LOT NO. 2A—House situated at Vakharna Pada Street in Patan bearing Survey No. 274 Tika No. 5/1 and admeasuring 353 sq. feet.

LOT NO. 2B—House falling in the Vakharna Pada Street in Patan bearing Survey No. 191 Tika No. 5/1 and admeasuring 372 sq. feet.

LOT NO. 3—House situate at Vakharna Pada Street in Patan bearing Survey No. 192 Tika No. 5/1 and admeasuring 540 sq. feet.

LOT NO. 4—House in Vakharna Pada Street, Patan bearing Survey No. 164 Tika No. 5/1 and admeasuring 564 square feet.

LOT NO. 5—House at Vakharna Pada Street in Patan, bearing Survey No. 165 and Tika No. 5/1.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Kanga and Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 9th day of November, 1936.

G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Offg. Commissioner.
4426.

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that until further notice interest on Credit Balances of Current Accounts will be allowed at ½ per cent. per annum by the following Banks in Bombay:—
Allahabad Bank, Ltd.
American Express Co., Inc.
Banco Nacional Ultramarino
Bank of Baroda, Ltd.
Bank of India, Ltd.
Bank of Taiwan, Ltd.
Central Bank of India, Ltd.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China.
Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.
Eastern Bank, Ltd.
Grindlay & Co., Ltd.
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation.
Lloyds Bank, Ltd.
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Mitsui Bank, Ltd.
National Bank of India, Ltd.
National City Bank of New York.
Netherlands India Commercial Bank.
Netherlands Trading Society
P. & O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.
Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd.
4478.

NOTICE.

A PUBLIC AUCTION for the sale of right of opening a Vacuum Fan Sugar Factory at Sri Ganganagar in the Gang Canal Colony area of the Bikaner State will be held in the Office of the Colonization Minister, Sri Ganganagar, on the 15th January, 1937. The period of license will be tenable for 20 years in the first instance renewable every year on the terms of the license.

The Government of Bikaner have already under contemplation introduction of a Company Law on the lines approximately of similar law in British India.

Full particulars may be had on application personally or by post and license form on payment of Re. 1 from the,
COLONIZATION MINISTER,
Sri Ganganagar,
(Bikaner State.)
4445.

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Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RUSTOMJI NUSSERWANJI KERAWALA, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 'Lalgir Chambers', Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

Schedule Above Referred To:

ALL that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground, situate in the Oart known as Zaoba's Wadi at Girgaum or Breach Candy Road, outside the Fort, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 864-1/3 square yards or thereabouts being a part of a larger portion of the Oart and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 1, Collector's New No. 1, Old Survey No. 419 and New Survey No. 280 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 2046 of the Bhuleshwar Division together with the buildings and structures standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under (C) Ward Nos. 4329, 4331, 4332, 4332, 4333 and 4343 (1), Street Nos. 27, 29, 30, 31—41 and bounded, on or towards the East partly by a common passage leading to the privies of the said Oart and partly by the boundary wall of the said Oart, on or towards the West partly by a common passage of the Oart and partly by the house of Baloo Luxman Hadav (Jadav) on or towards the North by a passage of the said Oart and on or towards the South by the property of Bhasker Bhao Mistry.

Dated this 10th day of December, 1936.

Messrs RAMANLAL & HIMATLAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

4484

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RAMDAS MANILAL, KARTA, of the joint family and estate of Manilal Jugaldas deceased has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. Any person having any claim or claims or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, residence, use, maintenance, charge or otherwise however is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 31, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim or claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece of land or ground, situate at Lonawli in Taluka of Mawal in the Poona Zilla in the registration District of Poona, Sub-District Mawal, admeasuring 3 acres and thirty Gunthas be the same little more or less (forming a portion of a plot formerly assessed or entered in the Books of Collector of land Revenue of the said District under No. 140, but now under No. 190 and which said entire plot admeasured nine acres and six Gunthas and the assessments of which said entire plot was formerly Rs. 2 but has now been increased to Rs. 3 annually) and which piece or parcel of ground bears Entry No: 307 Survey No: 228, and is bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the plot of Ground forming a portion of the said Plot No: 190 and some time ago purchased by and now belonging to Mr. Pandurang Raghoba Pitale, on or towards the South by the Bombay to Poona Road, on or towards the West by Plot No. 139 formerly belonging to Messrs. Hilton and Nivan and Thuckker Khimjee Jeewa but now purchased by Thucker Khimjee Jeewa and on or towards the North by Plot No: 138, belonging to Purshottam Rangnath Bhinday, together with the messuages tenements dwelling houses or Bungalows and outhouses and other buildings and erections built or standing thereon, formerly used or occupied or called the Lanowli Gymkhana Hotel and all trees and Shrubs growing thereon.

Dated this 11th day of December, 1936.

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

Public Notices.

PORT CANNING AND LAND IMPROVEMENT COY. LTD.

CERTIFICATE of Share No. 2243 of the above named Company in the names of late Maneckji Jiwanji Master and Dhanjisha Maneckji Master is lost, misplaced or burnt. The said Company has been requested to issue duplicate share thereof. Any claim on the said share should be notified within a fortnight at the Reg. office of the Company No. 59 Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, otherwise duplicate Share Certificate will be issued to Mr. Dhanjisha Maneckji Master.

D. M. MASTER,
C/o. Messrs Tyabji Dayabhai & Coy.,
Solicitors.
Humam Street, Fort, Bombay.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ALLARAKHIA HAJI JUNAS FAZAL MAHOMED and MAHOMED HASSAM JAKARIA have contracted to sell absolutely to our client the immoveable property described in the scheduled hereunder written.

All persons having or claiming any share, estate, right, title, interest, property, claim, or demand in, to or upon or in respect of the said property or any part thereof whether by way of inheritance, bequest, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease, easement, residence, maintenance, or otherwise howsoever are required to make their claims, if any, known in writing within fourteen days to the undersigned at their Office at Lalgir Chambers, Tamarind Lane, within the Fort and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes. Any claim not made known in writing as hereby required shall be considered to have been waived and abandoned and the purchaser will proceed on that basis.

DESCRIPTION OF THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of perpetual Fazendari land, at a fixed Fazandari annual rent of Rs. 4-8-0 (the present Fazandars whereof are Fazalbhai Ibrahim & Co., Ltd., mortgagees in possession of Khoja Mavji Hirji) with the messuage tenement and building standing thereon situate, lying and being on the west side of the Jakarta Musjid Street, without the Fort, in the Registration district and Sub-district of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 102 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue Bombay under Collector's New Nos. 3015, 1526, 3014, 3407 and New Survey No. part of 2995 and Cadastral Survey No. 1403 of Mandvi Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 2719 former Street Nos. 406 and 408 and present Street No. 100, Jakaria Masjid Street and bounded as follows that is to say: on or towards the East by the said Jakaria Masjid Street, on or towards the West by a sweepers passage, on or towards the North by the property of Memon Ahmed Gulam Mahomed and on or towards the South by the Jamatkhana of Bhownagri Memon Jamat.

Dated this 8th day of December, 1936.

JAMSEDJI RUSTOMJI & DEVIDAS,
Purchasers Attorneys.
4472.

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Rates provide for transportation between Bombay and Colombo by N. Y. K. Bombay Line, otherwise by Rail or Outside line steamer at an extra of £7-0 1st class and £4-0 2nd class each way.

For further particulars apply to:—
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DELHI-BOMBAY AIR SERVICE VIA INDORE?

Tatas, Gwalior And Bhopal Representatives Confer With Aviation Director

INDORE: Dec. 11.

Messrs. J. D. Tata and Vincent, of the Tata Air Service, arrived at Indore by aeroplane and landed at the new Indore landing ground. The 'plane made a perfect landing.

Mr. Tymms, Director of Civil Aviation, Sir Kailas Haksar from Gwalior and Sir Joseph Bhore from Bhopal also arrived, and a private Conference was held at 'Baxi Bagh' the Indore Prime Minister's residence, for discussing the proposal of the Delhi-Bombay air service 'via' Indore, Bhopal and Gwalior.

The Conference, it is reported, favoured the idea that Indore should be represented by Sir S. M. Bapna and Mr. Ganungo, the Finance Minister.

It will be recalled that Sir S. M. Bapna, at the opening of the Indore Legislative Council this year, expressed the Holkar Government's intention for linking Indore with the world air routes.

Reduced Rates For X'mas Greeting Telegrams

NEW DELHI: (By Mail).

A Press Communique says:—"From the 14th December, 1936 to the 6th January, 1937, X'mas and New Year Greetings telegrams will be accepted at reduced rates with a minimum charge of ten words per telegram. In such telegrams, the indication XLT should be inserted before the address, which will be charged for.

For X'mas and New Year Greetings telegrams addressed to Great Britain and Northern Ireland, via IRC, the charge will be Rs. 2-3-0 for ten words or less and 3-1/2 annas for each additional word; for Gibraltar, Malta and Irish Free State via IRC, the charge will be Rs. 2-8-0 for ten words or less and four annas for each additional words and to all other countries in the British Empire the charge will be Rs. 3-12-0 for ten words or less and six annas for each additional word.

In the case of X'mas and New Year Greetings telegrams addressed to other countries with which the Daily Letter Telegram Service is in force except Russia for which XLT Service will not be accepted, the rate per word will be the same as for Daily Letter Telegrams, subject to a minimum charge for ten words per telegram.

These greetings telegrams will be sent out for delivery in pictorial forms and envelopes.".

Satta Accused Released On Bail

BOMBAY, Friday.

Chaganlal Purshottam and Ramdayal Muniram were put up before the Presidency Magistrate today on a charge of accepting satta bets.

It was alleged that they were arrested late last night at Sheikh Memon Street as they were seen loitering about and accepting bets.

They were released on bail, to appear on December 18.

Arrested on the charge of attempting to use postage stamps already used, a servant of a Consulate was produced before the third Presidency Magistrate to-day

It was alleged that Alex Mascerenhas, a peon in the Portuguese Consulate at Bombay was given a parcel on Thursday afternoon and was asked to register it after affixing stamps to the value of four annas nine pies.

He affixed, it was alleged, used stamps of the value of three annas nine pies and one unused stamp of an anna, and presented the parcel for registration. A clerk detected the used stamps and Mascerenhas was handed over to the Police.

He was bailed out till the 18th instant.

That death was caused by fracture of skull and other injuries as a result of a murderous attack by means of a stone thrown by Uma Janku, alias Thiprya, who is absconding, was the verdict returned by the Coroner's Jury, at the inquest held over the body of Girja Bai, who died at the K. E. M. Hospital on December 1 last.

Shivaram Trimbak Gaware, a bus driver, returning to his home at Matunga on the evening of November 28 last, found his wife lying in a pool of blood, with her head broken.

His four-year-old child, who had witnessed the ghastly occurrence, stated that Thiprya had assaulted its mother.

The inquest, which was held on November 30 last, had been adjourned to to-day.

The Jury returned a verdict, as stated above.

MORE CONGRESS VICTORIES

BOMBAY, December 11.

Babu Rajendra Prasad has received a telegram, to-day stating that Pundit Vinodanand, Mr. Rajeswar Narayan Singh and Mr. Harendra Chandra, Congress nominees, have been returned to the Bihar Assembly unopposed.

It may be stated here that, nine Harijan seats in the Bihar Assembly have already been captured by the Congress nominees uncontested.—United Press

JAWAHAR SUPPORTS KISAN MARCH

BOMBAY, Dec. 11.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, has handed over the following message to Mr. V. D. Chitale, in connection with the Faizpur Kisan March, which starts from Deolali-Pravara from Ahmednagar District on the 12th morning, reaching Faizpur on the 25th instant.

'I understand that some peasants have organised a march through the rural areas to the Faizpur Congress. This idea seems to me to be good, for it will bring the Congress nearer to the masses. I hope this march will take place in full co-operation with the Congress Committees concerned. I wish it all success".—United Press Congress Special.

AIR MAIL DELAYED

BOMBAY: Friday.

The Presidency Postmaster, Bombay, has issued the following announcement:

As the Imperial Airways Eastbound 'plane due to arrive at Karachi on Thursday, December 10, has been delayed for 24 hours, the London-India air mails which were due to be received in Bombay on December 11, will be recived here and issued for delivery by the Bombay General Post Office at 15-30 hours on December 12 in the ordinary course.

The latest hours of posting of air mail correspondence for Hyderabad (Deccan) and Madras at the Bombay General Post Office will be:

Ordinary Correspondence.—11-30 hours, tomorrow;

Registered Correspondence.—11 hours, to-morow.

MARRIAGE PARTY IN LORRY ACCIDENT

SHEIKHUPURA (By Mail)

All the 16 occupants of a lorry, received serious injuries, when the vehicle crashed against a tree on the night of Dec. 7, near Chichoki Mallian, somersaulted twice and plunged into a field.

The passengers constitued a Hindu marriage party, proceeding to Chuharkana and the majority of them had to seek medical aid.—United Press.

LOCAL RAIN IN NORTH-WEST INDIA

Dust Or Thunderstorm Likely In Baluchistan

POONA, Dec. 11.

A western disturbance caused local rain in Southwest Punjab, Kashmir, North-West Frontier Province and Baluchistan and a few falls in the Punjab Hills and Sind.

Local rain is reported from Southwest Madras.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Negapatam two inches, Harnai one-and-half; Kalat and Cuddalore one each, Multan, Khanpur, Jacobabad, Sonamarg and Murree half-an-inch each.

FORECAST:—Rainfall is likely to be fairly widespread in Kashmir and the Punjab and may extend to west United Provinces. Local duststorm or thunderstorm is likely in Baluchistan, North-West Frontier Province, Sind and Rajputana. Local rain will continue in south Madras.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 11-12-1936.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —014 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.8 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 70.1 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 89.0 degrees 2.3 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 73.1 degrees 4.5 (above normal).

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 70 p.c.

Direction of wind at a.m. ENE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 11 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 110 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 13 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10). 0.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 11-12-36.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 79.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.15 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.95 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

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After great scientific researches the famous German Scientist, Professor Dr. Lahusen, discovered this unique Gland-Hormone Product OKASA, which is at present recognized throughout the World as the greatest tonic for complete rejuvenation of men and women.

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SECOND GRAND WEEK!
DAILY 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M. Ph. 41561
To-day & To-morrow Extra Show 10 A.M.
PATHE

SESSION JUDGE ORDERS RETRIAL

JUBBULPORE, Dec. 9.

Remarking that the procedure adopted by the lower court vitiated the whole proceedings, Mr. J. N. Haksar, Additional Sessions Judge of Jubbulpore, set aside the conviction and sentence and ordered a retrial of the case in which Babu and Raju, who were charged with assaulting, on a public highway in the city, two young girls, were sentenced to six months' and nine months' rigorous imprisonment respectively.

When the appellants appeared before the Sessions Judge, Mr. P. C. Dutt, Counsel, contended that the lower court did not record evidence in the case but took on record evidence led against one of the accused in a separate case bearing on the same offence. Satisfying himself that this was correct, the court ordered a retrial.—United Press.

The third addition of the Manual of Land Acquisition for the Bombay Presidency by Mr. F. G. H. Anderson has just been published by the Government of Bombay and is on sale at the Government Book Depot, Charni Road, Bombay, price annas eleven.

Army And R. A. F. Tennis Tournament

JUBBULPORE, Dec. 10.

The military authorities notify that the Army and Royal Air Force Lawn Tennis championships will be held in Lahore from February 11 to February 15. The tournament is open to all officers and other ranks of the British Services and Indian Army provided they have retained amateur status. Singles, open doubles and inter-unit doubles championships will be competed for.—United Press.

TWO KILLED IN PARTY FEUD

PATNA, Dec. 11.

From reports just received here from Monghyr, it appears as a sequel to a fracas between two rival parties on possession of a piece of land at Goeri in Sadar Sub-Division, one Bandeb Misra and his servant were killed outright, and seven persons were seriously injured and are lying in precarious condition in the hospital. The police have arrested seven persons, who were marched on to Monghyr.

Further details are lacking.—United Press.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne & Co., Solicitors, and on account and at the risk of Gulam Mohidin Master, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will, on THURSDAY, the 17th December, 1936, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, 120, Apollo Street, Fort, a magnificent collection of rare and valuable Chinese and Indian Curios and Antiques, a very rare collection of old Indian pictures, jade, agate and ivory figures, crystal and precious stones-studded jug and jewel boxes, real gold-gilted temples and idols such as Saraswati, Tara and Buddha, etc., Elephants with howdans studded with precious stones, Indian enamel vases and trays, Tibetan antiques, richly carved sandalwood, jewel boxes, very old China jars and vases enamel wall plates, bronze statues, blackwood furniture, etc.

Catalogues are ready, the articles are on view.

AUCTION SALE OF A WELL-KNOWN RACE HORSE.

Under the instructions from the Sakarbai Petit Hospital, for Animals Messrs Bennett and Co., will on Tuesday, the 15th December, 1936 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, 120, Apollo Street, Fort.

A Bay Arab Gelding known as "Injeman II" certified as racing sound.

BENNETT & CO.

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, opp. Messrs. Hyland Co. of complete Flat Furniture, Godrej double mirror door steel Cabinet, Godrej "D" quality safe, Chubb cash box, Paris safe, American Gun Saxonal Book Case, Singer foot machine, H.M.V. Gramophone, Corona and Remington portable typewriters, Chesterfield sets, A. C. Fans, etc.

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TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc|s (13.97m.), GSF 15.14 Mc|s (19.82m.), GSB 9.51 Mc|s (31.55m.).

(TIME: P.M.)

7-30 Big Ben. 'Empire Magazine' No. 17. 8-1 The Coventry Hippodrome Orchestra. 8-30 Troise and his Mandoliers. 8-55 Introduction to: 9-0 Act II of Puccini's Opera. 9-45 Variety. 10-0 The News and Announcements. 10-20 Cradle Songs.

Bombay Programmes

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

11-30 a.m. Light Classical Music. By Sumatibai Wadkar. With Sarangi Harmonium and Tabla. 12-30 p.m. Music from Filmland. (From the Wellington Cinema). (By kind permission of the Management). 1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates. Jules Craen and his Quintette. (Relayed from the Taj Mahal Hotel). 4-30 p.m. Gazals and Quwalis. By Abdul Hamid Mulla. 5-0 p.m. Talk (Marathi): "Gruha Shastra." By Sitabai Annigeri. 5-15 p.m. Clarionet Solo. By Sheikh Mohomed. 5-30 p.m. Music from Filmland. (From the Regal Cinema). (By kind permission of the Management). 6-30 p.m. Gujerati Songs. By Himatlal Purshottam. 7-15 p.m. Talk (Gujerathi): "Palak-Shala-Ane Balako'.' By S. U. Sukla. 7-30 p.m. Light Classical Music. By Saraswatibai Fatarpekar. With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla. 8-30 p.m. Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 p.m. More Music. By Saraswatibai Fatarpekar. 9-30 p.m. Talk (English): "Sports." By Frank Tarrant. 9-45 p.m. The News. 10-0 On with the Dance. By Al Velez and his Band. In hot rythm dance tunes. 11-0 p.m. Close down.

Calcutta Programmes

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s.
49.10 metres, 6,109 kc/s.

12-36 p.m. SB A "Regal Programme." By T. E. Bevan & Co. Ltd. 1-30 p.m. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft Talk.
"Women in Ancient India" No. 2. Women in the Sphere of Education and Culture, by Miss Priti Gupta. 1-51 Bhajan by Gouri Kedar Bhattacharya. 2-11 Recitation with background music by Shanta Roy and Sheila Halder. 2-21 Seetar solo by Brojeshwar Goswami. 2-36 Talk "Women as Wage-Earners" No. 4. Women Labour in Tea and Coffee Estates, by Bella Halder. 2-51 Modern Bengali song, by Hemendra Nath Basu Roy. 5-6 A Broadcast for rural areas. 5-36 Instrumental music Sarode solo (Tilang) by Rajendra Narayan Sen Gupta. 5-56 Folk song by Gopal Chandra Sengupta. 6-16 Tagore song by Binapany. 6-36 Humorous sketch by Binoy Chatterjee. 6-46 Modern Bengali song by Dhiren Adhikary. 6-56 Kheyal Soha Kanada by Bhishmadev Chatterjee. 7-21 "Broja Leela" A lyric set in music, written by Hashirashi Devi, produced by Benode Ganguly, supported by the Betar Orchestra. Artists: Radharany, Usharany and Jatadhar Pyne. 8-6 Talk "India in in Relation to World Airways" by Aviator Biren Roy. 8-21 SB Thungri by Kumar Sachin Deb Burman. 8-41 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (in Bengali). 8-46 SB The News and Announcements. 9-1 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (in English). 9-6 The News and Announcements. 9-21 SB Bengal Tennis Championship Finals description by Bertie Meyer. 9-45 SB The Military Band of 2nd Battn., The King's Own Scottish Borderers. 11 SB Regimental Marches, National Anthem.

Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres, 822 kc/s.

8-0 a.m. Indian Music (Recorded). 9-0 a.m. Talk (Hindustani): "Minding the Mind." No. 15, Child Psychology. By Prof. Habibur Rahman. 9-15 a.m. AIR Orchestra. Sarparda. 9-25 a.m. Afzal Hussain. "Ram Ram tu kar le man men." Khayal Todi Miankha. "Kuchh to ho lekin hasul-i-mudar kuchh bha nahin Ham ne sab kuchh kaih liya usne suna kuchh bhi nahin." (Bekhud). "Na surat kahin shadmani ki dekhi. Bahut sair duniya-i-fani ki dekhi." (Haspal) 9-55 a.m. Niaz Bai of Patiala. "Bahut sahi tori gari." Thumri Bhairvin. "Tujhe kia bataun ae razdan rahe raz pardah-i-raz men Zara dast-i-naz ki chher dekh abhi soz aega saz men." 10-15 a.m. Jonpuri On Dilruba. 10-20 a.m. Wilayat Khan of Delhi. "Meri ankh band thi jab talak woh nazar men noor-i-jamal tha Khuli ankh to na khabar rahi keh woh khab tha ya khayal tha." (Zafar.) 12-30 p.m. AIR Orchestra C. Madh Mad Sarang. 12-40 p.m. Niaz Bai of Patiala. "Ain sab mil mori bagiya men". Khayal Megh. "Khat likh ke mahbub wal paun akhiya." Punjabi Geet. 1-0 p.m. Wilayat Khan. "Nala juz husn-i-talab ae sitam ijad nahin Hai tagaza-i-jafa shikwa-bedad nahin." Ghalib). "Kiska bataundil-i-betab men kia rakha hai Khun hai meri tamanna ka bhara rakha hai." 1-20 p.m. Afzal Husain. "Hua nasib na didar ek bar mujhe Tamam omraha uska intizar mujhe." (Bekhud.) 1-30 p.m. "By Request". (A Recorded Programme.) 5-0 p.m. 1st News and Weather Report (English.) 5-10 p.m. 1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 5-20 p.m. AIR Orchestra B. Purbi. 5-30 p.m. Afzal Husain. "Eri e main kaise ghar jaun." Thumri Bagheswari. 5-40 p.m. Walayat Khan. "Ya Nabi dekhiye kia halat-i-saudai-hai. Tera diwana hai aur khala tamashaihai." "Tujhi ko jo yan jalwa farma na dekha Barabar hai dunya ko dekha nadekha." (Mir Dard). 6-0 p.m. Kamod On Sitar. 6-10 p.m. Afzal Husain. "Rab garig ko kartar." Khayal Darbari. "Chup hain kiun ap mira gham se jo dilgir nahin Ab na kahiega tiri ah men taseer nahin" (Hasrat.) 6-30 p.m. Jai Jai Vanti On Sarangi. 6-40 p.m. Wilayat Khan. "Siah kar the basafa ho gae ham Tire ishq men kia se kia ho gae ham." (Hasrat.) "Ada uskikia hi sitam dha gai Qaza ke gale mujh ko milwa gai." (Amir Minai.) 7-0 p.m. "For Villagers Only" (Delhi Market Rates at 7-30 p.m.). 8-0 p.m. Debate (Hindustani): "Should they be Scrapped?" No. 4. The Tongas. Yes by Dr. Indra Sen. No. Dr. Umrao Bahadur. 8-15. p.m. A Chorus from "The Silver King." "Bhatti men jhonko gham ko." By AIR Singers. 8-25 p.m. Afzal Husain. "Mohe chhaila gagariya bhar lene de." Dadra. 8-35 p.m. Wilayat Khan. "Tum ab ae ho dil thahar bhi gaya. Marne wala tumhara mar bhi gaya." (Safi.) 8-45 p.m. Niaz Bai of Patiala. "Surjanwa more ghar ae." Khayal Shankdra. "Brij Mohan ki chhab dekho." Thumri Khammaj. "Idhar phir bhi ana udhar jane wale Mire dil ko betab kar jane wale." 9-15 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-20 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 p.m. Talk (English): "Adventures of a dull life." By Oliver Stebbings. 10-0 p.m. Play (Hindustani): "Insaf." By Nasrat A. Mansuri. Performed by AIR Artists. 10-20 p.m. Indian Recorded Music. 10-35 p.m. Indian (Hindustani): "Khan Saheb-ne-Makan Banaya." By Sahibzada Sajid Ali Khan. Performed by AIR Artists.

Phohi Programme

(WAVELENGTH 25.57m.)

19-00 National anthem—Opening announcement. 19-05 Music. 19-10 The latest news from Holland. 19-20 Barrel-organ. 19-30 "From week to week" talk by Mr. L. Altrino. 19-50 "From mail to mail in Holland." 20-10 A running commentary of the opening celebration of the Moerdijkbrug by H. M. the Queen of Holland. 21-00 Close down—national anthem.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

Johnstone, Mrs| W. A. Bell and Phyllis de Lima.

THE WINNERS.

Bobb regained the men's singles title defeating Charanjiva in the final (6—2, 4—6, 8—6). The Cambridge Blue was really unlucky in having victory snatched away from him when he was within a match point, leading 5—3 and 40—15 in the final set.

In the absence of the old combination of A. M. D. Pitt and A. G. Gupte, the holders, the Doubles title went to Tew and Mytton (4—6, 6—3, 6—3). Gupte, however, managed to secure the runners-up position in company with M. D. Dhir. Neither Charanjiva nor Bobb with their new partners in Hopkins and Ranbir Singh respectively could vanquish the finalist pairs.

The women's singles was an easy walk-over for Mrs: G. Johnstone in the absence of Miss Row and Miss R. L. Portlock. Phyllis de Lima had her ambition fulfilled by reaching the final stage. Mrs. Johnstone disposed of her in straight sets (6—1, 6—0).

The Mixed Doubles saw Mrs. Bell and Mytton in the champions role. Mrs. Johnstone and O. Sutton who met them in the ultimate round were dismissed at the expense of seven games in all (6—4, 6—3).

From the appreciable fall in the number of entries especially in the women's events, it is clear that the time for the tournament is not yet opportune. The Y.M.C.A. will, therefore, be better advised to stage it a little later next year.

HINDU GYM. v. VELKAR'S XI

To Play To-day And To-morrow

HINDU GYM.
Godambe (Capt.)
Merchant.
Hindlekar.
Bhagwandas.
B. R. Patel.
P. R. Dalvi.
R. R. Wadkar.
S. Banerjee.
S. N. Mehta.
P. J. Churi.
D. M. Bhise.

VELKAR'S XI
P. Vithal (Capt.)
Patil.
Richards.
Mahale.
Prithviraj Lal.
K. M. Divekar.
K. H. Jobunputra.
M. C. Hunsotee.
C. M. Rane.
H. S. Lynn.
Mushtaq Ali.

Mr. ANDREWS' IMPRESSIONS

"Colour Prejudice Fast Disappearing"

"Several Australian leaders and politicians I met," Mr. Andrews said, "explained to me that the "White Australia" policy was not in the least racial, but only economic. They had no dislike of the Eastern people, but they had only a great fear lest they should compete with them in the labour market and thus reduce the standard wage of Australia."

"Do you know," he asked, "that Freemantle in West Australia is exactly in the same longitude as Singapore?"

There were other facts, he added, which were coming to shape things in a more friendly way between the two countries. The very first port which a ship coming from Australia touches is Colombo and the second port would be Bombay. Moreover in his opinion the world war itself drove Australia to consider more carefully her position as a part of the East.

Mr. Andrews further said that he was able to meet members of the Australian Commonwealth cabinet who were favourably disposed towards the idea of inviting students from India. He had met all the Vice-Chancellors of the different universities and they were equally favourable to the proposal.

Australians are also feeling, he added that India is an important link in the great air route. Colour prejudice there is fast disappearing and those Indians who had gained their domicile in Australia indeed enjoyed full citizenship rights and were treated in quite a different manner from those in South Africa.

Mr. Andrews will be leaving for London to-day (Saturday) by the mail boat.

Mr. Jinnah To Nominate Two Candidates For Council Election

BOMBAY, Dec. 10.

At a meeting of the Parliamentary Board (Bombay) of the All-India Muslim League held at Islam Club on Sunday last a resolution was passed referring the appeals of (1) Khan Sahib Ismail Gandhi vs. K. S. Faiz Mahomed Khan, (2) Mr. Mahomed Amin Wazir Mahomed Tambe vs. Haji Ebrahim Jitekar, and (3) Khan Sahib Abdul Rahim Hakim vs. Moulvi Abdul Razak, to the final decision of a Sub-Committee consisting of the following members of the Parliamentary Board:—1. Mr. Osman Sobani, 2. Mr. Mahomed Ali Chalwala and 3. Mr. Mirza Rashid Ali Baig.

DECISIONS

The members of the Sub-Committee having met together and discussed among themselves have come to the following decisions:—1. The adoption of K. S. Faiz Mahomed Khan for Kaira District (Muslim Constituency) for the Legislative Assembly should be confirmed; 2. The adoption of Haji Ebrahim Jitekar for the Southern Division for the Legislative Council should be confirmed and 3. The third appeal having been withdrawn, no decision is necessary.

MR. JINNAH'S STATEMENT

Mr. M. A. Jinnah has issued the following statement:—

"In view of this decision and Mr. Abdul Razak Moulvis withdrawal I wish to announce that there are two vacancies to be filled by me under the emergency powers given to me by the Board, viz., (1) West Khandesh District and (2) Nasik District (Central Division); and I, therefore, invite fresh applications in accordance with the rules. No application received by me after the 14th December will be considered as there is very little time for the nomination date."

World Of Sport: Home And Abroad

Problem Of Quadrangular Captaincy

(By "LOOKER-ON.")

In my last article on Wednesday I put forth the reasons why Wazir Ali should be elected Captain of the Mahomedans in preference to the Nawab of Pataudi and why Deodhar should stand down in favour of L. P. Jai for the Hindu captaincy in the ensuing Quadrangular Cricket Tournament. Now the question arises as to who should skipper the Parsis. For the past two years Homi Vajifdar has led them but without success. It is true that with the materials at his disposal it was impossible for him to conquer the opposing sides. And it is very unlikely that the Parsis would succeed in disposing of the Europeans—strongly fortified as the latter would be by the inclusion of Larwood, Scaife and Co.—whoever their captain may be.

VAJIFDAR OR KALAPESI?

A change in their leadership is, therefore, called for—to create confidence among the members of the team, at any rate. A captain who has failed twice in succession does not inspire the same amount of confidence as a new leader who has shown some ability in skippership in representative cricket. B. K. Kalapesi is by no means the ideal choice. But he is said to possess a large fund of tact and clear judgment which are sure to stand him in good stead when leading the side through a difficult ordeal.

There does not appear to be any body else among their probables who may be entrusted with this heavy and responsible task. The chances of Homi Contractor have been discounted altogether owing to the increased weightage in his abdominal region. Weak fielder as he has always been, he is now almost useless.

SKIPPER FOR EUROPEANS.

I believe T. C. Longfield who led the Europeans with marked ability last year, will be called upon to shoulder the responsibility again this season. The claims of R. G. Hopkins, who has been showing conspicuous form of late among the Bombay Gymkhana players, are being advanced vigorously by his friends, I understand. I am afraid, the Rugger Captain will have to give way to the more experienced cricketer, Longfield. I have no doubt, however, that Hopkins will have his turn ere long. It seems A. L. Hosie is out of the picture now, as he will find it hard to fulfil the engagement.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY'S SUCCESS.

The Bombay University Cricket Team had a rather gruelling time of it in fighting their way to victory at the expense of the Mysore University in the Rohinton Baria Cup Tournament. The match had a very exciting finish, Bombay winning the verdict by the narrow margin of one wicket. Y. S. Ramaswamy, the googly bowler of Mysore, who figured in the Bombay Quadrangular last year, proved so devastating that the Bombay batsmen succumbed to his elusive deliveries almost in an impotent manner. Against the collection of 203 runs by Mysore in their first venture Bombay could compile only 117. Nageshkar's 26 was the highest individual contribution in their ranks, while Ramaswamy bagged six of their wickets.

RAMASWAMY'S GREAT PERFORMANCE.

When things looked rather black for Bombay, Patwardhan and Rangnekar turned the tables on their hosts and skittled them out for a paltry 68. The latter captured six wickets for how many runs I cannot say in the absence of the bowling analysis. Bombay's fielding must have been pretty smart as they had two Mysore batsmen run-out in each innings.

This gave Bombay the opportunity of getting the better of their opponents. But their batsmen were in extreme difficulties against the superb bowling of Ramaswamy Five of them were dismissed for 82 runs. It was then a race between the googly bowler and the remaining batsmen. Luckily, the tail wagged sufficiently to carry Bombay through with one wicket in hand. Ramaswamy covered himself with glory by knocking down as many as twelve wickets in the match—a feat which deserves all praise from supporters and opponents alike. Bombay batsmen will have to put up a better show if they hope to beat Madras in the next round.

Y.M.C.A. TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

When the air is surcharged with the speculations on the Quadrangular, it looks almost futile to talk of tennis, or any other game for the matter of that, in Bombay. As a matter of fact, however, a tennis tournament has actually been completed, the conductors being the Y.M.C.A. Central Branch. Considering its early appearance, the tournament attracted fairly good entries, particularly in the men's events. E. V. Bobb, J. Charanjiva, A. G. Gupte, J. E. Tew, G. L. Mytton, M. D. Dhir and F. F. Vakharia were the chief performers in the tournament. Among the ladies Leela Row was a notable absentee. It seems she wants to concentrate her attention on the major tournaments only. Her mother, Mrs. K. Row, however, took part in it along with Mrs. G.

(Continued in Col. 3.)

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Leading Feautres of Sunday, 13th December, 1936.

REGULAR FEATURES

1. Cinema Page.
2. Art Page.
3. Science Page.
4. Literary Page.
5. Women's Page.
6. Children's Page.
7. Sports Page.
8. Health Page.
9. Commercial Intelligence
10. Latest Telegrams.
11. Comic Tit-Bits.
12. Puzzles Page.

SPECIAL FEATURES

1. Portrait Of A Madras Liberal.
2. A Pilgrimage To Elephanta.
3. So this is New York!
4. Miracles Of Hypnotism.
5. The Man Who Could Not Escape.
6. The Story Of The Irish Empire.
7. "The Mark Of The Purple Horse-Shoe" (A Short Story.)

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City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Kartik Vad 14, 1993
Muslim: Ramzan 27, 1355
Parsi: Tir 8, 1303
Hightide 10-38; 23-59
Lowtide: 5-15; 16-50
Sunrise: 7h. 2m.
Sunset: 6h. 3m.
Jumble Sale at the Y W. C. A., Mayo Road, 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.
S. S. 'Naldera' with English mails sails at 1 p.m.
Bombay Races: X'mas Meeting, Second Day.

Wednesday, December 16.

Ramzan-Id: Public holiday.
Banks closed.

B.P.C.C. MEETING

An urgent meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held to-day (Saturday), at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House

BOMBAY TENANTS ASSOCIATION

The meeting of the Managing Board of the Association will be held in the "D" Ward office on Saturday the 12th instant at 4-30 p.m.

SHARDA PITH SANKARACHARYA JAGADGURU

His Holiness Sankaracharya Sharda Pith Rajrajeshvaram Maharaj will be received by Navnat in the Bhuleshvar Mandir to-morrow (Sunday), the 13th instant.

MR. M. C. CHHA

Mr. M. C. Chha is seeking election to the Bombay Legislative Assembly (Lower House) from the Indian Merchants' Chamber Constituency.

BAND AT MAZAGON

The Ex. Service Band (I.A.) will play a programme of music at the Joseph Baptista's Garden, Mazagon today (Saturday), commencing from 5-45 p.m. (S.T.)

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC.

The public weekly concert of the school of Indian music will be held to-day (Saturday), in the school hall at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.)

CONCERT AT VILE PARLE

A variety concert of Indian music will be held at Vile Parle. The students in Shrikrishna Sangit Vidyalaya of Prof. Tendulker are going to perform a variety programme of Indian music at 9 p.m. today (Saturday) in the Tilak Mandir.

CONCERT AT MATUNGA

There will be musical entertainment by Master V. Krishnan of Ramnad (vocal), Mr. Krishnaswamy of Trivandrum (violin), Mr. V. Eswaran of Madras (mridangam) and Mr. Ramamurthy of Madras (ghatam), at 4-15 p.m. on Sunday, December 13, at the Asthika Samaj Hall, Matunga, G.I.P.

LECTURE ON UNTOUCHABILITY

Under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency Social Reform Association Mr. Anant Hari Gadre, Editor "Nirbhid" will deliver a lecture on "The Removal of Untouchability" in the Prarthana Mandir to-day (Saturday), at 6 p.m. (S.T.) Rao Bahadur D. G. Padhye, M.A., J.P., will preside.

MALARIA PARASITE FOUND

At the following places in Bombay City Anopheles stephensi, the Malaria carrying mosquito, was detected breeding during the week ending 5th instant

Panchayat Wady, No. 45, (Cistern No. 6).

Lamington Road, Nos. 192-206. (Masonry cistern).

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"The Tenth Man" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 4 p.m.
REGAL—"Girls' Dormitary" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Manzil" Daily at 2-45, 5-15, and 8 p.m.
Morning show at 10-30 a.m.
CAPITOL—"High Tension" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Janma Bhoomi" Daily at 2-50, 5-15 and 8 p.m.
PATHE—"Swing Time" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"Chhaya" Daily at 5-15 and 8 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Amar Jyoti" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
THE EMPIRE—"The Crime of Dr. Forbes" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Devdas" Daily at 5-15 and 8 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—The "Awakening" Daily at 5-15 and 8 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Manmohan" Daily at 2-45, 5-15 and 8 p.m.
PLAZA—"Little Colonel" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15 and 8 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
MAJETIC—"Call of the Soul" Daily at 5-15 and 8 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

NAVAL SHIPS OPEN TO VISITORS

The undermentioned Royal Naval Ships will be open to visitors on the dates and times noted against each:—
H.M.S. "Emerald"—Saturday 12th inst.) from 4 to 6 p.m.
H.M.S. "Norfolk"—Sunday (13th inst.) from 4 to 6 p.m.

MR. CHHAGLA'S LECTURE

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Conference Committee a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. at the Blavatsky Hall, when Mr. M. C. Chhagla, will speak on "Students and Communal Problem". Sir Chimanlal Setalwad will preside.

"DIET"

Under the auspices of the South Indian Association, there will be a lecture on "Diet" by Mr. C.R.S. Rajan to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. when Mr. K. S. Suryanarayanan will preside. All are cordially invited.

ID PRAYERS

The Hon. Secretary, the Anjumane Tablighul Islam, Bombay, writes:—

Idd congregational prayers will be offered at Esplanade Maidan at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) on 16th inst. Loud speakers and mandap for guests and visitors will installed as usual and other elaborate arrangements will be made under the supervision of the members of the Anjumane Tablighul Islam, Bombay.

AIR MAIL NOTICE

As the Imperial Airways East Bound plane due to arrive at Karachi on Thursday the 10th instant has been delayed for 24 hours, the London—India air mails which were due to be received in Bombay on the 11th instant will be received here and issued for delivery by the Bombay General Post Office at 15-30 hours on the 12th December 1936 in the ordinary course.

The latest hours of posting air mail correspondence for Hyderabad (Deccan) and Madras at the Bombay General Post Office will be as shown below:—
Ordinary correspondence 11-30 hours on 12th December.
Registered correspondence 11-00 hours on 12th December.

"PROBLEM BEFORE US"

Socialist Leaders To Address Meeting To-day

Under the auspices of the Thana Dist. Parliamentary Board, a public meeting will be held at Vegetable Market to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.). The subject of the meeting is "The Problem Before Us". Messrs. M. R. Masani and Jayaprakash Narayan will address the meeting.

LECTURE ON PURANAS

At the Matunga Arya Samaj Mandir Pandit Badrikuttji will deliver a public lecture on "Criticism of Puranas" today (Saturday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.).

'C' WARD

The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of 'C' Ward will meet near Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade Station today (Saturday) at 7 a.m. (B.T.) to go round the ward. Residents of the Ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time.

NEW ERA SCHOOL SPORTS

The annual sports of the New Era school will be held to-day (Saturday) at the Gowalia Tank Maidan from 4 p.m.

KARNATAK SANGH

The adjourned half yearly general meeting of the Sangh will be held tomorrow (Sunday) the 13th instant at 4-30 p.m. in the hall of the Sangh at 8, Dwarkadas Mansions, Benam Hall Lane, Girgaum, Bombay.

RUNNING RACES

The Annual Running Races conducted under the auspices of the Goa Hindu Association will take place tomorrow the 13th December at 7 a.m. (S.T.) at Oval Maidan, near Cooperage Bandstand. All members are requested to attend.

SOAP MANUFACTURE

Under the auspices of the Technological Association, University of Bombay, Bombay Dr. N. N. Godbole of the Benares Hindu University will deliver a lecture on "Some problems of Soap Manufacture in India" to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m. in the lecture-room of the Department of Chemical Technology, University of Bombay, Bombay. You are cordially invited.

BOHRA YOUTH'S VISIT TO ENGLAND

BOMBAY, Friday.

A fairwell party, on the departure of Mr. Zakiuddin F. Bootwalla, was arranged under the auspices of Bohra Students Union, on Thursday at Bohra Youth League Hall when Mr. Hasanbhai Khambatti presided.

Mr. Asgar S. T. Noorani the Hon. Secretary of the Union introduced Mr. Bootwalla and wished him every success in his career in England in the studies for the Bar and I.C.S. examinations. He passed his B.A. examination (Hon. in Second Class) from St. Xavier's College, which appointed him a Fellow. He is the Treasurer of the Union and an active member of the St. Xavier's College History and Economics Seminary.

Mr. Ishaquebhai Shaikh Fazlealli, Mr. Mohsinbhoy Khambatty, Mr. Adamalli Dehdanwalla, Mr. Taherbhai Khambatty and Mr. T. A. Roowalla wished success to Mr. Bootwala in his career.

The President also wished him every success during his studies in the Bar and I.C.S. In reply, Mr. Z. Bootwalla thanked the Union and the gathering and prayed that Almighty may bestow success on him.

Mr. Bootwala is leaving for England by to-morrow's (Saturday's) mail boat.

THE EXCELSIOR
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW
At 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
The new Star sensation
JOHN LODGE
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A stirring drama of the adventures of an over-ambitious financial midas.

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IN AND AROUND BOMBAY

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Congress Election Propaganda

The Congress Election propaganda work was started in the City a few days ago. It has not yet gathered momentum. It will very soon. The people of Bombay are so well aware of the things that are happening regarding the forthcoming elections and the Congress decision to capture all the seats that it may be thought that it is not necessary to carry on any propaganda on a large scale. Such a reading of the situation would have been correct, if it had been made before the trouble in the City started. But since the trouble started, interested parties have been busy and the deeply-buried communal interests have been kindled. It will take some time for the Congress to undo the mischief and it is very essential that propaganda on a very large scale should be carried on. It should not be forgotten that the intensity of the propaganda in the City will have its reactions and results all over the country as the intensity of the movement during 1930-32 in Bombay had its influence all over the country. The Congress nominations have to be filed on Friday next and Bombay can be sure that it will be proud of leading the whole country, in the first-rate election propaganda that is being arranged by the Indian National Congress. The Congress Election Propanganda is not merely election propaganda but a regular education for the people about the conditions under which the people of India live and the humiliations that they have to put up with in their own motherland.

Fiji Indians

It is understood that Mr. C. F. Andrews has prepared a detailed report on the condition of Indians in Fiji and he has submitted that report to the Congress Working Committee for its consideration. The Working Committee could not consider the report at its meeting held in Bombay during the last three days, owing to pressure on the time of the members. It is considered likely that the report may be discussed at the next meeting of the Working Committee. For sometime past, Indians in Fiji have been deeply concerned over the withdrawal of certain rights enjoyed by them as domiciles in that island. Similar has been the fate of other Indian overseas and in some form or other they are subjected to discrimination, simply because of the colour of the skin.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

The population of Suburbs is increasing very fast, and with it buildings are springing up nearly every day, and there is every fear that the Suburbs will soon develop slums.

In Bandra the population is on the increase on a very large average. This area once had only a few small fishing villages but now it is over-crowded. And buildings are still springing crowding the place and stopping the ventilation of each other.

Bazar, Chapel Road and D'Monte Street are already overcrowded and Chimbai which has a beautiful broad shore would have been an ideal place for evening walks, but this is kept in a very filthy condition by the small fishing village. The fisher people, writes a correspondent are a regular nuisance to the surroundings. Although the municipality has given them a large plot of vacant land for the purpose of drying fish, these people make use of the public roads and the vacant lands near residential quarters for drying fish. My correspondent finally adds: "Has the Bandra Municipality forgotten the terrors of the last plague? How many lives did it take away? Will the Municipality take good care of this area only after another plague breaks out?"

The condition of Chimbai in the Bandra Sector is deplorable and it is high time the Municipality gave this place their attention.

DEBATE AT BANDRA GYMKHANA.

A debate I am told, is to take place in the Pavilion of the Bandra Gymkhana on Wednesday, December 16.

In this debate the Bandra Gymkhana is to meet the Catholic Students' Union and the subject is "That in the interest of peace, women should take over the reins of government?"

This subject I am sure will offer a very good scope for debating and ought to be very interesting.

The motion is to be proposed by the Bandra Gymkhana and will be opposed by the Catholic students.

CHILDREN'S MEETING.

On Sunday at the Luxmi Nagar Hall, 10th Road, Khar, a Children's meeting is to be held from 8 a.m. to 9-30 a.m.

At this meeting Mr. Prabhu Lal is to relate stories and Mrs. Harshada Diwanji and Mrs. S. H. Jhabwalla are to conduct games. Music on this occasion is to be provided by Mrs. Dhan Lakshmi. This affair promises to be quite a treat to the children.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1936

SUPPORT THE CONGRESS

The Congress Working Committee could not ignore the growing interference by various Provincial Governments with the election propaganda of the Congress. It has drafted, for submission to the Faizpur session of the Congress, a strong resolution protesting against such interference. That resolution exposes the glaring contrast between the professions by the highest officials of strict neutrality on their part in the matter of elections and the actual interference in election propaganda in various places by local officials against the Congress. The Court of Wards circular of the U. P. Government is but one of the glaring instances of such interference, and a subtler form of the anti-Congress campaign is the studied refusal to remove disqualifications of several intending Congress candidates arising out of convictions for political offences. Unwarranted restrictions on Congress processions and meetings, on the movements of Congress leaders, and even on the hoisting of the national flag are getting very common. The interference is most aggressive where the Congress campaign is most unwelcome, as for instance, in the Frontier Province.

The Main Issue

While it is necessary to protest strongly at such acts of interference amounting to a systematic anti-Congress campaign, Congressmen should not be content with merely recording a protest. As the Working Committee's resolution suggests, the hostile attitude of the Government should serve "to stimulate the people to vigorous activity in support of the Congress candidates, so that the victory of the Congress may be fully assured in spite of all these handicaps." That hostility is in some respects a tribute to the influence of the Congress; it is inspired by the fear of Congress triumph. It is upto Congressmen to show that the triumph is in any case inevitable and that it will only be made more complete by official interference. As Pandit Jawaharlal and Sardar Vallabhbhi pointed out at the election meeting in Bombay on Thursday, the main issue before the next elections is not one of petty administrative gains, it is nothing less than the winning of complete independence through an arduous struggle both in the legislatures and outside them. The Congress is the only body in the country that has carried on such a struggle and is capable of carrying it on, whatever the cost, till the goal is reached. It is the sacred duty of the people, therefore, to support the Congress wholeheartedly at the elections. Indeed it is in their own interests to do so.

Misrepresentation

It should be remembered in this connection that Government are not the only body that is opposing the Congress. Their traditional supporters, the Liberals, are doing the same. At their election meetings many of them have little or nothing to say about their own party programme. They only rail at the Congress and grossly misrepresent its programme. Even at a meeting held under the auspices of a body like the Muslim Students' Union Sir Chimanlal Setalvad indulged in rank misrepresentation of the Congress policy. It was, for instance, unpardonable misrepresentation to say that the moment the Congress achieved its aims, it would have the Soviet system in this country. However, the people know the Congress better. As Pandit Jawaharlal said at the public meeting on Thursday, the people recognise in it "the symbol of the sufferings and sacrifices of Indians in their fight for national freedom." And all those who place national freedom before the petty interests of their party or class will continue to be loyal to the Congress through thick and thin.

Prestige Of Empire

Kings come and go whether on account of death, or because of Imperial prestige. But their coming and going does not affect India because the problem of India 'vis a vis' Imperial Britain remains unchanged by any change in kingship. India, however, deeply sympathises with the tragic hero of the human drama on which the curtain was rung in London the other day. And India admires the honesty and courage with which ex-King Edward has behaved during the last few weeks. He is reported to have said in one of his conversations with Mr. Baldwin that if he, the ex-King, went he would go with dignity. That he has proved. His message to Parliament compares very favourably with Mr. Baldwin's speech. The one is remarkable for its human simplicity and dignity the other is obviously apologetic, however much Mr. Baldwin tried to invest himself with sentimentalism.

But one development in this connection is most significant. It is the attitude of the Press of Imperial Britain and its Anglo-Indian echoes. The ink was not yet dry on the Instrument of Abdication, in fact Edward was still King, yet without even waiting for the Succession Act, these papers, whose unfailing privilege it was to praise Edward VIII in season and out of season as if he was a god and have now turned, are seeking to rend him with an indecent heartlessness which will surprise even the worst of cynics. The man who till yesterday was the most popular and attractive gentleman is accused to-day of having preferred the society of exotic pleasure-seekers, the man who was always hailed as one of the wisest and most tactful of Imperial statesmen in Great Britain is to-day insinuated to be a fool and the reverse of a patriot, the man who used to be the pride of these fulsome power-worshippers as a man of courage and endurance and energy whether in peace or war, whether in "Home" or Imperial or Foreign affairs, is supposed to be a man who "lacked fibre" and "the ability to stay the course." He was greeted and made much of as a unique, very unique, embodiment of every imaginable quality of kingship. To-day 'something essential for the role of kingship was fatally lacking in the character of King Edward"! But this is only the beginning of base ingratitude. We shall not be surprised in the least if Edward Windsor is pursued with propagandist vendetta in the Imperial interest until he has been obliterated from the minds of the people. The prestige of "the Empire" of Imperial Britain has to be safeguarded even though it may involve hypocrisy, ingratitude and deliberate misrepresentation of religion and morality.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

Gleanings From The World Press

(By Our London Correspondent).

Efforts to cope with English peerage relationships frequently reduce French newspapers to a state of supreme confusion. The latest victim is Mr. Patrick Balfour, who is a journalist at present travelling in Africa.

His arrival at Brazzaville, Middle Congo, was good for nearly a column in "La France Equatoriale" which, "had particular pleasure in saluting the presence there of "Lord Balfour, editor of the....., kinsman of the great British statesman, and like him, passionate friend of France".

Mr. Balfour is actually the son of Lord Kinross, and writes for rather than edits the newspaper mentioned. This is not the first time that he has been mistaken for a member of the other Balfour family.

When in Arabia last year he found the Arabs cold in their demeanour. "You are the man who gave Palestine away to the Jews", they reminded him with chilly candour. In vain he repudiated the Declaration. Finally, to establish some sort of alibi, he announced through an interpreter that he was the son of Lord Balfour, had broken with his father irrevocably, and been cut off with a shilling because of his outspoken articles championing the cause of Arab liberty. That worked well, and from them on Mr. Balfour was accorded honours almost as high as those heaped on him now by the Congo newspaper

Nazi Dictatorship At Work.

Berlin's undergoing a new form of totalitarianism.

Householders are receiving questionaires from Nazi Party agents asking how they live, whom they see, what grievances they have, no children or too few children, and what newspapers they read.

The questionnaires are the initial step to stricter control of householders by the Nazi Party. In future groups of fifty house-holds will be handed over to the benevolent vigilance of special Nazi agents.

The householder's choice of "free" newspapers is to be further restricted. The "Berliner Tageblatt" and the "Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung" are to be merged into one newspaper. The editor, Paul Scheffer and Karl Silex, both of whom lived in London for several years, and were well-known there, will probably go abroad as foreign correspondents. This enforced amalgamation will leave the "Frankfurter Zeitung" as the one "free" bourgeois newspaper in Germany. It enjoys the special favour of the German Foreign Office, which insists that at least one newspaper of standing should appear to be independent.

Perfect Time-Keeper.

A new clock, with an error of one second in 100,000 years, is only the latest stage in unending search for perfect time-keeper.

The importance of exact time always been great for the astronomer and for the mariner (determines his longitude). The importance for the ordinary man has been very small until quite recent time (e.g. Bristol ten minutes behind Greenwich) until coming of the railway. Wireless time signals have immensely increased accuracy of private time-keeping.

The earliest clock (i.e. mechanical time-keeper) was made by Gerbert, of Magdeburg, Benedictine monk, who afterwards became Pope Sylvester II., in 996, but it had no face. It merely struck bell at regular intervals. The portable clocks (watches) date from the invention of the spring movement in the 1400's.

Italy and France.

France's uneasiness at the estrangement between her and her "Latin sister" will not be lessened by "Hullo, London! Hullo, Berlin" which has just been published in Paris.

Its author, M. Eugene Guiscard, for 20 years Rome representative of the semi-official French news agency Havas, writes with an inside knowledge of his country's diplomacy in Rome. He shows that France has failed three times to conclude a lasting understanding with Italy. Delay caused the first two failures.

In 1921 Giolitti was ready to come to an agreement without bargaining or conditions. While the French Government hesitated Giolitti was swept from power by the March on Rome. On the second occasion the fall of the French Government was responsible. In January, 1934, an agreement was in sight and M. Daladier had arranged to visit Rome. The riots of February 6 caused M. Daladier's resignation.

A year later M. Laval succeeded in tying the knot prepared by the French Foreign Office, only for it to be untied by the Abyssinia cri-

(Continued on page 9 Col. 7)

Princes And Federation

Are They Being Coerced?

By FAIR PLAY
I.

The proceedings of the meetings of Princes and Ministers of Indian States held in Bombay during the last week of October have been extensively published in India. A general impression has gone round that the Princes and their advisers are out to make one more effort to get out of Federation. Speeches made by their Highnesses of Dewas (Junior) and Panna gave colour to these impressions.

There is no secret that the Princes are forced into Federation without their willingness. To say that Princes can enter into Federation by their own free will may look constitutionally correct, but it is not true. Let us see how the different Federations of the world have been established. When the States of America formed a Federal Union there was no ruling Prince or Chief in any of the States that formed the Union. Similarly, none of the States or units of Canada, Australia, or Switzerland had a ruling Prince when they formed Federal Unions. No doubt, in these countries the States were autonomous and sovereign entities, but the powers were distributed amongst the people and were not concentrated in a single person. Moreover, in most of the Federal Constitutions of the world, Federation was not only desirable but necessary.

German Precedent

Germany alone furnishes an instance where Federation was brought about by States having ruling Princes or Chiefs as the governing heads. When Germany was hammered into a Federal Constitution, Federation was, as is the case in India to-day, not necessary but desirable. In these circumstances Federation was brought about by the iron hand of Prince Bismark; and once the Federation was established, its disintegration was prevented by the same iron policy of its author and after the death of its author by Wilhelm Kaiser who was no less strong than his minister. Even in Germany the constitution was an union of States most important of which had a ruling Prince.

Results Of Federation

In India admittedly our units are most disparate on one side are the Provinces of British India pledged to the goal of independence and on the other side are the States anxious to maintain their autocratic systems of government. Federation means, if at all it means anything, that the federating units part with their powers and jurisdiction over defined subjects in favour of the Central Government, which they by their mutual consent create. when these powers are to be transferred by democratically constituted units, appeal to higher sentiments may succeed in securing the necessary powers for the Centre. But when these powers and authority are to be taken from individuals habituated to exercise them in an autocratic manner, coercion could be the only process by which the required powers could be had. That coercion may be expressed as was the case in Germany or it may subtle and suppressed as is the case in India with respect to State Units. It is difficult for a sensible man to believe that Princes are coming willingly into Federation in the interest of sentimental satisfaction of creating unity in India. It may be possible for individuals to make sacrifices for sentimental satisfaction but to expect a willing sacrifice from a body of persons born and bred up as Princes of India, is to deny the natural forces of human nature itself. Let there be no misunderstanding.

What The Princes Wanted

A question which naturally arises is that if Princes did not want federation, why did they participate in various conferences and committees for these eight years? The answer becomes evident, if we examine the conditions under which the Princes jumped at the idea and the type of Federation the Princes anticipated.

As to the conditions it is an open fact that the Princes were thoroughly dissatisfied with the working of the Paramountcy which rode rough-shod over rights secured to them by their Treaties and Proclamations of the King-Emperor from time to time. They struggled to define the limits of encroachments within the States by Paramountcy. Inspite of their stupendous efforts and inspite of spending fabulous amounts on legal advice, the Butler Committee ruled out their claims. When the Princes were smarting under the findings of Butler Committee, the Round Table Conference gave them an opportunity where they thought they could limit Paramountcy if they could evolve a Federal Constitution for British India.

The conception of the Princes of the Federation when they agreed to discuss the issue at the first Round Table Conference can be stated as under.

1. Princes wanted to unite with British India for policy and legislation only on certain subjects of common concern to British India and the States.

2. Princes never wanted to give any executive authority to the Federation to implement the legislation and policy they mutually agreed to.

3. Princes wanted a Supreme Court for all interstatal disputes and for all other justiciable issues between the Paramountcy and the States.

4. Princes wanted to secure an affirmation from the Crown of the Treaties and Agreements and of the fact that these treaties and agreements create contractual rights and obligations.

If these demands were granted one could easily see that Princes had to sacrifice their unfettered legislative powers as regards subjects common to British India and the States. On the other hand, they wanted to secure a clear advantage (i) to limit the encroachments of the Paramount Power in the executive sphere of the common subjects. (ii) To limit Paramountcy in other sphere by bringing the disputes with the Paramount Power before the Supreme Court and thus to deprive Paramountcy of its alleged right to have a final say in all questions arising between Paramountcy and States, or between a State and a State.

(To Be Continued).

FRANKLY SPEAKING

GERMANY AND COLONIES

"Another official demand", says a Berlin message, has been made for the return to Germany of her lost colonies. This time it is Doctor Schacht, the economic dictator, who has made it. "He described Germany's lack of space as a nightmare" and declared that the present position was "an element of revolution in the European situation." Both are correct but only because Nazism is a nightmare and an element of revolution. It would have been possible to prevent Nazism from becoming either in any serious degree but for the calculated and tolerance with which Britain has been treating it and its adventures. It is this treatment by Britain that has encouraged the Nazi menace to grow from strength to strength. For a time the colonial propaganda had been suspended in recognition of Britain's friendliness. But it has been revived again. The reason seems to be the desire —or it may be a confident hope— to blackmail a submissive Britain into accepting whatever arrangement may have been arrived at between Herr Hitler and General Franco in regard to Morocco and other Spanish Territories, as also, of course, German designs in Eastern Europe.

BEWARE.

The non-official advisers in the Indo-British trade negotiations have abruptly suspended their deliberations in consequence, it is stated, of their unanimous belief that the British trade proposals are pitched too high. The British trade interests know that they have strong official supporters, both in England and in India. Past agreements, too,—if impositions can be called agreements—unduly favoured Britain at India's expense. Though the Ottawa Pact was denounced by the Legislative Assembly, the Government of India have extended it indefinitely. In such circumstances, it was not unnatural for the British trade interests to pitch their proposals too high. Indian business interests should beware of being bamboozled into another Ottawa "Agreement."

CONGRESS & HARIJAN CANDIDATES.

The Tamil Nadu Congress Parliamentary Board has done well to put up Congress Harijan candidates for all Harijan seats in the Province. It would have been absurd to regard Harijans, of all men, as if they were outside the pale of the Congress. If Harijan candidates are eager or willing to seek Congress support and accept Congress policy, there is no reason whatsoever why they should not be adopted as Congress candidates, if they are otherwise suitable. As regards, however, the special terms which Mr. Satyamurti is reported to have offered Harijan candidates, terms including various exemptions from Congress discipline, they should be very critically and cautiously examined by the Central Parliamentary Board. Such exemptions must be exceptional and clearly defined.

RIGHT APPEAL.

The Bombay Presidency Women's Council has done well in issuing a memorandum requesting all candidates to the Legislative Assembly to support the cause of social reform. The memorandum enumerates the various measures which the Association is particularly interested in, and we are glad to note that the list includes the removal of untouchability and the amelioration of the labouring classes. This shows that the Association is not actuated by a narrow ideal restricting the activities of women to the emancipation of their own sex. The demands of the Association are such that they can generally find favour with all progressive persons. If we may say so, however, the Congress, along with its national and political work, has never lagged behind in the social sphere, and the election of its candidates will thus automatically help the cause of social progress. We may also observe here that the Association should not rest content merely with this appeal to the candidates, but should also forthwith start a propaganda among the electorate.

A Konkan Inconvenience

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—All the three companies plying their steamers along the west coast of the Bombay Presidency between Bombay and Panjim are to be congratulated on their vying with each other in making the voyage between these harbours more convenient and less troublesome.

But the greatest inconvenience experienced by all the passengers is about the barges. For landing these barges have always to be used. These barges are so primitive and so slow that their use has become a great nuisance to the passengers. The introduction of steam launches is therefore highly necessary; but that proposal might be rejected as being expensive. In these circumstances I would like to suggest that the present barges should be fitted with new propellers or some other mechanical device having greater speed. Barges with a greater speed are a vital necessity.—Yours, etc.,

K. G. DEVASTHALI.

Hindu Team Selection

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I am surprised at the omission of Mr. R. R. Wadkar's name from the selections now pouring in from fans who think well by the Hindu team. He is a steady bat, a fine bowler and a grand field. He has moreover, got that one trait in him which every tournament player ought to have a tournament temperament. His recent performances with the willow alone (apart from his proficiency in the other two departments of the game) ought to make him walk in the team and one surprised at the complete absence of any suggestions regarding his inclusion.

I am struck with a further incongruity in the present selections. A committee sits up, elects a captain and goes on to collect another ten for him to lead. The captain is blissfully ignorant of the particular team he is to play with and many of his "misjudgments" occur thus. It stands to reason that when a man is asked to lead a team, he ought to know the sort of players with whom he has to co-operate and as such must have a say in the selection of the rest of the team. I believe that were this procedure followed there won't be those serious "misjudgments" for which the captain so frequently is howled at.—Yours, etc.,

K. S. RANE.

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WITHOUT COMMENT—

(1) "The British Crown is very dear to the British people. . . . . In the interest of that revered institution the British Government and the Governments of the Dominions demanded from King Edward a sacrifice."

—Anglo-India.

(2) "For the English Crown and Throne are more than mere symbols of royalty. To the Englishman and Britisher throughout the world as to the dominions and colonies it is the embodiment of the Empire's prestige, the seal of Imperial greatness, the apotheosis, so to say, of the best qualities and ideals of English character."

—Anglo-India.

* * * *

"Viscount Halifax for Government, Lord Snell for the Labour Party, Lord Crewe for the Liberals and the Archbishop of Canterbury for the Church expressed deep regret at the King's decision and sympathy with Mr. Baldwin and the Queen and the Royal Family."

—Reuter.

Yes. But no sympathy for the King on behalf of Conservative Party, the Liberal or even the Labour Party or the Church. The King's decision was so obnoxious to the common principles of these four.

* * * *

Lord Snell's speech, we are told, was particularly appreciated. Naturally, since it proved the respectability of the Labour Party

* * * *

But the Archbishop of Canterbury's speech should also have been appreciated.

His Grace could not, of course, extend a Christian privilege to the Defender of the Faith and forgot to extend Christian charity also to the King. But he did more than make up for the error—omission by not failing to express deep regret at the decision on behalf of—the Church.

* * * *

"A Scotch Whisk—sorry we mean a Scotch paper says "the King's proposed marriage was a challenge to the religions and scruples of his subjects."

Quite right, quite right. It is, oh yes, it is a challenge, a challenge "to religions and moral scruples of his subjects" to demand what religion and morality distinctly allow.

* * * *

The London "Times", that respectable organ of the upper and governing classes of Great Britain, says, "The real clash was between the thoughtlessness of exotic society and the hard core of the British tradition of conduct which is common to all classes of this country."

Is the world to be treated to a revolution in Printing House Square? Is the world to be regaled with juicy tales of the exotic doings of the ex-King's society, in other words, of the prominent personalities mentioned in Court Circular and regularly published by the "Times"?

* * * *

Hard core is rather good. But why not fossilized hard core?

The "Daily Express" of Lord Beaverbrook says, "it is plain that from first to last King Edward behaved with straightforwardness and courage."

Well may the King feel uncomfortable at Beaverbrook giving him a certificate.

* * * *

The "Daily Herald" observes that the decision which the ex-King took must have torn his heart.

The paper must have been relieved to feel by contrast, that its own decision to oppose the King did not even so much as tug at its socialist heart.

* * * *

But the royal decision, says the organ of British Socialism, "is one that will secure for him honest respect and sympathy."

Unfortunately the same cannot be said of the "Daily Herald."

Congress Demands Release Of Detenus

ISSUES FOR FAIZPUR CONGRESS SESSION

National Convention For Uniform Direction

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT).

The Congress Working Committee concluded its deliberations in Bombay on Friday after reviewing the situation in the country and recommending a number of resolutions for the consideration of the plenary session of the Congress at Faizpur.

MAIN RESOLUTION.

The main resolution approved by the Working Committee is the resolution regarding the Government of India Act, 1935, and reiteration of the Congress attitude towards it. The resolution approves of the Manifesto and reiterates the decision not to decide the Office-question till after the elections to the Provincial Legislatures are over.

OFFICE QUESTION.

This resolution will evoke a good deal of opposition from the Leftists. Several amendments are expected to be moved to the above resolution, the main amendment being the one regarding office acceptance.

TWO AMENDMENTS.

The Leftists want that the Congress should decide at Faizpur that Congressmen shall not accept offices, while another amendment is expected to be moved by those who are in favour of office acceptance that. Faizpur should decide in favour of Congressmen accepting offices.

AGRARIAN GRIEVANCES.

Another amendment that is sought to be moved to the above resolution seeks to bring into the resolution some of the agrarian grievances and that the elections should be fought on the issue of the agrarian conditions prevailing in the country.

The Disciplinary Rules, as approved of by the Working Committee replaces those that have been in existence so far. They are far more stringent. There will be a series of amendments to the Rules when they come up for consideration before the Subjects Committee or the Open Session.

NATIONAL CONVENTION

The resolution for calling an Indian National Convention is a new one. For the last few years the country has been agitating for a "Constituent Assembly". Though the proposed National Convention cannot be described as a real Constituent Assembly, yet it is considered to be a miniature Constituent Assembly, constituted as it will be of the elected representatives to the different legislatures in the country. But the real idea behind the Convention seems to be to facilitate uniform action in all the provinces.

The Working Committee adopted without much discussion the resolutions regarding the World Peace Conference, condemnation of official interference with Congress election work, and system of voting in the United Provinces.

FRONTIER SITUATION

The Working Committee heard with great attention what Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan had to say regarding bombing in the North West Frontier Tribal Areas and also heard Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai on the conditions in the North West Frontier Province from the first hand knowledge they had gained during their recent tour of that Province. The Committee appointed all the three leaders to form a Sub-Committee to report on the happenings there. The Committee is expected to meet in Bombay and draft their recommendations in the light of the information they have got and place it before the Working Committee at Faizpur.

CONGRESS CONSTITUTION

The Working Committee in Bombay also appointed a Sub-Committee to go through the amendments to the Constitution and also suggest amendments so that the initiative of the primary members could be increased. The above Committee, the Labour Committee and the Mass Contacts Committee are inter-related as the work of each one of them is to suggest amendments to the Congress Constitution with a view to widen the basis of the Congress.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Acharya Kriplani are expected to prepare a draft of amendments which will be placed before a meeting of the above Sub-Committee at Faizpur, before submitting it to the Working Committee. The Working Committee will go through the recommendations of all the three Committees before the official amendments are placed before the Subjects Committee.

ALL-INDIA HARTAL

At the meeting of the Working Committee, it was suggested by one of the members that there ought to be official resolutions regarding the observance of Hartal all over India on the day the new Constitution is introduced in India and asking the people of India to boycott the King's Coronation.

It was held by some leaders that the above two suggestions deserved very careful consideration. It was decided that the matter should be left over till the meeting of the Working Committee at Faizpur, when the subjects will be taken up for discussion.

MASS CONTACT

The Mass Contacts Committee Report could not be completed for the Bombay meetings, but is expected to be ready for submission to the Subjects Committee. There will be an official resolution on Mass Contact.

There will be another resolution on War, practically on the same lines as at Lucknow and the Socialists are expected to move an amendment on it, to the effect that the Working Committee should chalk out a programme to prepare the country for the eventuality of an Imperialist War breaking out.

A resolution welcoming the formation of the All-India Civil Liberties Union will be placed before the Subjects Committee.

There will also be a resolution on Foreign Contacts.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Babu Rajendra Prasad and Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant were engaged in the afternoon giving final touches to the list of Congress candidates for the different Provincial Legislatures.

BENGAL DISPUTE

Regarding the Bengal dispute, it is understood that Babu Sarat Chandra Bose agreed to withdraw his resignation. All the others who had resigned are also expected to follow suit. It was decided that Pandit Govind Vallabh Pandit should proceed forthwith to Calcutta, meet the leaders on both sides and after hearing both sides, bring about an amicable understanding. Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant left for Calcutta by the Calcutta Mail with Sarat Babu and it is expected that the final Bengal list would be released by him on Sunday night.

Acharya Kriplani, General Secretary of the Congress, left for Faizpur on Friday night and after inspecting the work at Tilak Nagar he will proceed to Allahabad the next day.

AMERICAN PRESS SUPPORTS KING

NEW YORK Dec. 11.

King Edward's renunciation of the Throne is as grave as it is unprecedented. "It is a sad frustration," says the "New York Times."

The "Herald Tribune" declares that with customary staunchness and a sense of loyalty Britons at home and overseas are closing their ranks and preparing to stand by the irrevocable decisions made. The eyes of every thoughtful person will be turned with respect and goodwill to the young King who courageously ascends the throne in a critical and arduous hour.

The "New York American" says King Edward chose honourably. The world respects him and wishes him a long and happy life.—Reuter.

CANADA PASSES ORDER-IN-COUNCIL

OTTAWA, Dec. 11

Canada's acceptance of abdication has been signified in an Order-in-Council passed by the Dominion Cabinet which authorises the British Government to include Canada in the Act of Acceptance of abdication.

Thereby an emergency session of Parliament is rendered unnecessary.

King Unburdens His Heart

"I Tried To Rule According To Changed Times"

"SHOULD NOT BE ASKED TO DO WHAT NO WARM-BLOODED MAN WOULD DO"

BITTER PRESS COMMENTS

The long shrouded story of the final interview of the Premier with the King is revealed by our London correspondent.

KING'S COMMENT

The King with sadness in his heart listened to the long tale about the dangers of delay and the crowds jeering at Government, then lifted his sad eyes and in low but emphatic tones gave expression to his frank opinion about the whole matter.

He told the Premier that he tried to rule "according to the changed times" but that he was "not going to do something which no warm-blooded man would do."

The King also commented that with careful handling the news of his contemplated marriage could have been broken without giving a shock to the public.

The British press comments on abdication show but scant regard for dignity and restraint expected on such an occasion and while sympathising with the King continue to criticise him from various viewpoints.

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Dec. 11.

"The King Abdicates—official" these are the placards in streets, which are crowded with public, who are homeward bound after the day's work.

And, at 4 o'clock crowds had gathered round radio dealers' shops to listen to the King's message, which has confirmed my message of Sunday. Last night the King signed the Instrument, making abdication final and naming the Duke of York as his successor.

This poignant drama of a Monarch, who reigned hardly for a year, brought tears to the eyes of people who heard the message.

Of course, the news of abdication has not come as a surprise, because political circles were fully aware that the King took his final decision on Tuesday last, despite the counsel of his personal friends and advisers, who suggested marking of time.

EMPIRE ENDANGERED

It is commonly believed that, when the Premier dined with the King and his Royal brothers on Tuesday, he pointed out to the Royal brothers that the present indecision was endangering the Empire.

He also complained, it is reported, that the "National" Government were being jeered at by the crowds which cheered the King.

The Premier then declared that since the days of Charles I, Britain had never been so dangerously near to becoming divided.

Kind Edward and his brothers listened to the Premier attentively.

KING'S REASONS

King Edward sat for a moment in silence, then raised his tired eyes to the Premier and began speaking in a low voice, at times almost pleading and at times imperative.

Then, it is said, King Edward assured the Premier that he is eager to co-operate with the Ministers, but he tried to rule with some consideration for the changes in the times.

His Majesty assured the Premier that he was ready to go on doing his best and to live up to the ideas of the British people, but felt that he should not be asked to do something which no warm-blooded man could do.

With feeling in his voice, he added that the Government must assume at least a partial responsibility for the sudden crisis.

He indicated that by the careful handling of the newspapers, his desire to marry could have been broken to the Empire without giving the public such a shock.

There is an increasing belief that the Duke of York will become King George VI and that the Coronation will take place as already arranged.

King Edward will live in exile outside the Empire, so that his near presence might not cause any difficulties to his successor.

Though Parliament has provided £4,10,000 as King Edward's Civil List, apart from the annuities to other members of the Royal Family, King Edward has not drawn £1,19,000. This sum is made up of £40,000, while the King remains unmarried and £79,000 while the Duchy of Cornwall revenues, which are invested in the King, remain at £1,04,000.

COURAGE SUPREME

To-day's "Evening Standard" under the caption, "The Climax" declares that His Majesty emerges from the crisis strong in respect and affection of his people at its end as throughout he acquits himself with fine dignity.

It is not only illegal for the Church to refuse to marry or give communion to persons who have been through Divorce Court. Such an attitude is contrary to the very teachings of the Church itself, and those teachings are no less insistent on charity than on the principle of marriage, "till death us do part".

The contentions, which have driven the King from the Throne, therefore, are thoroughly bad. When I drew the attention of an M.P. to the editorial in the "Evening News": "The Spanish Tragedy", he remarked, that when there was a poignant tragedy at home, Rothermere's little men want to fiddle abroad.

MONARCHY BADLY SHAKEN

LONDON Dec. 11

The "Times" commenting on the abdication says: Both Monarchy and the Empire have been badly shaken but they can and will be restored, and will be restored more rapidly because there is no longer the slightest doubt on the duty laid upon a stunned and sorrowing people.

He profoundly misunderstood the earlier signs of division in this country who represented it as an issue between "the people's King" and a hidebound set of aristocrats and ecclesiastics.

It would be far more accurate to say His Majesty's circle was too largely composed of men and women, some of them of high birth and all of them remote from "The People" who cared less for his welfare than their own amusement.

The real clash was between the thoughtlessness of exotic society and the hard core of the British tradition of conduct which is common to all classes of this country.

None of us can realise how hard is the path of the King in choosing good friends.

That amid all his great qualities there was also something lacking in himself is sufficiently shown by his unprecedented decision, for it is a proof of obstinacy rather than of strength, and that it must have been reached in the face of very human reluctance to abandon a position affording him so many proofs of success."

EDWARD POSSESSES KINGLY COURAGE

The "Manchester Guardian": Wayward and self-willed King Edward may have been, but let one thing be remembered, he freely admitted and shouldered the burden from his own past, thereby displaying the one quality that redeems waywardness from weakness—the Kingly quality of courage.

KING LACKED FIBRE

LONDON Dec. 11.

The "News Chronicle" says, when the supreme decision came between personal choice and public duty the King lacked just the requisite fibre to stay the tremendous course.

Into his private feelings none will wish to pry except to assure him of the deepest sympathy in circumstance that must try the heart of any man.—Reuter.

NO HEART TO COMMENT

LONDON Dec. 11.

The "Daily Mail" says, the King's final and irrevocable abdication fills every heart with an overwhelming sense of tragedy.

The voice of contention is stilled as the Empire sadly reflects on its great loss.

ACTION INSPIRED BY SENSE OF DUTY

The "Nottingham Guardian" says, we can only silently and very regretfully concur in the King's decision, feeling that it is inspired on the one hand by the highest motives of his duty to the country and Empire.

HE LACKED SOMETHING ESSENTIAL

LONDON Dec. 11.

The "Dundee Advertiser" says the dominant opinion to-day formed in all charity is that something essential for the role of kingship was fatally lacking in the character of King Edward, despite his charm and abundant and energetic goodwill.—Reuter.

ACUTE DIVISIONS AVERTED

The "Glasgow Herald" says: There was a period at the beginning of the present week when there appeared to be a danger of the situation leading to acute divisions of opinion but the correctness of King Edward's attitude and the statesmanship displayed by the Prime Minister has stemmed the flood of rumour and innuendo, and has enabled the nation to face developments calmly and with proper appreciation of the issues involved.

KING CHALLENGED RELIGION

The "Glasgow Bulletin" says: For safeguarding the supremacy of Parliament the Prime Minister will be remembered among our great statesmen.

The King's proposed marriage was a challenge to the religious and moral scruples of his subjects.

KING SAVED MONARCHY

The "Belfast Northern Whig" says: The personal tragedy of this choice will send a stab of pain through many millions of hearts, and yet by casting away the Crown even before it could literally be placed on his head, King Edward had saved the Monarchy.

HE WAS COURAGEOUS AND STRAIGHT

The "Daily Express" says: It is plain that from first to last King Edward behaved with straightforwardness and courage.

We have lost a good King who might have been a great King.

Now we have a new King. Nobody doubts he will show the same high character and worth as his father.

THIS SHOULD NOT HAVE BEEN THE END

The "Scotsman" says: This should not have been the end.

There ought to have been a point at which His Majesty himself felt that he was treading on a dangerous path.

Even within the past week he might have put personal inclination aside and dedicated himself anew, as his peoples hoped and wished, to the service of his country and Empire, but feeling all that to be inadequate in the scale of his own human longing he has taken in the end the path which he believes represents for him the most honourable, sincere and courageous course.

DECISION MUST DRAW RESPECT

The "Daily Herald" says the decision the King took must have torn his heart.

But it is one which will secure for him honest respect and sympathy perhaps more deeply than could have been won now by any other choice.

STRONG CONDEMNATION OF GOVT. POLICY

Call For Public Inquiry Into Causes Of Suicide

The following are the draft resolutions approved by the Working Committee and issued to the Press on Friday:—

"The Congress records its emphatic condemnation of the unjust and inhuman policy of the British Government in India in keeping thousands of Indians in detention for indefinite periods without charge or trial and holds that this policy has been resorted to with the object of paralysing the National Movement for Freedom.

RELEASE THEM FORTHWITH.

"The Congress voices the demand of the Indian people that persons now in detention without charge or trial should be released forthwith. The Congress sends its warm greetings and sympathy to detenus, who have been suffering in silence and with grave endurance in the cause of India's freedom.

SCANDALOUS CONDITIONS.

"The Congress has learnt with alarm and concern that three detenus in Bengal have committed suicide within the last four weeks. The Congress considers that the fact that such acts of suicides have taken place, is significant indication that the conditions wherein they are kept are intolerable and scandalous.

PUBLIC INQUIRY DEMANDED.

"The Congress demands public enquiry into the causes which led to the sad acts of suicide as well as into conditions wherein detenus are being kept. The Congress sends its condolences to the bereaved families of the three detenus."

WORLD PEACE CONVENTION

The Congress, having considered the report of Sjt. K. Krishna Menon on the World Peace Congress, records its appreciation of the part he took in this Congress as its representative. It supports whole-heartedly the objective of the Peace Congress to ensure world peace by removing the causes of war, and offers its full co-operation to it in this urgent and vital task. The National Congress will willingly associate itself with the organisation which the Peace Congress has established in this behalf. The Congress, however, wishes to emphasize that imperialism itself is a continuing cause of war and its elimination is essential in the interests of world peace. The President is authorised and directed to take necessary steps in this behalf.

ELECTION INTERFERENCE.

In spite of unequivocal declarations and assurances by the Under-Secretary of State, H. E. the Viceroy and others as to the observance of strict neutrality by Government servants in the matter of elections to the Provincial legislatures, this Committee regrets to note the fact that several local Governments are still persisting in maintaining disqualifications of intending Congress candidates arising out of convictions for political offences, and continuing active interference in elections as is unmistakeably shown by the Court of Wards circular of the U. P. Government.

This Committee further notes that they are hampering the Congress in its election campaign by banning peaceful processions, meetings, hoisting of national flag and preventing movements of respected Congress leaders especially in the N.W.F. Province and in various other ways, in order to hamper the Congress in its election campaign.

This Committee still hopes that effective measures will be taken by responsible officials of Government to remedy these matters so that the promise of neutrality given by them is duly fulfilled.

This Committee earnestly trusts that the hostile attitude of the Government will serve to stimulate the people to vigorous activity in support of the Congress candidates so that the victory of the Congress may be fully assured in spite of all these handicaps.

Whereas the method of voting proposed for the illiterate rural voters of the Provincial Assembly in the United Provinces is completely destructive of the secrecy and freedom of the vote this Committee is of opinion that this should be replaced by the system of coloured boxes with or without symbols which has been adopted by several other provinces and was proposed by the all India and the provincial Franchise Committees and originally recommended by the local Government itself as a very sound, safe and simple method, especially for illiterate voters.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER.

The Working Committee appoints a sub-committee consisting of Shris Vallabhbhai Patel, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, Bhulabhai Desai to consider the Frontier policy of the Government and the recent military operations there, and make recommendations to this Committee and Subjects Committee Faizpur Congress.

CONSTITUTION COMMITTEE.

The Working Committee appoints a Committee consisting of Shris Jawaharlal Nehru, Rajendra Prasad, Jairamdas Daulatram, J. B. Kripalani, Jaya Prakash Narain to consider changes in the Congress Constitution with a view to increase the initiative of primary members and to make the Congress a more effective organization for carrying on its work and also to remove any anomalies that may be found in the Constitution.

NEW KING WILL BROADCAST TO-DAY

LONDON, Dec. 10

The B.C.C. say the King will Broadcast as soon as the Abdication legislation is passed and may be expected at 10 p.m. to-morrow on wavelengths GSD GSC and GSB.

Recordings will be broadcast for India and Ceylon at 2 p.m. on Saturday on GSH, GSF, and GSB.

Recordings will be broadcast at 11 p.m. on Friday for the American continent on transmitters G.S.D. G.S.C. G.S.B. And at 2 A.M. on Saturday also for the American continent on the same wavelengths. At 8 A.M. it will be broadcast for Australasia, the Pacific and the Far-East on G.S.P. G.S.O. G.S.B., and at 11 A.M. on Saturday for Malaya and the Far East on G.S.H. G.S.G. G.S.B At 5-15 on Saturday for Africa and the Near East on G.S.I. G.S.D. G.S.B

INDIA REGRETS CALAMITY

NEW DELHI, Dec. 11.

Reaction was at first of widespread regret felt all over India for the abdication of King Edward

Europeans opine that it struck a severe blow to Empire unity, and they lost a Sovereign whom it is difficult to replace

The feeling uppermost in Indian minds is that they lost in King Edward one who knew India and whom India knew and loved.

The people of common stratum in life have expressed the feeling that King Edward made far too tremendous a sacrifice for a small thing which could have been avoided.

"WE WANT ALBERT"

LONDON, Dec.11.

Loyal demonstrations were witnessed in the West End when the King returned to his Piccadilly home late last evening.

Large crowds completely blocked the roadway and greeted the New King with rounds of cheers.

The King saluted the crowd by raising his hat several times.

After the King entered the house the crowd sang the National Anthem.

Every road leading to Piccadilly was blocked by cars, taxis and buses, while the crowd outside the house kept up continuous shouts of "We Want Albert" and Long Live The King.

CONTINENT REMAINS NEUTRAL

BERLIN, Dec. 10.

The Abdication is regarded entirely as an internal affair and, therefore, officials refrain from comment.

ROME, Dec. 10.

Newspapers express regret and describe the Duke of York as possessing severe sense of duty and love of ordinary people.

PARIS, Dec. 10.

Authoritative French comment regrets the departure of a potentially great monarch, but welcomes the successor as solution of a problem which had begun to alarm whole Europe.

Other News On Page 23

Council Programme; A Means To An End

WHY COUNTRY SHOULD SUPPORT CONGRESS

The Council-entry programme of the Congress did not imply any departure from the accepted policy of the Congress in the past, was the statement made by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the Indian National Congress, at a public meeting held at the Shivaji Park, Dadar, on Friday evening.

MEANS TO AN END

Babu Sarat Chandra Bose, who addressed the meeting, said that the Council-entry programme of the Congress was a small means towards the end, namely, attainment of National Independence, and not merely of securing some relief here and there.

Addressing a largely attended meeting at the Shivaji Park, Dadar, on Friday evening, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the Indian National Congress, emphasised that the Council-entry programme of the Congress did not involve any departure from the accepted policy of the Congress in the past.

MAJOR ISSUES NOT IGNORED.

He pointed out that Congress candidates were not mere individuals, but represented the whole Congress organisation. The elections were fought on major issues and not for the benefit of individual candidates of the Congress.

They might have read it in the papers, they might have gone through the Election Manifesto of the Congress. The question of entering the legislatures by Congressmen was discussed in all its aspects for a considerable time by the country. And they would have noticed that the sole purpose of contesting the elections was to wreck the new Constitution. They could realise the significance of the proposed Convention of Congress representatives in the legislatures.

In the face of such organised effort on a large scale, Panditji continued, it would be meaningless to suggest that the Congress President should appeal to the electorate. That stage had gone by. Everyone must consider it his duty, without advice from others, to stand by the country and the Congress.

NEED OF ORGANISATION.

He wished to remind them that while the council-entry campaign was being carried on in full swing, the major fight itself was always kept in view. It was essential that the nation should be thoroughly organised and disciplined and on every front the Congress must secure success.

A great responsibility rested on the voters themselves. India could not ignore the mighty changes taking place in the world. She must be prepared to solve the major problems which had been confronting her. Only through organisation and discipline, the Congress and the country would be in a position to face these problems whenever they would arise.

The nation's goal was not too near, the path none too easy. Only one organisation in the country had chosen to tread that path with strength and courage. No other organisation was in a position even to strive for national freedom on a scale as that on which the Congress had marshalled its forces.

PLIGHT OF DETENUS.

Panditji referred to the plight of the detenus of Bengal and asked the public to join in the demand for an enquiry into the causes behind the cases of suicide of detenus.

Panditji then took leave of the audience as he had to hurry to catch the Calcutta mail for Allahabad.

NATION'S BACKBONE.

Babu Sarat Chandra Bose speaking on the "immediate task" before the country, said that the first thing that every one should realise was that national freedom could not be won for the country by a small number of people, the intelligentsia. The masses must be educated as the greater task lay on the shoulders of the masses, the peasants and the workers. They must line up with the progressive forces in the country striving for national independence. The masses constituted the backbone of the nation.

As far as the elections were concerned, he did not hold out any false hope that if Congressmen captured the legislatures they would have won freedom for the country. The Congress never even so much as suggested that Council-entry was the main programme before the people. That was but a small part of a great programme.

But this work had got potentialities. It would infuse a new spirit into the masses. They would then understand the significance of the fight which the Congress had been putting up all these years.

MEANS TO AN END

The Council-entry programme was not an end in itself. It was but a small means to an end, namely, the achievement of national freedom. By capturing the legislatures, Congressmen would be routing the reactionaries, who had been doing immense mischief inside the legislatures. If one took into consideration the happenings during the last seven years, one would find that with the authority and consent of these reactionaries repressive measures were enacted. One could see how these reactionaries were trained to crush the spirit among the people who desired freedom.

PROBLEM BEFORE NATION

The question before them was: Were they going to co-operate in working a Constitution which was imposed from outside, which did not permit the legislatures to touch more than 30 per cent of the revenues, in which the ministers would be puppets, while all extraordinary powers were vested in the Governors. This Constitution was imposed on India in the interests of British Imperialism. It gave no opportunities to the people and no power. It would be idle to suggest that they would be able to do any good to the masses under the new Constitution. A few schools, a few colleges, or a few hospitals might be established here and there. But was that a solution of the problem of the hunger and poverty of the masses?

The one big demand was for national independence. Viewed from that point of view, the new Constitution did not give any power to the people. It did not give them even power to strive for that independence.

KEMAL'S ADVICE.

People might say that mighty forces were opposing the nation in its aspirations. But his answer was that no earthly power could resist the will and the determination of the whole nation Kemal Pasha addressing the young Turkish soldiers once said that there was neither oppression, nor were there any oppressors. There were only those who desired to be oppressed. It was only because of those who desired to be oppressed that oppression existed, added the speaker.

The Congress rejected the new Constitution, including each component part of the whole scheme. People should not be misguided by Communalists. Congress recognised no vested interests except the interests of the peasants and the workers, who constituted the masses of the country.

He fervently appealed to the people to support the Congress which would stand or fall according as the people stood or fell.

WAY TO END REPRESSION

Referring to the plight of the detenus in Bengal, Babu Sarat Bose said that the Congress asked for support from the people to have the repressive measures which had disfigured the Statute Book, set aside. He hoped that the electorate would see to it that the reactionaries who had all these years constituted the legislatures were routed.

Mr. K. F. Nariman, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, said that on Thursday a reception was given to Babu Sarat Bose by the B. P. C. C. at Chowpatty and this time, the Dadar District Congress Committee honoured him. He hoped that if the Congress had enough strength behind it, the release of Subhas Babu would not be far away.

EGYPTIAN AL-AZHAR UNIVERSITY DELEGATION.

Egypt's Muslim Mission of the Al-Azhar University arrived in Bombay on Friday by Mail-boat to form contact with Indian universities and Muslim Associations.

How Indian Press Look At Abdication

INDICATIVE OF BR. PEOPLE'S POWER

KARACHI, Dec, 11.

Though the King's abdication did not come as a surprise as His Majesty's decision was more or less anticipated, the actual news of abdication caused an unprecedented stir throughout the city and provinces.

The local English papers brought out special editions with full-length stories illustrated with photographs.

"King Edward the Eighth renounces the throne for a woman" was the streamer headline in the "Daily Gazette" while the "Sind Observer" remarks that King Edward has descended from the throne of England but not from the throne he occupies in the hearts of his people. The Congress organs interpret the abdication as indicating the power of the British people over the affairs of their King and country.

His Excellency's tour to the districts scheduled to begin to-day has been held in abeyance. It is not anticipated that the event will have any far-reaching effect on the local markets.—A. P.

"PREMIER SOLELY RESPONSIBLE"

LAHORE, Dec. 11.

The "Civil and Military Gazette" writing on the subject of the King's abdication says:— "Though prepared for the sad announcement, the nation and the Empire cannot and will not conceal the profound sorrow they must feel at losing by his own decision so well-loved a monarch".

Characterising the abdication as a supreme sacrifice and a staggering event the "People" says "for all that has occurred the Prime Minister and his colleagues are solely responsible. They have triumphed but their triumph must cause occasion for searching of hearts".

AT GOVT. HOUSE

His Excellency the Governor held a meeting of official and prominent non-officials at Government House this morning at which King Edward's abdication was formally announced. The Proclamation of the New King's accession will be made to-morrow afternoon at Lawrence Gardens.—A. P.

"MADE UNDERDOG'S CAUSE HIS OWN"

PATNA, Dec, 11.

"The Indian Nation" in a leader on the King's abdication says:— "Undoubtedly Great Britain has lost by his abdication an extremely public-spirited King who made the cause of the underdog and the poor man his own and transformed the Kingship from an exclusive institution into a loving reality for his subjects. The Commonwealth in which we include India has lost a head, whom it has come so completely to love and respect both as Prince of Wales and Sovereign. The world has lost a crowned head whose popularity as such was so intense that he would have constituted the greatest tower of strength a constitutional monarchy and crowned democracy in a world increasingly in danger of getting submerged by the raging storms of conflicting 'isms'."

Rai Bahadur Srinarayan Mehtha, M. L. C., interviewed said that the news of the abdication was bound to be received with the deepest regret in as much as the magnetic personality of King Edward had made itself felt throughout the Empire.—A. P.

"THE MAN TRIUMPHED OVER THE KING"

RANGOON, Dec, 11.

"The Rangoon Gazette" describing the King as a human monarch says this human touch was abundantly evident in the weighty decision at which he arrived for in the act of abdication the man in Edward the Eighth has triumphed over the King and by an irony of fate the most popular of English monarchs has voluntarily given up the throne of his fathers.

The paper adds, however much the Empire may regret the loss it may take pride in the fact that in his momentous decision Edward the Eighth has lived up to the opinion the world formed of him, of one who, a prince of royal blood, was pre-eminently a very likeable human being. The British constitution has survived a crisis which has no parallel in English history. —A. P.

"IN ACCORD WITH ANCIENT HINDU TRADITION"

LAHORE, Dec. 9.

The following message has been sent to His Majesy the King Emperor and the Premier, Mr. Baldwin:—

"The Jat-Pat Torak Mandal, Lahore, highly appreciated His Majesty's desire to marry Mrs. Simpson, as this action will help to remove the artificial barriers of caste and class, and is strictly in accordance with the ancient Hindu tradition. The Mandal urges upon the Cabinet to accede to the noble desire of His Majesty.—A. P.

"LITTLE LESS THAN DISASTER"

KARACHI, Dec. 11.

Interviewed by the "United Press" on the King's abdication, Sir Montagu Webb said:—

"King Edward VIII's voluntary resignation of his great Office at this critical juncture in world affairs, is deplorable in the extreme and is little less than a disaster for Great Britain and the Empire."

Dewan Bahadur Hiranand Khem Singh, Sind Minister, said:—

"It is sad that the King has abdicated. There was no other course open but to renounce the Throne since he was committed to marry Mrs. Simpson. He had the sympathy of his Indian subjects in his act of sacrifice."

Mr. Jamshed Mehta said:—

"His Majesty must have in view more important reason for taking this step than the marriage. His Majesty has saved the Empire from division and a delicate situation."—United Press.

AT KARACHI

KARACHI, Dec. 11.

The Governor of Sind read the statement of King Edward VIII declaring His Majesty's decision to abdicate, to his (Governor's) Advisers, the Mayor of Karachi, the Military Air Force Officer, the Chief Secretary to the Government and other high civil and military officials at 10-30 this morning at Government House.

VOICE OF CONTENTION STILLED

LUCKNOW Dec. 11.

Under the caption "Vale" the "Pioneer," in the course of an editorial on the King's abdication says, "Many of us perhaps have spoken lightly or cynically enough during the past few days about the infatuation which has brought him to this pass.

But there is no one, however cynical, who will not be deeply moved both by the King's own message and by the tragic irony of events, which have destroyed in so short time so much that had, by self-sacrifice and devotion to duty, been so laboriously built up.

For the expression of any considered opinion both the material and, we may frankly add, the heart is still lacking".—A. P.

NEWS REACHED DELHI AT 9-45 P. M.

NEW DELHI. Dec. 11.

The definite indication of King Edward's abdication was available this afternoon in the Imperial Secretariat when Mr. Laithwaite the Viceroy's Private Secretary spent the unusually long period of two hours with the Home Secretary.

Towards evening the telephones were kept on ringing every moment in the offices of the Associated Press and Reuter's enquiring for news from London. All radio sets were switched on London with anxious concern, especially as the King's decision had been promised to be announced in the House of Commons.

The news was actually heard over air at 9-45 p.m. and was followed by issue from Viceroy's House of the text of the King's message and also the Instrument of Abdication.

Abdication Announced In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Dec. 11.

An extraordinary issue of the Calcutta "Gazette" notifies that the Governor of Bengal held a meeting of the Executive Council and Ministers, at Government House at 1-30 a.m. to-day.

The following were also present by request:—The Chief Justice of Bengal, Lord Bishop of Calcutta, the President of the Bengal Legislative Council, the Chief Secretary to the Bengal Government, Commander of Bengal Presidency and Assam District, Member of the Board of Revenue, Bengal, Commissioner of the Presidency Division, the Mayor of Calcutta, the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal, the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, and the Sheriff of Calcutta.

His Excellency communicated to those present the Instrument of abdication of His Majesty King Edward VIII and His Majesty's message to the Empire.—A. P.

KING EDWARD'S DESTINATION, A CLOSE SECRET

Coronation Date Not To Be Shifted

LONDON, Dec. 11.

There is every reason to believe that the coronation will be held on or near May 12, the date originally fixed. The office works have not interrupted their preparations for the event.

The destination of King Edward is at present a close secret. Switzerland, Denmark and Argentine are mentioned as possibilities. The new King will be proclaimed at St. James Palace at 3 p m. to-morrow.—Reuter.

Indo-Egyptian Islamic Contact

Al-Azar Deputation To Visit 'Varsities In India

Three Egyptian Professors of the Al Azhar University arrived in Bombay on Friday morning by the mailboat s. s. "Ranpura" on a Goodwill Mission to India.

Members Of Delegation

The Delegation consists of: Sheikh Ibrahim El Gibali, President; Sheikh Abdel Wahab El Naggar; Sheikh Mohamed El Adawi, Professors of the University. The Secretaries are: Messrs. Mahomed Habib and Salah Eldin El Naggar.

The three Professors are scholars in Theology and speak the Arabic language. The two Secretaries can hold conversations in English, French and German and generally act as interpreters.

The Delegation, the first of its kind visiting India, is sent by the Al Azhar University. The Al Azhar University is the oldest in the world. Nine hundred and ninety-six years ago, when the Fatimados from Tunis invaded Egypt and defeated the Egyptian forces, Gohar Elsekelli the general of the victorious armies, built Cairo as the capital of Egypt. He also built the Cairo Mosque and the Al Azhar University.

MISSION IN INDIA.

The Delegation has come to India with the purpose of visiting Islamic Universities and institutions and to have a cordial exchange of activity between Al Azhar and similar universities in India.

The delegation further intends to take the opportunity of getting into touch with Muslim leaders and Muslim organisations in this country with the hope of consolidating fraternal relations between the Muslims of Egypt and of India.

ITINERARY.

The Delegation proposes to stay for a week in Bombay and would visit Benares, Delhi, Lahore and Calcutta, in the course of its tour in the country. They would remain in India for about three months.

Our representative who interviewed the President of the Delegation, with the help of the Secretaries as interpreters, was informed that the members of the Delegation did not propose to make any speeches in India. Their primary object was to study conditions in India first-hand and obtain sufficient knowledge about the Muslim institutions and organisations in the country.

"SHOCK TO EMPIRE"

PATNA, Dec. 10.

The news of the King's abdication spread swiftly causing a shock throughout the city. The Governor of Bihar has cancelled his tour programme at Darbhanga.

Sir Sultan Ahmed, a former executive councillor and a member of the Round Table Conference, interviewed by the Associated Press said "The news of the abdication of His Majesty the King will cause the greatest shock to His Majesty's subjects throughout the Empire, and particularly in India. The greatest sympathy will be felt for him and Indians cannot but admire him for his brave and honourable conduct.—A. P.

KING'S MESSAGE RED AT U. P. GOVERNMENT'S MEETING

Proclamation Parade To Be Held On Monday

LUCKNOW, Dec. 11.

His Excellency, the Governor of U. P., held a special meeting of the members of his Government this morning to which were also invited to be present certain high officials in the station at the time, including the Chief Judge, Oudh Chief Court; the senior member of the Board of Revenue, the Commissioner of Lucknow and the Chief Secretary to the Government.

His Excellency read out the King's message and the instrument of abdication, both of which are published in an extraordinary issue of the U. P. Government Gazette.

A proclamation parade will be held on the morning of Monday the 14th instant.

The Associated Press understands that the Viceroy's visit to Lucknow has been postponed by one day, since he will leave Delhi after attending the proclamation parade on Monday and will arrive on the 15th instead of the 14th December.—A. P.

AT MADRAS

MADRAS, Dec. 11.

A meeting of the Executive Councillors and Ministers and other senior officials was held at the Government House this morning when the Governor communicated to those present the Instrument of Abdication and His Majesty King Edward's message to the Empire.

The Maharajah of Cochin accompanied by the Dewan Sir Shanmukham Chetty and personal staff arrived at Madras this morning and will stay here till January 3. —A. P.

AT NAGPUR

NAGPUR, Dec. 11.

The Members of the Executive Council, High Government Officials, Mr. M. Samiullakhan, Mayor of Nagpur, and Sir Harising Gour, Vice-Chancellor Nagpur University, were present at Government House this morning when His Excellency Sir Hyde Gowan communicated to those present the Instrument of abdication of His Majesty King Edward and also His Majesty's message to the Empire.

NEWS FROM CONGRESS NAGAR

Volunteers Camp Opens & Exhibition Goods Arrive

TILAK NAGAR (Congress Camp), Dec. 10.

Appasaheb Bhagat of Poona has arrived here. He discussed all arrangements with Annasaheb Dastane, Ramdasbhai Gulati, Tatyasaheb Deshpande and other prominent workers here.

Ramdasbhai Gulati, Engineer-in-Charge, in co-operation with Appasaheb Bhagat, has decided to speed up the construction programme and expects to complete it by the 20th instant.

Hundred and fifty volunteers have so far arrived here to join the training camp which is opening to-morrow. The lady volunteers' camp will open on December 15.

Loads of articles for the exhibition are arriving here since yesterday. The electricity plant has been brought and is being installed.

Messrs. S. M. Joshi and Wamanrao Kulkarni left to-day for Berar on a Congress propaganda tour.—United Press.

AYURVEDA WILL REGAIN LOST GLORY

Prof. Ramamurti Advocates Indigenous Physical Culture

JUBBULPORE, Dec. 10.

After giving a demonstration of physical and Yogic feats and delivering lectures in the city and the Robertson College in aid of the Hindu University, Benares, Professor Ramamurthi left to-day with party for Benares.

Interviewed prior to his departure Prof. Ramamurthi stressed the need of introducing compulsory physical culture training in schools and colleges and advised youths to become strong and masculine.

Advocating the vegetarian diet Prof. Ramamurthi remarked that it was absurd to say that meat is essential for human diet. He appealed to the public to patronise Indian exercises and become the Nation's pride.

Prior to his leaving Jubbulpore he visited the Jagat Pharmacy and expressing satisfaction over its working observed that the day was not far off when Ayurved would regain its lost glory through the selfless working of men like Franacharya Sunderlal Shukla, Director of the Jagat Pharmacy.—United Press.

Poona's Profound Regret

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Dec. 10.

The King's abdication news which was flashed in cinemas by special news-slides and in the city by extraordinary newspaper editions received wide profound regret.

Inquiry Into Zanzibar Clove Industry

GOVT.'S POLICY SOUND, SAYS BINDER

Association Eliminates Middlemen And Ends Speculation

NEW DELHI, Dec. 11.

"There is no actual excess production of cloves over the world's requirements as over a period of years production is practically equal to the demand. Therefore, if annual crops were uniform there would be no serious problem to solve. Not only, however, are there violent fluctuations in the annual production of cloves, but there is no uniformity in the occurrences of large and small annual crops."

Thus says Mr. B. H. Binder, who was deputed by the British Colonial Office to enquire into the Zanzibar Clove Industry after the promulgation of the Clove Trade Decrees against which the Indian Settlers protested strongly, in his report submitted to the Colonial Secretary.

Mr. Binder observes: a careful study of the clove industry in detail from production to the ultimate sale of cloves and consideration of the various reports and memoranda on the subject and the representations made to me in writing and verbally during my investigation in Zanzibar lead to the following conclusions:

CONCLUSIONS.

The problems divested of all side issues, are:—

1. How to carry over the surplus production of one year, or years until, as in the past, supplies are adjusted to demand by a short crop or crops, and how and by whom are the necessary financial resources to achieve that object to be provided?

2. How to reduce the wide fluctuations in buying and selling prices caused by the irregularity of crops and speculation and, to stabilise prices within reasonable limits?

3. How to obtain the best price for the grower, bearing in mind the menace of foreign competition in a commodity which for a considerable period has enjoyed practically a monopoly in overseas markets and which has no local consumption? What non-essential services and expenses can be and should be eliminated in order to attain this result?

The Government have endeavoured to deal with these three points by the establishment of the Clove Growers Association.

REACTION ON MARKET.

There is no doubt that the operations of the Clove Growers Association have steadied the market and brought about an improvement in prices at a critical period, and eliminated a certain amount of speculation and a number of middlemen whose services were unnecessary. Its efforts have been aided by favourable circumstances. Local stockholders not anticipating two consecutive short crops unloaded on to the Association with the result that it is now in practical control by holding a preponderent proportion of the local stock, while its information indicates that there is no substantial accumulation of surplus stocks overseas. If the last crop had been a heavy one the Association would have required to have had at its disposal further funds to protect the market, and if more of the local stock had been kept by the outside dealers the position of the Association would have been vulnerable. Restriction in amount of the Association's funds would therefore mean a risk to the funds already employed.

ASSOCIATION'S AIMS.

Although the Association was not granted a legal monopoly the Government has publicly declared that the aims and objects of the Association would be to obtain a monopoly, and it has its operations, favoured by circumstances, practically attained that position, and at present is able to control both buying and selling prices. Nevertheless its position may, by changes of circumstances in the future, become insecure, with risks to its control and of possible losses.

Its continued ability to control selling prices is dependent on the proportion it can secure of the 1936-37 crop. Whatever the amount it may obtain it may have to release the whole or the major part of its present stocks dependent on the size of the new crop and the proportion which may pass into outside hands and the policy of the outside holders. Present estimates indicate that the short 1936-37 crop, plus stocks, might be barely sufficient, especially in certain grades, to meet the requirements of overseas markets, where in total there appears to be no serious diminution of demand.

While the debt question remains unsettled it is uncertain what proportion of future crops will go to outside dealers and exporters, notwithstanding the preferences in terms offered by the Association, and opportunities will remain for the intervention of a number of otherwise unnecessary middlemen. These factors and the existing high rates of interest will have some bearing on the minimum economic price that can be fixed for payment to growers, which might have to be reduced to meet possible further foreign competition in the future.

"GOV'TS. POLICY SOUND."

The Governor's policy in establishing the Clove Growers' Association and according it full financial support was a sound as far as it went. No one without the guarantee of the Government could have provided the funds necessary to take off the market and carry the temporary surplus stocks and adjust supply to demand which the Clove Growers Association with the financial support of the Government has so far been able to do."—United Press.

MORATORIUM MAY BE EXTENDED

NEW DELHI, Dec. 10.

It is understood Government of India will shortly consider Mr. Binder's report on the Zanzibar clove industry and forward their views to the Colonial Office.

It is expected that the moratorium to the debtors in the Protectorate which expires on the 15th December may be extended till the Colonial Government have reached final conclusions on Mr. Binder's recommendations.—United Press.

MEETING OF PRINCES' CHAMBER

NEW DELHI, Dec. 11.

The next session of the Chamber of Princes will be held in New Delhi on February 22 and subsequent days.—United Press.

CROP OF RIOT CASES AT MAZAGON COURT

Forty Arrested For Breach Of Curfew Order, Bailed Out:

BOMBAY, Friday.

Twenty-seven persons from Nagpada Section and thirteen from Dongri were arrested last night for breach of the Curfew Order, and were placed before, Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon to-day.

ALL BAILED OUT.

All the accused were ordered to be released on bail in the sum of Rs. 500; Rs. 10 to be deposited in cash.

The defence of two Parsis, who were among the 27 arrested by Nagpada Police, was that they were arrested last night under distressing circumstances. The mother of one of them had collapsed and the two men had been out to fetch a doctor.

FOUR ACCUSED FINED.

A Muslim, who was arrested for breach of Curfew Order was fined Rs. 5.

A Muslim truck-driver from Nasik, who was arrested for carrying a knife, was fined Rs. 30.

Another Muslim, cleaner of the above motor-truck, was arrested for breach of Curfew Order and was fined Rs. 10.

KNIFE WAS TOOL.

A Hindu, who was arrested for carrying a knife, was acquitted of the charge.

It was held by the Magistrate that the knife was a tool. He was, however, fined Rs. 10 for the breach of Curfew Order.

BOMBAY MAN ARRESTED AT SIMLA

Domestic Servant, Charged With Theft, Remanded

BOMBAY, Friday.

Khurshed Majid Rashid Ahmed was arrested at Simla and was brought to Bombay to-day, on the charge of theft of about Rs. 1,440.

The accused is a domestic servant and, when his employer was out, it is alleged he broke-open the cup-board and removed property worth about Rs. 1,440.

The accused was ordered to be remanded into Police custody till December 23 by Mr. T. S. Haji Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, as Police inquiries are incomplete.

CONGRESS LEADERS DISPERSE

After the conclusion of the Congress Working Committee meeting on Friday afternoon, the Congress leaders left for their respective destinations, to return in time to attend the Congress session at Faizpur, where the next and the last meeting of the present Working Committee will meet on December 23.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the Indian National Congress, left by the Calcutta Mail on Friday night for Allahabad, where he will stay for five days. His programme will be arranged later.

Panditji was seen off at the Victoria Terminus by a number of Congressmen.

RAJEN BABU'S PROGRAMME

Babu Rajendra Prasad, Secretary, All-India Congress Parliamentary Committee, left by the same train for Patna. On the way he will halt at Allahabad for a few hours to preside over the Hindi Sammelan. He will reach Patna on the 13th and will be back at Faizpur by December 22.

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Secretary, All-India Congress Parliamentary Committee and Babu Sarat Chandra Bose left by the same train for Calcutta.

Pandit G. B. Pant is visiting Calcutta in connection with the dispute over election affairs in Bengal. After consulting local Congress leaders; he may make final recommendations regarding the candidates who will contest the elections on the Congress ticket.

ROY-BOSE TALKS

Mr. M. N. Roy met Babu Sarat Chandra Bose on Thursday and held discussions with him for about half an hour, regarding, it is understood, the further democratisation of the Congress constitution.

INDO-BURMAN LAWS BILL

Lords Pass Second Reading

LONDON, Dec. 11.

The House of Lords passed the Second Reading without division of the India-Burma Existing Laws Bill mainly designed to clarify the intentions of Parliament in enacting Sections 292(3) of the Government of India Act namely to keep alive the contents of the Indian Statutes Book both Central and Provincial, subject to their subsequent amendment or repeal by the new legislatures.—Reuter.

Congress Nominee Returned Unopposed

PATNA, Dec. 11.

Mr. S. B. Chandra, Congress nominee, has been returned unopposed from the Jamalpur-cum-Monghyr (Labour) Constituency to the Behar Legislative Assembly.—United Press.

SHERIFF'S PARTY TO GOVERNOR

The Garden Party given by Mr. Chunilal B. Mehta, Sheriff of Bombay to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Lady Brabourne was attended by over a thousand distinguished guests.

The Willingdon Sports Club grounds were beautifully decorated for the occasion and although the news of the King's abdication formed the main theme of topic a pleasant evening was spent.

Lord and Lady Brabourne were taken round by the Sheriff and the guests were presented to them.

NO CHANGE IN EVEN TENOR OF LIFE OF INDIANS

Jairamdas On King's Abdication

KARACHI, Dec. 11.

Voicing the Congress view Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram said: Abdication has both personal and public aspects. The former proves that even Kings and Emperors are, after all, men and moved by the same emotions. In its public aspect the abdication demonstrated in England that people rule even over the King in his personal life. To India the event shows that the power of the people over the affairs of the King and country. To India's millions, however, the abdication of one King and the accession of another will mean no change in the even tenor of their daily struggle.

Khan Bahadur Mama, Mayor, paid a tribute to King Edward for his earnest efforts for drawing the bonds between England and India closer together.—A. P.

SENTENCED FOR SEDITION

Andhra Socialist Gets Two Years Rigorous For Rajamundry Speech

MADRAS: Dec. 11.

A Coconada message says that the District Magistrate sentenced to-day P. Sundarayya, an Andhra Socialist, to two years' rigorous imprisonment under Section 124 A I. P. C. and one year's rigorous imprisonment under Section 153 A, the sentences to run concurrently.

The accused was charged in connection with a speech at Rajhmundry in September.—A. P.

FROM ACCROSS THE SEAS

(Continued from Page 6.)

sia. Hence Mussolini's "nightmare of isolation," which has caused him to turn to Germany, and, in M. Guiscard's opinion, to Great Britain.

Ecclesiastics also come into M. Guiscard's study. He relates how Cardinal Vannutelli once created a mild sensation at an Embassy reception by asking for a glass of the Ambassador's burgundy when offered tea. He also records a good saying of the late Mgr. Duchesne.

Lunching with Count Primoli, a descendant of Napoleon's brother, Jerome, he said to his neighbour, who was also struggling with a tough fowl: "It is not a chicken, Madame, it is an eagle."

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The BOMBAY GARAGE

CHOWPATTY, BOMBAY.

FILM FARE FOR THE WEEK

"Swing Time" Retained At Pathe—"Girls' Dormitory" At Regal—"The Crime Of Dr. Forbes" At Empire—"The Tenth Man" At Excelsior—"High Tension" At Capitol

"The Tenth Man" at the Excelsior from Saturday.

"GIRL'S DORMITORY"

At The Regal

One of the most important cinema events in years will take place beginning to-day at the Regal Theatre when an exciting new personality, Simone Simon, makes her debut in the 20th Century-Fox productions, "Girls' Dormitory" Warm, young refreshing and vital with distinct magnetic appeal and reare, strange beauty, Miss Simone is being acclaimed the most important discovery in recent screen history. Herbert Marshall and Ruth Chatterton are starred with her, in an exceptional cast that features Constance Collier, J. Edward Bromberg, Dixie Dunbar, John Qualen and Shirley Deane. The film opens in an exclusive boarding school. Herbert Marshall is the director of the school, Ruth Chatterton, Constance Collier, J. Edward Blomberg, are important members of the faculty. The students are all young girls in their late 'teens, and all are daughters of wealthy families, sent to the school to complete their education. Beyond walls barred to men, the girls are taught and schooled in everything, except what the rules forbid—life and love. It is but a short time before graduation. Simone, a remarkably beautiful girl is about to leave the surroundings she has known for years—and the man she has youthfully loved almost as long, Herbert Marshall. On a dare, Simone asks Marsall to dance with her at a school social event. He refuses the girl, and, ashamed at the rebuff she runs off, to return just as a searching party is setting out to look for her. Ruth Chatterton is also in love with Marshall, but she conceals her affection behind an appearance of frienly co-operation. One of the teachers discovers a romantic love note evidently written by one of the girls. She brings the note to Marshall demanding that the girl be reprimanded at once. Behind the words of the letter Marshall sees that the girl was evidently creating a fictitious character in her mind. Simone is discovered to be the author of the note. Hailed before the faculty she admits writing it, but denies that the contents of the note are true. Ruth Chatterton takes her aside, and Simone reveals that she wrote the note, in a girlish mood, to Marshall, and that she is in love with the teacher. When Marshall is informed of Simone's statement, he realises that he, too, loves the young girl. In their romance, they find temporary happiness, but Simone overhears a conversation that makes her believe Marshall is really in love with Miss Chatterton. From this foundation, the film moves swiftly, strongly, to its climax replete with drama and suspense.

SHIRLEY TEMPLE IN "LITTLE COLONEL"

At The Plaza

The pet darling of millions of cine-fans, Shirley Temple, comes this week at the Plaza (Tilak Bridge, Dadar), in her most delightful charming and memorable comedy-drama "The Little Colonel". Shirley plays the winsome role of a brave child of a mother, who is disinherited and disowned by the father for marrying a young man against the parental wish. Shirley with her sweet innocence and her childlike pranks wins over the heart of this old fogey of her grandfather, not knowing him to be so, while the negro servant of the father played by Paul Robson, adds hilarity and laughter to the exquisite comedy. The popular star Lionel Barrymore is starred with Shirley Temple and they both give a very realistic performance. Let the kiddies not miss this splendid treat.

"Girls' Dormitory" at the Regal this week.

SILVER JUBILEE OF ADOLPH ZUKOR

Film World's Great Event

(BY LEW DA SILVA.)

Paramount Pictures Inc. propose to celebrate the Adolph Zukor Silver Jubilee as a tangible demonstration of affection for the organization's founder, who in 1937 rounds out 25 years of devotion and service to the Company he founded in 1912. In the United States and Canada it will take the form of a sales drive in which every human effort will be made to give Paramount product in greatest distribution it has ever had.

The Drive will commence on Mr. Zukor's birthday, January 7, and will continue throughout 17 weeks to the end of April.

The Drive is to actually get under way at a mammoth studio luncheon tendered to Mr. Zukor in Hollywood. This luncheon is to be one of the greatest human interest events in the history of pictures. It will be attended first of all by all of the currently great figures in the motion picture world, many of whom will journey from New York and other distant points for the purpose It is also planned to have present all of those still living among the pioneers who worked with Mr. Zukor in establishing Paramount organizations in New York and Hollywood. Certain of the old workers—electricians, property men, etc.—will be rounded up in New York and their expenses paid to California and back out of the private funds of executives whom the film industry has treated well.

The luncheon will be preceded in Hollywood by screening of two pictures. The first of these will be "Queen Elizabeth," the picture with which Mr. Zukor inaugurated long features as a vital step in film progress. The second will be "Champagne Waltz," the last word in film-musicals. The purpose in screening "Queen Elizabeth" will be to reveal to the modern world the fact that when he made his first feature picture Mr. Zukor was a great and enduring showman; with his newest miracle film he is still the world's greatest film showman.

A spectacular feature of the luncheon will consist of Mr. Zukor giving an electrical signal whereby screening of "Champaigne Waltz" will be commenced instantaneously in many parts of the United States as well as in many places throughout the world.

There will be special Adolph Zukor issues of Variety, Motion Picture Herald, Fan magazines, Fortune, etc. The tradepapers will also carry special supplements picturing in graphic form the progress of Paramount through the years. These supplements will later be available in book form.

There will be two trailors for the Silver Jubilee. The main one will be a two-reel subject, available for general release. It will picture the progress of Paramount, with an off-screen voice by Cecil B. de Mille or Lowell Thomas, and will be useful for screening well in advance of the beginning of the Jubilee celebration. The second trailor will be a regular theatre trailor for screening immediately in advance.

There will be presented to Mr. Zukor at the Hollywood luncheon a vast autograph book containing the signature of all those people in all parts of the world who were associated, earlier in his career, with him. These people will be Paramount stars, featured players and executives who are now living in other parts of the world.

HOLLYWOOD ANCESTRIES

Hollywood, like London, Paris, New York, or any city with traditions, has its ancestries.

Every day second, third and fourth generations are becoming more important on the screen. Famous theatrical families extending back two centuries or more are represented in pictures. And children of former stars of the screen are also beginning to take their places among successful players of to-day.

In "Romeo and Juliet", for instance, several of the oldest theatrical families in the world were represented. John Barrymore, playing Mercutio, of course is of the Drew-Barrymore clan, extending back nearly 150 years to the original Louisa Lane, first of the family to go on the stage, in London.

Reginald Denny, playing Benvolio, comes of an even older family. His first theatrical ancestor was a mummer, as actors were then called, two centuries ago, when to be an actor was considered disgraceful. In fact, that ancestor abandoned the family name on this account.

Denny's father, W. H. Denny, was one of the original stars at the Savoy in London, creating the Gilbert and Sullivan comic operas His mother was also a famous Savoyard.

Violet Kemble Cooper's family tree, a combination of the Kembles and the Coopers, also extends two hundred years back into British theatredom. So does Conway Tearle's.

Constance Collier, British actress now in Hollywood, is the third generation on the stage in her family the grand-daughter of a Portuguese dancer who brought her ballet to England. Both her parents were players.

Children of screen stars who have won fame in their own right includes Dolores Costello and her sister Helene, daughters of Maurice Costello, film idol of silent days; Francis X. Bushman, Jr., whose father was one of the greatest of former favourites; Ann Dvorak, daughter of Ann Lehr, star of silent pictures; Lon Chaney, Jr. son of "the man of a thousand faces", Cosmo Kyrle Bellow, son of the stage and screen star, Kyrle Bellow; Evelyn Laye, daughter of Gilbert Laye, British actor; Mady Christians, daughter of Rudolph Christians, European stage actor who came to American silent pictures in "Foolish Wives", Phillip Holmes, son of Taylor Holmes; Chester Morris, son of William Morris of stage and screen fame; Jean Hersholt, son of Claire Hersholt, Danish star; Barbara Denny, daughter of Reginald Denny.

Wallace Beery hopes to add his youthful Carol Ann to the list. She has already appeared with her father before the camera, and he is training her for a screen career.

"THE MAGNIFICENT BRUTE"

"The Magnificent Brute," "Big" Steve Andrews, a giant of a man, is torn between two blondes. He is a maker of steel, accustomed to the roar and glow and showering sparks of the flaming molten metal. But not accustomed to the wiles of women. Victor McLaglen, winner of the last Academy award for his outstanding screen performance, portrays in this Universal film "Big" Steve Andrews. In the steel mills, Big Steve finds the towering Bill Morgan, his bitterest enemy, already installed as "top" workman. Their hatred flames anew when he defeats Morgan in a test of strength. The tension is increased when Big Steve takes Morgan's girl away from him, and the revengeful Bill plots to ruin his rival by underhand means Then begins the struggle between the blondes for the possession of Steve. Binnie Barnes, as Della, scores the first victory. Jean Dixon, as Blossom, uses feminine strategy to gain the advantage. The climax pits Steve against Morgan in a stirring conflict, a battle of Titans. Victor McLaglen, winner of the 1935 Academy award, first rose to the height of film popularity in "What Price Glory." He won the award for his outstanding performance in "The Informer." Binnie Barnes, seen as the ravishing blonde who keeps the "Magnificent Brute" in a state of feverishly excited infatuation, first gained attention as Katherine Howard in "Henry VIII." She scored in "Diamond Jim," "Don Juan," "Sutter's Gold." Jean Dixon, the blonde widow who wants the "Magnificent Brute" for herself, is remembered for her excellent work in "My Man Godfrey," and "She Married her Boss." William Hall

(Continued on page 23)

"High Tension" at the Capitol this week.

"HIGH TENSION"

At The Capitol

You may not rate as much fan mail while you're about it, but you can move into the king row in Hollywood a lot faster playing "dirty dogs" on the screen that you can wait for the studios to start you out in hero parts. Brian Donlevy, the handsome young Irishman featured with Glenda Farrell, Norma Foster, Helen Wood and Robert McWade in "High Tension" the excitement-spiked Fox picture now at the Capitol Theatre, is firmly convinced of the above statement.

The film opens in a blaze of excitement with Foster rescuing Donlevy from a free-for-all in a waterfront saloon. Out to drown his sorrow because Glenda Farrell has given him the air, Donlevy gets into a brawl and is getting much the worst of it until Foster appears on the scene. Searing on women "for life" Donlevy and Foster go to sea where they go through a series of breath-taking adventures repairing the undersea cable lines. Return to shore, Donlevy, repentant, goes to Glenda's apartment to patch things up. Glenda, in the meantime, has acquired a new boy-friend who unknown to Donlevy, is the heavyweight champion of the world. Glenda deliberately enrages Donleby until he blows up and starts a fight with the champion. In the resulting melee, the fighter accidentally knocks himself out. Donlevy finally persuades Glenda to marry him, but she insists that he get a shore job, and to prove his good intentions, hold it for six months. Foster goes off on a particularly dangerous assignment while Donlevy chafes at the inaction of office routine. When trouble develops on the project, Donlevy gets into another argument with Glenda and goes off to help. Thrill follows thrill with the picture climaxed in an exciting sequence of breath-taking episodes at the bottom of the sea. Allan Dwan directed this Sol M. Wurtsel produced film. Lou Breslow and Edward Eliscu author the screen play from the story by J. Robert Bren and Norman Houston.

"The Big Broadcast of 1937" forthcoming star—Galaxy attraction at Pathe.

GONSALEZ GRAND OPERA CO.

At The Capitol

To the very welcome news already given announcing a forthcoming visit to the Capitol Theatre of the Gonsales Bros. Grand Opera Co., we are able to give such further details which the theatre-going public of Bombay will assuredly appreciate.

The Grand Opera Companies of the Gonsalez Bros. having previously visited India need no further introduction as the very high class of performances given have met with unqualified success wherever they have appeared.

After an absence of several years during which time they have added to their successes by very successful seasons in Australia and South Africa the Gonsales Bros. Grand Opera Company returns to us direct from Milan with an entirely new company of 56 persons all of whom are popular performers in the leading Italian theatres.

The Company has 4 Sopranos: Signorinas Nadia Poggioli, Ruisa Palarsini, Nunu Sanchioni and Anita Mazza; 2. Contraltos: Signorinas Anna Alinora and Bonaventura; 4 Tenors: Signori Vincenzo Jacobo, Carlo Alfieri, Alvaro Bandine and Pietro Morigi; 3 Baritones: Signori Carlo Andreoli, Francesco Nascimbene and Fernando Gusso and 2 Bass: Signori Giuseppe Flamine and Pietro Frigi.

With a full chorus, orchestra and ballet led by Signorina Lind Barroni, with the production in the capable hands of Signor Lingi Gardelli, the theatre-going public of Bombay can be assured of having Grand Opera as is given in the theatres of the Continent, conducted by the famous brothers Signori Giovanni and Ernesto Gonsalez, too well-known in the theatrical world to need any introduction from us.

A bumper season is anticipated and early booking is necessary to avoid disappointment.

"SWING TIME" BRILLIANT ASTAIRE AND ROGERS MUSICAL

Retained At Pathe

With their newest vehicle, 'Swing Time' retained at the Pathe Theatre, Fred Astaire and Ginger Rogers deliver the most tuneful and captivating film musical of their career. In story, songs, dances, comedy, situations, supporting cast, and production "Swing Times" tops its predecessors. The noted dou present a spectacular fast-moving double-triangle romantic travesty that holds the audience until the final fade-out.

The two stars again offer their amazing dancing, with the intriguing "The Waltz in Swing Time" taking rank with their previous "Carioca" and "Continental", Jerome Kern's haunting melodies. Dorothy Fields' sprightly lyrics, the gorgeous "Bojangles" scenic creation by John Harkrider, the notable efforts of a well-chosen cast and George Stevens' adroit direction all combine to make RKO Radio's "Swing Time" an entertainment of the finest kind.

The story deals with Astaire's arrival in New York as an impecunious freelance sport, bent upon making enough money to return to his home town and marry his fiancee, Betty Furness. But his ardour for this programme fades when he encounters Miss Rogers, a teacher in a dancing academy. The plot is further complicated by the attentions showered on Miss Rogers by Georges Metaxa, an orchestra leader, and by the well-meaning but nearly fatal efforts of Victor Moore and Helen Broderick to smooth out the path of true love.

All in all, "Swing Time" is just about perfect. Be sure to put it on your list of "must see" attractions the big production number being "Bojangles of Harlem", an ensemble led by Astaire in burnt cork.

"Swing Time" with Ginger Rogers and Fred Astaire retained at Pathe.

"The Crime Of Dr. Forbes" with Gloria Stuart at the Empire.

TRAINER GIVES HIS TEAM KRUSCHEN

"Daily Dose" For Footballers

SAYS IT KEEPS THEM FIT AND PREVENTS STALENESS

When you watch a football match do you ever envy the players their energy and vitality? Do you ever wish that you, too, were as active and full of zest as they are? Well, read what a professional trainer does to keep his team in tip-top condition:—

"I am a professional trainer at present with a first-class football team, and have been for the past fourteen years. The benefit of Kruschen Salts has been wonderful both as a laxative and in keeping the men free from staleness. Each morning I see that every man under me takes a small amount of Kruschen Salts to assist the liver and kidneys. I have used Kruschen with all types of athletes, and also extensively among my private patients. I am a certified Masseur, and where I have been called in to attend to cases of loss of vitality, rheumatism, or neuritis, I always recommend Kruschen Salts."—J.J.J. (Certified Masseur).

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Il Duce Up Against League Internationality

Move To Replace Italian Representatives By Fascist "Yes-Men"

GENEVA, (By Mail).

The principle of internationality in the League of Nations Secretariat is being challenged by Italy. The Secretary General of the League, M. Joseph Avenol, has been in Rome conferring with Foreign Minister Ciano about the matter.

The principle of internationality and impartiality of the League Secretariat was insisted on from the first by Lord Balfour and Sir Eric Drummond and, since 1932, a declaration of loyalty in the above sense has been made by League officials. The Secretariat is appointed by the Secretary General and it is specifically established that its members are "exclusively international officials, having international and not national duties. They are responsible to the Secretary General and may not seek, or receive, instructions from any Government."

FASCIST GRIP.

Now Fascist Italy has never publicly challenged this principle, but an Italian law of 1927 ordered that, even in international institutions such as the League and the I.L.O., no Italian may take a post without the approval of the Italian Government. Failure to comply was punished with heavy penalties. Apparently, Italy considered its nationals abroad first and foremost as national servants and only incidentally as international officials.

Now it is reported that Mussolini is dissatisfied with the enthusiasm shown by Italians in the League Secretariat over the conquest of Ethiopia. He would like to replace them with Fascist "yes men." What that would do to the League Secretariat is obvious. Whether Mussolini will succeed in further nullifying the League will depend on the courage of M. Avenol and on the support he receives from the British and French representatives on the Council—Nofrontier News).

FASCISM—GREEK STYLE

ATHENS (By Mail).

Greek Fascism has added a new trick to the widely practised methods of oppression of its sister dictatorships, as is evidenced by a recent incident. A flurry of excitement was witnessed on a prominent street and when it was over, it was found that three or four young men had been arrested for distributing anti-Fascist leaflets. Several days later five young men were exiled without trial, but they were not the ones who had distributed the anti-Fascist literature. The arrest scene was either staged or it was an act of agents provocateures.

Property, personal liberty and honour are in the hands of the illiterate gendarmes, the defenders of the "New Reich." The system seems to be to arrest first the leaders of the working classes and then some people from every town, irrespective of their political opinons, and exile them to uninhabited islands. In this way the people are terrorised, Censorship is, being systematised to include every single piece of mail.

PUNISHED FOR MAKE-UP

"Mad as a Turk" just about describes the state of the school teachers in Istanbul, who have been forbidden by Saffet Arikan, Minister of Education, to use cosmetics, powder, rouge, and paint on their finger-nails. Neither are they allowed to wear jewellery or short skirts. A heavy tax falls on those who infringe this law! But Turkish women are not the only ones to suffer from such queer taxes. The tax on Italian bachelors has been increased by about twenty shillings a year, and in Czechoslovakia those who place headstones on their dogs' graves are mulcted £3-8s.-6d. In some parts of France dogs are taxed according to weight.

ANDREWS' TIP TO HINDI WRITERS

Get Rid Of Idea Of Tying Down Language To One Set Of Root Words

SHANTINIKETAN, (By Mail.)

Speaking at the Hindu Society at Shantiniketan, Mr. C. F. Andrews said:—

"One of the things which Hindi writers must be prepared to do is to bring into the Hindi vocabulary many more of the Persian words, which have become common place over north India, for only in this manner shall we be able to meet the natural wishes of the Muhammedans, who speak Urdu. This will not in any way injure the Hindi language itself because every living language of the world finds its growth by increasing its own vocabulary. The English language has adopted into its vocabulary many Persian and Hindi words, which have become part of the English language. The English people have in a remarkable manner taken, from every country of the world, certain words for the English vocabulary. This makes English a very rich language and I would repeat that those, who write modern Hindi to make their language richer every day not only by using the beautiful old Sanskrit words but also a considerable number of Persian words, that have become a part of the spoken language, so that they can make themselves easily understood not only in the Hindi speaking provinces but also in Sind and Gujerat and also in Bengal. We have to get rid of the idea of keeping the language tied to one single set of root words. Languages have adventures of ideas and thoughts as well as the human beings who speak them. And I cannot emphasise too strongly that the true growth of a language comes not by limiting it to one single source but rather by the rich expansive process of taking into the language itself, with the utmost hospitality, words that are in common use in and around its borders. Thus, I believe that Hindi will have to follow this process and take many words from the living languages of the south as well as the north if it is truly to become the great national lingua franca of India.

"These of course are only my own inner thoughts as a lover of India, who has studied world culture in its different language, expressions. We who are really and truly missionaries of Hindi must not be narrow and exclusive in our missionary work. We must be rather comprehensive and expansive.

Mussolini Rewards Italian Olympic Winners With Cash

In sports as in other walks of life, Benito Mussolini is only interested in first place winners.

A mediocre statesman, artist, industrialist or athlete can never hope to receive Il Duce's dispassionate admiration. He only understands "perfezione"—perfection. Champions the world over, no matter in which field their activities may lie, can rest assured that Mussolini holds them in high esteem.

Further evidence of Il Duce's mentality in regard to outstanding individuals, was afforded recently when he received Italian athletes who had placed either first, second or third at the Berlin Olympiad.

The athletes assembled in the spacious Guards Hall of the Venice Palace, Il Duce's bailiwick. Mussolini strode in, took one quick look at the group and headed straight as an arrow for the one and only woman representative, Ondina Valla, gold medal Olympics winner of the 80-metre hurdles event. He virtually ignored all others who included such star performers as Luigi Beccali, Girgio Oberwheger and Mario Lanzi.

An Italian sports official present at the ceremony revealed to the United Press that Signorina Valla blushed the reddest tint but Il Duce commenced praising her no end just the same. He told her how pleased he was to see a woman champion especially after Italian women have co-operated so valiantly with the government during the sanctionist era.

Next in line to enjoy preferential treatment came the fencers, football players and tiny Ulderico Sergo who clutched the Olympic bantamweight boxing title. The Premier had warm words of praise for all these and primarily for the football players who, he said, won their final match against Austria amid "prolonged discouragement of a packed stadium which tirelessly cheered the Austrian on to victory."

Of the fencers, Il Duce declared that he well knew the valour of Italian blades. Tiny Sergo, on the other hand, received a compliment Mussolini kept his right arm around the boxer's shoulders while he distributed the awards.

Having finished with individual praising, Il Duce addressed the entire group of athletes. In a slow stern voice he told them that he was "fed up" with Italians placing second and third in major field and track competitions. He indicated in so many words that the new motto must be "first place or—bust!" He also advised them to indulge in serious training for the flag might be hoisted on the Olympic post more frequently than it was at Berlin.

A grand cheer went up when Il Duce assured the athletes that the 1944 Olympic games will be held in Rome. He strongly hinted, however, that the chances for a Rome Olympiad were dependent on what progress would be made in coming years and the subsequent possibilities of Italian "first place winners."

The athletes left Venice Palace with "fat" envelopes in their hands. It was learned that each person who had placed first at the Berlin games received a 5,000 lire cheque Second and third place winners were given 3,000 and 1,500 lire cheque respectively. Naturally football players and the yachtmen who won at Kiel, each received 5,000 lire donations.

Mussolini also remembered star athletes who are fathers or soon expect to marry. An Olympic first place victory brings with it an insurance policy of 10,000 lire for the athelete's first child. If the athlete lowers a world's record, the insurance sum is 5,000 lire while improvement of a national record entitles him to a 3,000 lire policy.

SRI RAMAKRISHNA *GURUKUL*

Report Of Work Done By Institution

Started as a Lower Primary Vernacular School with but two classes and a total strength of 140 pupils, the Institution became a full-fledged Lower Secondary School with 9 classes and 312 pupils in 1933. In 1934 the first upper secondary class was opened and the grand total of pupils receiving instructions in the several sections rose to 420. At the close of the academic year ending 31st March 1935, there were 8 classes with 338 pupils on the rolls. Of these 172 were Harijans. The rural reconstruction and general uplift work under the head of Harijan Housing, Rural Centre Health and Sanitation, Economic Relief, etc., also continued to expand.

This is a collateral development of the cultural section. It consists of two departments. One of them, recognised by the Government, is the Industrial School which trains students in cloth weaving, mat weaving, drawing, needle work, music and folk dances, and coaches them up for the Government Industrial Examinations.

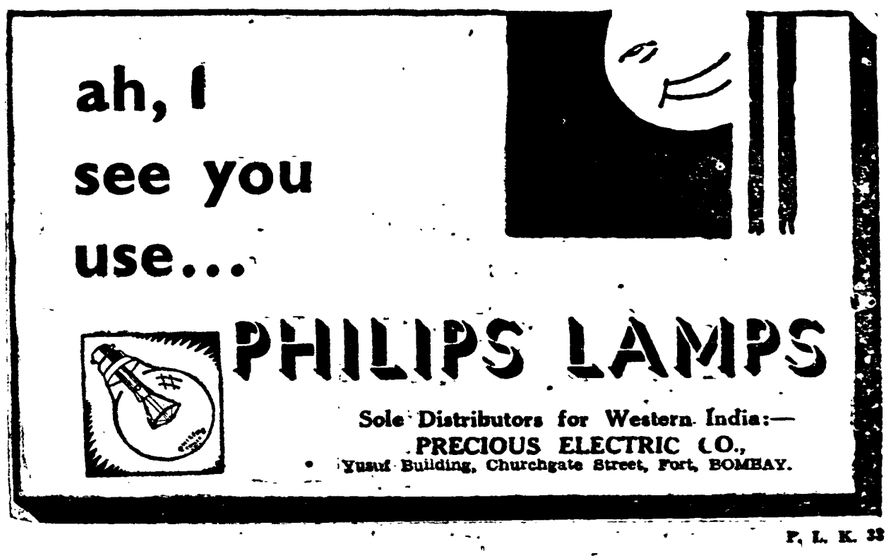
As agriculture is one of the main occupations in the village, the institution provides for part time training in gardening and agriculture along with general education.

HARIJAN COLONY.

To enable Harijans to live a life of freedom and to make them accessible to progressive forces the management has long been considering the necessity of establishing a colony. The Government was approached in this connection and they have sanctioned towards the end of 1934, the opening of a Harijan Colony near the Gurukul. About 30 families have already shifted to the new site.

The Ashram owns over 17 acres of land in three plots. In 1933 it had only five buildings to accommodate all the departments. The Gurukul buildings, for which Mahatmaji laid the foundation stone last year, are yet to be constructed, and a separate shrine has become an urgent necessity.

The management of the institute appeal to the public for funds to enable it to carry on its work.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P. L. K. 33

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MAY I PLAY WITH YOU?
WE DON'T WANT YOU—YOU CAN'T EVEN RUN.
I'M WORRIED ABOUT BRIJLAL, HE'S ALWAYS MOPING.
WHY NOT LET THE DOCTOR HAVE A LOOK AT HIM?
SO I THOUGHT I WOULD SEE YOU, DOCTOR.
GROWING CHILDREN SO OFTEN USE UP ENERGY QUICKER THAN THEY CAN REPLACE IT, AND SUFFER FROM ENERVATION. I ALWAYS RECOMMEND HORLICK'S.
AND EVERY NIGHT
LATER
GOOD-BYE, MOTHER—I'M GOING TO PLAY CRICKET WITH RAMDAS.

Children often overtax their ENERGY RESERVES

IF a child is listless and tired it's so often because he's overtaxing his energy reserves—suffering from ENERVATION. You see, in addition to growing, children use up more energy for their size than grown-ups, just in playing and running about—no wonder the strain is sometimes too much for them.

Horlick's given regularly at mid-morning or at bed-time provides children with just those vital nourishing elements they need for growth and extra energy. They like its taste, and it gives them a new sturdiness and vigour.

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Financial Survey

Repercussions Of British Rearmament

Stability Of Pound And Balance Of Trade Threatened

(By Our London Correspondent).

LONDON, Nov. 25.

The Lancashire Indian Cotton Committee has received a representation from the Karachi Cotton Association asking it to give serious consideration to the question of steamer freight on cotton between India and the United Kingdom, which the cotton merchants of Karachi feel is very high and militates against the purchase of Indian cotton by the United Kingdom.

The Karachi merchants point out that during the seasons 1933-34 and 1934-35 the steamer freight on cotton between India and the United Kingdom averaged between 17s. and 24s. per ton of 40 cubic feet, the average being 20s. Since October, 1935, however, the rate began to rise, reaching as high a figure as 35s. There seems to be no valid reason, says the representation, to account for this sudden rise. From April 1936, onwards the rate is being maintained at 30s. While weighing the relative advantages of any trade agreement between India and the United Kingdom, on the one hand, and India and Japan, on the other, the cotton trade cannot fail to notice the following position:

Karachi-United Kingdom freight on 100 bales of an average of 28.5 tons at 30s. per ton with the exchange at 1s. 6d. per rupee worked out at Rs. 570, while Karachi-Japan freight on the same number of bales at 4 yen (net excluding rebate) per bale with the exchange at 77-1/8 worked out at Rs. 308-8-0. The difference in freights on 100 bales thus came to Rs. 261-8-0, equivalent to about 4s. per bale.

The Karachi Cotton Association thus points out that either the British manufacturer using Indian cotton has to pay 4s. per bale more or the Indian cotton grower gets 4s. per bale less as compared with the cotton shipped to Japan.

TALKS ON NEW TRADE PACT.

Meanwhile Mr. Tom Stewart, late Commerce Secretary to the Government of India and Commerce Member of the Viceroy's Council designate has already arrived in London on leave to put himself at the disposal of the India Office to help it and the Indian High Commissioner in the final negotiations in connection with the new trade agreement between India and the United Kingdom. The proposals of the United Kingdom, as it must be known in India, have just reached Delhi, simultaneously when Indian proposals reached London to be examined by the experts of the Board of Trade. Speculation in City circles centres at present on the names of the two unofficial Indians who are to come to London to assist in the new negotiations, as it is reported that they are to be fully representative of trade interests in India, and are to be extreme nationalists, who will enjoy the confidence of the Indian Congress Parliamentary Party.

REARMAMENT SEQUEL

Meanwhile some people in Britain believe that British rearmament is affecting her balance of trade by threatening the stability of the pound sterling. Of course, the threat is not taken very seriously at present although many agree that if the pace of the rearmament race continues to accelerate rapidly the time may come when the pound will have to be allowed to depreciate. It is pointed out that rearmament affects the balance of trade in two ways. It leads to increased imports of the raw materials required for armaments and also of certain manufactured articles like machine tools. At the same time it checks exports because many British producers, that is, of steel, are so fully occupied with armament orders that they are unable or not anxious to produce for export. This has had an effect in the trade figures for the current year. For the ten months to October imports are up £76 millions, and exports only £15 millions. Thus the excess of imports, the adverse balance, is £61 million higher at £276 millions: and for the whole year it will probably amount to £350|355 millions, an increase of £90 millions. Fortunately for Britain, there is reason to believe that her "visible exports," that is, the sums due to her from abroad for interest on her overseas investments, the use of her ships, and so on, will show so large an expansion this year that they will reduce the final adverse balance to quite manageable proportions.

At nominal values some £1,190,000,000 of British capital is invested in Latin-American securities quoted on the London Stock Exchange. The average return received on this sum last year was 1.8 per cent, compared with 1.6 per cent in 1934 but 4.5 per cent in 1929. In respect of over half the total the return was in fact nothing. It is somewhat invidious in default of some measure of the relative burden of overseas payment on the national income or on the trade balance to judge this or that country as an investment prospect by the percentage of the total foreign capital on which it is failing to pay a return. But some disconcerning results are certainly obtained by this method. Nine out of ten investors would single out Argentina and Brazil respectively as the Latin-American republics with the best and worst investment records. In point of fact, according to the "South American Journal," the average return on British capital invested in Argentina last year at 2.4 per cent was well below that of Ecuador and Nicaragua (5 per cent), Venezuela (3.5 per cent), and Uruguay 3 per cent. No less than 45 per cent of the total capital in Argentina was without any return at all, the similar proportion in the case of Brazil being only 28 per cent. But more British capital has been invested in Argentina than in any of the other republics. As to types of investment, bank investments, by this method, are faring the worst, with railway stocks running them close, and Government bonds the best.

Despite official denials rumours persist in French banking and financial quarters that M. Blum's Government is negotiating for an important Government loan in the United States. It is reported that certain offers have been made for the settlement of the outstanding French war debt to Washington. According to reports, France wishes to contract loan for £200,000,000 at 4 per cent, redeemable in 25 years. It would have the option of repaying the loan after the first 10 years. The interest, as well as amortisation, would be paid and the bonds reimbursed in the United States dollars at a specified weight of gold.

MORGAN IN PARIS

The negotiations have been proceeding for some weeks through Mr. Pierpont Morgan, who was recently in Paris. According to the "Journal des Finance," the two following conditions have been made by the United States: (1) Out of the total amount of, it is suggested, 1,000,000,000 dollars, 50,000,000 dollars should be paid by France on account of the suspended war debt to the United States. (2) France should give an undertaking that during a certain period the franc would not be further devalued, because devaluation below 43 milligrams of gold would make it difficult to keep the American dollar at its present level. Should the negotiations succeed, the French Treasury would be provided with ample funds to enable it to reach the spring of 1937 without having to make any serious inroad into internal resources.

According to the "Journal des Finances," it is the intention of the French Government to take the first favourable opportunity of issuing an internal loan to cover the heavy expenditure for defence.

MEDIUM-TERM REICH LOAN

A strong appeal to German industry to invest in the 500,000,000-mark medium-term Reich loan (the subscription list for which closes at the end of the month) was made by the head of the Reich Chamber of Trade, Dr. Hecker. He declared that "subscription to the loan is a national duty." It was a new and important step for the consolidation of the existing short-term debt, and it would secure the continuance without friction of German rearmament, the execution of the four-year plan, and, by bringing money into the capital market, would give support to the campaign against rising prices. Industry is called upon, therefore, "to fulfil its duty without reservation and with cheerful readiness."

Special and repeated appeals to industry have been necessary for previous loans which have finally been taken up mainly by industry, the banks, and the insurance companies. The latest appeal indicates that money for the present loan is coming in the Government chest slowly. The difficulty of raising the means to finance the four-year plan is reflected in the heavy fall in foreign securities on the German stock exchanges in the past few days. The investing public fears that the Government intends to raise a form of forced loan through compelling holders of foreign stocks in Berlin to surrender them in exchange for Reich Government issues. The result has been to cause heavy offerings of foreign stocks by their German owners. Holders have been selling out fast, and frequently there have been virtually no buyers—at least, among the public.

INSPECTING SCHEMES IN OPERATION

Vice-Chairman Of Imperial Council Of Agricultural Research Will Tour India

NEW DELHI, (By Mail.)

Mr. N. C. Mehta, Vice-Chairman, Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, will be leaving Delhi on tour and will be back here by the end of this month.

During his tour, Mr. Mehta will visit Nagpur, Madras, Trivandrum, Bangalore, Coimbatore, and Anakapalle, where he will inspect the various schemes financed by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research in operation.

Among the schemes in operation, mention may be made of the Central Provinces Orange scheme and the Central Provinces Sann Hemp scheme, now being worked at Nagpur, for which the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research have made a grant of nearly Rs. 71,000 and Rs. 11,000 respectively for a period of five years from November last. Another important research scheme in operation in the Central Provinces and now being worked at Raipur, which will also be examined is the Central Provinces Rice Research Scheme, for which the Imperial Council had made a grant of about a lakh of rupees for five years from 1932.

SCHEMES IN OPERATION.

The schemes in operation in Madras include the investigation of cattle diseases in the Presidency for which a grant of Rs. 50,000 has been made by the Imperial Council, and the Madras Animal Nutrition scheme now being worked at Coimbatore, for which again a further grant of nearly Rs. 50,000 has been made for a period of five years from April 1935. Two important sugarcane research schemes are also being financed by the Imperial Council, one of which involving investigation on sugarcane genetics is making good progress at Coimbatore, while the other is in operation at Annakapalle.

For the first, the Imperial Council has made a grant of Rs. 37,400 for a period of five years, and for the second of Rs. 1¼ lakhs, also for a period of five years. A further scheme which it is proposed shortly to start at Madras is Dr. Ekambaram's scheme of research on the developmental morphology and anatomy of sugarcane and sorghum hybrids and of the wild saccharums, for which the Imperial Council has sanctioned a grant of Rs. 8,600.

The research schemes in operation in Bangalore, financed by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, are the Mysore Fish Poisons Scheme, the Mysore Johne's Disease scheme, the Sewage Farm investigations, and investigations of quality in crops. These last two investigations are being carried on at the Indian Institute of Science at Bangalore and are being assisted from the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research with grants of nearly Rs. 5,000 and Rs. 5,400 respectively. For the Fish Poison scheme, a grant of a little over Rs. 15,000 has been made, and for the Johne's Disease scheme a grant of Rs. 20,400.

For investigations into the diseases of cocoanut leaf and root, a sum of Rs. 2,500 has been granted by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, and it is proposed to start the scheme shortly at Trivandrum.

COCOANUT MARKETING.

Mr. Mehta will avail himself of the opportunity afforded by his visit to the South India to study at first hand the problem of cocoanut marketing, in consultation with the State authorities of Travancore and Cochin, the two Indian States which produce the largest quantity of cocoanuts.

Mr. Mehta will also attend the meetings of the Animal Husbandry Conference at Madras.—United Press.

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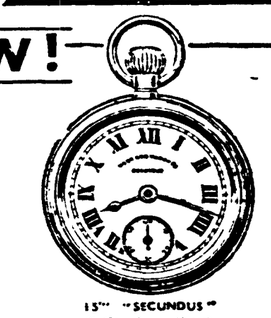

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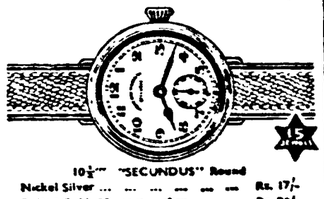

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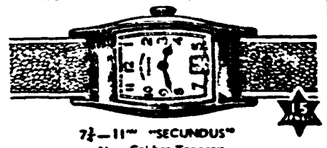

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BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Sir Jehangir Boman-Behram's Manifesto

I am standing as a candidate for election to the Bombay Legislative Assembly from Bombay City South General Constituency (Urban.)

I have been a member of the Bombay Municipal Corporation for the last seventeen years continuously. I have served on the Standing Committee and the Schools Committee of the Corporation for long periods and I have had the honour of being the Chairman of both the bodies. Finally, as President of the Municipal Corporation I had the signal honour of being the first to be styled the Mayor of Bombay.

It gives me pleasure to mention that the Municipal Corporation has expressed its confidence in me by electing me as their representative to such bodies as the Bombay Port Trust. The Acworth Leper Asylum, the G.I.P. Railway Advisory Board and to the Managing Committee of the V. J. T. Institute. In these various bodies I have used my best endeavours to discharge the trust reposed in me.

As a member of the Corporation it has been my one aim to promote the welfare of our great City and to serve the best interests of my electorate. This has led me to take active share in the shaping of every important measure concerning our City that has been agitated in the Corporation.

Besides civic activities I have devoted no small part of my time and energy to several Institutions for Social Welfare and uplift of the poor. It is not necessary, however, to dwell at length on this side of my public career which may be left to speak for itself.

With this record of public activities to my credit I now approach you with the request to give me a chance to do such further service as I can to the City and the Country in a larger sphere by electing me as your representative to the Bombay Legislative Assembly. I shall steadfastly follow there the policy of disinterested public service which I have hitherto pursued in my public career. I do not happen to bear any particular political label; but in political matters, I shall consider it my sacred duty as an Indian first and last to support every cause that may tend to promote the good of the Country and Nation as a whole.

I must however state that I do not hold out promises of a political millennium, but I believe that by working the new Constitution much can be done towards advancing education, agriculture and industry. Particularly I have always taken a keen interest in Education and it will be my policy in the Legislature to strive for a new orientation in our educational system calculated to rid it of the serious evils which at present affect it. In a word, my electorate will not find me wanting in efforts to bring about such constructive achievements as the New Legislature will permit of and thus establish our claim to a further and substantial measure of self-government.

Having these constructive aims in view, I have no desire to criticise or run down any party or personality holding different political views. It is my hope that every Indian, whatever his political professions, will keep Unity as his watchword whenever any question of the moral and material good of the people is concerned.

J. B. BOMAN-BEHRAM.

"This Inhuman Practice Should Be Stopped"

'PHUKA' IS "DISGRACE TO ALL THAT IS BEST" SAYS VICEROY

"Serious Drain Of Live Stock Wealth Caused By Premature Slaughter"

The Director of Public Information has issued the following Press Note.

An estimate of the serious drain on the livestock wealth of the country caused by the premature slaughter in big Indian cities of large numbers of dry cows and she-buffaloes, referred to by His Excelency, the Viceroy in his recent speech at the Delhi Pinjrapole, when he presented to this institution six dry cows and one dry buffalo, may be had from the fact that roughly 26,000 she-suffaloes were previously slaughtered every year in Bombay city, while in Calcutta about 36,000, and in Madras about 7,000 milch cows are similarly slaughtered. A considerable proportion of these animals are young, and would have been valuable animals if preserved and bred from as the best young cattle available with good milking capacity, which have just calved or are about to calve, are purchased for milk production in these cities. There they are maintained in congested byres, without proper feed and exercise. No good bulls are kept for breeding, and it is understood that they are also subjected to certain pernicious practices, of which 'phuka' is the most notorious.

Though full evidence is not available yet, it is believed, that these conditions under which milch animals are maintained and the pernicious practices to which they are subjected render a proportion of them sterile, but they are sold to the butcher when they go dry after the first lactation in the city primarily because it is so costly to maintain cattle in the cities, that the dairy men cannot afford to keep even the best young cow a day after her milk yield falls below a certain level. This drain from the breeding areas of good young cattle is steadily depleting the valuable livestock wealth of the country and the drain occurs not merely in quantity but also in quality. When the supply from areas in the neighbourhood of cities is exhausted, the buyers go farther and farther away and purchase only the very best animals available to cover their increased cost of transport. When, therefore, the inevitable slaughter comes at the end of their first lactation, it is the very best animals that are eliminated.

PREMATURE SLAUGHTER.

The Government of India have had this problem of premature slaughter of milch cattle under consideration, and in consultation with provincial Governments are examining ways and means of salvaging those cattle which it would be economic to preserve. But the problem is a very complex one, and a complete solution would necessitate action in various directions including some special legislation. The first essential however, is to discourage or to prohibit the maintenance of cattle in cities, and to obtain supplies of milk from rural areas, as is done for cities in other parts of the world. London and New York, for example, receive their daily supplies of milk from farm dairies situated within a radius of 50 to 300 miles. This of course connotes the development of dairy districts in the neighbourhood of cities. An attempt to develop in this direction has already been made in Bombay city, which has for some time past been trying to develop a dairy district 70 miles away from the city. But for such attempts to be successful, adequate protection must at the same time be given to the honest dairyman from the unscrupulous city vendor, usually unlicensed who sells adulterated products and can always undersell the honest vendor by adding more water. Steps are being taken with a view to tighten up the existing legislation or to introduce fresh regulations to ensure the development of sound dairying, but this is a matter in which the consumers and municipal authorities must take the initiative

FREIGHT REDUCTION SEQUEL.

Reduction of railway freight, to encourage the return of dry cows to the areas of their origin or to grazing tracts outside the city, is another direction in which attempts are being made to tackle the problem and a Bombay experiment on these lines shows signs of success. The B. B. & C. I. Railway introduced a special concession rate of three annas per wagon mile (as against the usual rate of four annas per mile) up to a distance of 340 miles from Bombay for dry buffaloes for three months from the 15th June, which permits of such cattle being returned to the grazing areas in Baroda. The concession was introduced in 1935, and the number returned during the concession period showed an increase of 923 over 3399 returned during the same period of the previous year. A special slaughter fee of Rs. 15 per buffalo is also levied in Bombay, where the milk supply is almost entirely from buffaloes. These two measures together appear to have been responsible for reducing the annual slaughter of good milch buffaloes from about 26,000 to 16,000. In Madras, where most of the milch cattle are brought from Nellore, a flat concession rate of Rs. 10 per cow is charged for conveyance back to that district. As regards Calcutta the East Indian Railway has just reduced the freight on dry cows to 2 annas per wagon mile. A wagon, it may be mentioned, carries 6 to 10 heads.

DRY STOCK AREA.

A further method of approach to the problem is being attempted in Bengal, where the Directors of Agriculture and Veterinary Services have, in collaboration, prepared a scheme for developing a dry stock area in one of the most suitable districts of the Province where dry cows could be maintained at low cost and from where they could be returned to city, at low, cost, on recalving. The scheme involves heavy capital expenditure, and the position is not yet clear as to the proportion of such cows which may prove sterile but proposals with this object in view are under consideration.

While presenting 6 cows and one she buffalo to the Delhi Pinjrapole, the Viceroy referred to the practice called 'phuka,' which he described as "a disgrace to all that is best in India." As few people have anything but a vague idea of the cruelty involved in this practice, it may be worth while to mention what it actually is.

'Phuka' is the practice of blowing air or injecting salt water through a bamboo pipe into the vagina of a cow. In the case of the she-buffaloes, either the tail of the animal, or a bundle of straw, sufficiently thick in diameter and nearly a cubit long, or even the hand of a man is thrust in.

PAINFUL PROCESS.

It is stated that the process is so painful, that the animal groans most pitifully, the back becomes arched, the eyes bulge out as if in extreme pain, the animal starts shivering and generally fights shy of anyone who approaches its tail. The object is to prolong the lactation period, even when the animal is without any calf, and also to get the milk which the animal instinctively keeps back for her offspring. But the extra quantity of milk obtained by this inhuman method is believed to be small.

It is to be hoped, therefore, that there will be considerable public support to the Viceroy's determination to stop and root out what His Excellency justly described as a grossly cruel and inhuman practice.

INDO-CANADIAN TRADE PROSPECTS

NEW DELHI, Dec. 11.

Possibilities of increasing India's trade with Canada are revealed in reports from the Trade Department of the High Commissioner in London.

Recently, there was held in Toronto the 58th Canadian National Exhibition, which attracts exhibitors and customers all over America and other parts of the world. The Trade Department of the High Commissioner has begun to take part in this exhibition and reports optimisticallly upon opportunities.

A report states:—

"The general public in Canada have not taken a great deal of interest in Indian products and their commercial possibilities up to this time, but since the Trade Department's displays at this Exhibition have been started, they have had valuable opportunities of becoming better acquainted with them.

"Thousands of people visited the Indian stall this year. In fact, it was regarded as one of the most popular attractions in the Exhibition. These visitors came not only from all over Canada, but also from New York and from some of the less distant towns in the United States of America. The publicity thus acquired for Indian goods was very considerable."—United Press.

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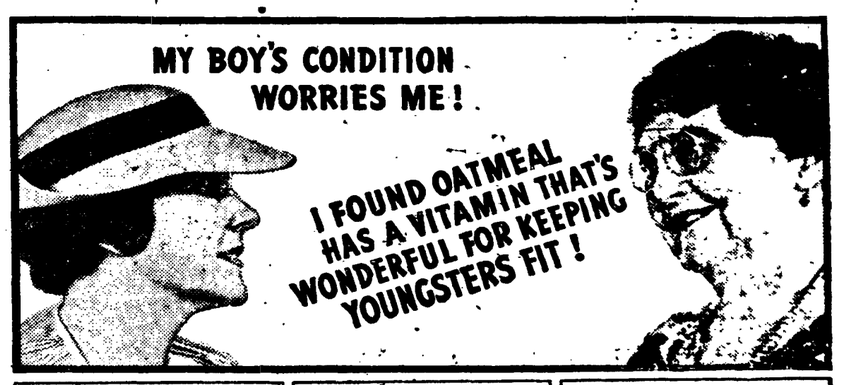

I FOUND OATMEAL HAS A VITAMIN THAT'S WONDERFUL FOR KEEPING YOUNGSTERS FIT!

HER STORY— MY LITTLE JIMMIE WAS A NERVOUS FIDGET. DIDN'T GAIN AS HE SHOULD. WAS ALWAYS HIGH-STRUNG AND RESTLESS.

I NEVER DREAMED DIET HAD ANYTHING TO DO WITH IT. THEN SUDDENLY I READ A MAGAZINE ARTICLE BY A FAMOUS DOCTOR ON THE VITAL IMPORTANCE OF VITAMIN B FOR KEEPING FIT! HOW IT COMBATS CERTAIN DISORDERS OF NERVOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION AND LOSS OF APPETITE.

I LEARNED MIGHTY FEW FOODS HAVE THIS VITAMIN B, BUT THAT QUAKER OATS HAS LOTS OF IT — IT'S DONE HIM A WORLD OF GOOD!

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THE ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE ENTERTAINMENT

Students Spring Pleasant Surprise

(By Our "Dramatic Critic")

A somewhat lengthy programme of the entertainment on Thursday at the C. J. Hall, arranged to aid the "Poor Students' Fund" of the Elphinstone College Social Service League was relieved by some pleasant surprises. In a programme burdened with playlets and dances the instrumental solos were obviously out of place. The simple backcloths and wings were thoughtfully placed. And, "Ramnak" Devi reached the tragic "Sati" end in an equally subdued and simple manner which perfectly expressed the feelings of that moment. That was one of the pleasant surprises.

"Char Chitani Vache" was another. It was a sketch from life. I wish there was less noise across the footlights and more scope for the players harassed by the noise. If some of the characters were not so obviously pleased with their witticisms, the audience would have had the chance to appreciate the acting of Srimati Vidya Kanuga who brought to life the type and age of "Vennigauri." Next only to her was the interpretation of "Zanubhai" by Syt. Jayant Gandhi.

But "Kirkit Nritya" a dance parody of cricket was the biggest surprise of the evening. It was universally appreciated and made every one collapse into laughter. The light satire on dancing mannerisms, the ludicrous aspect of sport, the exaggerated movements, costumes and gestures were in indisputable harmony with the main purpose of the dance skit. The "Gopi-Nritya," in Manipuri technique and in Assam-Javanese costume, by Srimati Lalita Devi was well received and indicate an increased pliancy of movement and gestures one observed in her dances formerly.

The "Garba" after the interval was the best led and consumed of the "Garbas" of the evening. The 'Gramotsava" was picturesque but very feebly reminiscent of the dance ideas of Udaya Shankar. "Amari Ordi" was singularly inappropriate, in subject instrument and taste.

AIRCRAFT MOVEMENT ON FRONTIER

NEW DELHI, Dec. 11.

A communique states:—On 9th December, our troops occupied the Jaler camp on Jaler-Algad without opposition. A few of the enemy were seen. The road head has reached Jaler camp. Aircraft dispersed a small party of hostiles in the prescribed area. The night of 9th/10th December was quiet and there was no sniping of Jaler camp although a few shots were fired at the camp piquet. There were no casualties. Light rain is falling to-day in the Khaisoa area.—A.P.

Two New Burma Ministers

RANGOON, Dec. 11.

A Gazette Extraordinary issued to-day states:—

"His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint U Ba Pe and U Thein Maung, Barrister, to be Ministers for administration of Transferred Subjects.

It is hereby notified that the aforesaid Ministers have, on the forenoon of this day, taken the execution of their offices."—United Press.

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—B. G. HORNIMAN in "Sentinel."

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DEVIKA RANI
WITH
ASHOK KUMAR
6th WEEK
AT
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PRABHAT'S
AMAR JYOTI
The Record-Breaking Picture of 1936....
Directed by—V. SHANTARAM
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SHANTA APTE, DURGA KHOTE, VASANTEE, CHANDRAMOHAN.
Fail not to SEE this great talkie success....
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
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By Insistent PUBLIC DEMAND
IT ONCE MORE comes to you
—The GREATEST SOCIAL EPIC
That New Theatres Ltd. (Calcutta) ever produced.
Directed by: P. BARUA
Devdas
Starring
SAIGAL
KUMARI JAMUNA, RAJKUMARI, P. SANYAL, NEMO, SHORE, K. C. DEY
You must not fail to VISIT IT
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Talkies, Lamington Road.
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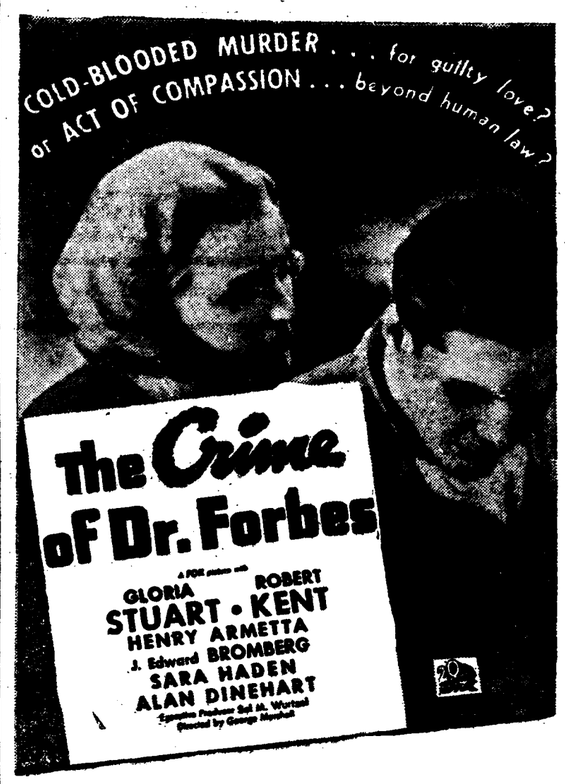
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M. N. ROY AND THE SOCIALISTS

Every Radical Organisation Has His Best Wishes Says Labour Leader

PATNA, Dec. 9.

Mr. T. Paramanand, a prominent Labour Leader of Bihar, who had a lengthy talk with Mr. M. N. Roy at Allahabad, interviewed by the "United Press" regarding the latter's views on the Independence programme and its relation to the Congress Socialist Party, said:—

"There is a lot of misunderstanding prevailing regarding the views of Mr. M. N. Roy. His repeated stress on the programme of independence in the epoch of Imperialist aggression, does not, in the least, alter his position as a Communist.

'By joining the Congress and laying stress on the programme of political freedom, he has demonstrated that a genuine Socialist is not an inch behind in the fight for the freedom of our motherland. Let it be a guide to some of our sectarian Socialist factions and an eye-opener to those who have been led to believe that Communists are indifferent to Independence movement in our country. All the same, it is absurd to raise a wall between political and social revolutions at this juncture."

Questioned as regards Mr. Roy's relations with the Congress Socialist Party, Mr. T. Paramanand said that, Mr. Roy was for broadening the base of the left wing of the Congress and not for sectarianising it. The Congress Socialist Party did not fulfil this strategical requirement. Nevertheless, he had his good wishes for all radical organisations—the Congress Socialist Party, the Kisan Sabha or the Youth League. —United Press.

NEED FOR RADICAL PROGRAMME

Meherally Attacks New Constitution

LAHORE, Dec. 9.

Speaking this evening at a largely attended meeting held under the auspices of the Punjab Youth Association, Mr. Yusuf Meherally, Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party who arrived here this morning, said that Socialism was the pressing need of the time because it alone could solve the problems of unemployment and poverty.

He did not believe that Socialism would not suit India.

Referring to the new Constitution he said:—

"It is a master-stroke of British diplomacy for strengthening the foundation of British rule in India."

Pointing out the need for a radical Congress programme he said that the masses had not become sufficiently politically conscious and they felt that there was nothing in the Congress programme to solve their immediate needs.—United Press.

PATNA BOMB CASE ACCUSED RELEASED

"Not Sufficient Evidence For Launching Prosecution"

PATNA, Dec. 10.

German Kahar, the lame man, who was arrested on suspicion in connection with the bomb explosions in Patna High Court and Patna Junction Railway Station, was released from the Bankipore Jail yesterday, by an order of the local Government, as, according to the latter, there was no sufficient evidence for launching a prosecution against him.

Sanction was, however, granted for the prosecution of Anjani Kumar, who surrendered soon after the incidents.—United Press.

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BALA SARASWATHI
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PLAZA
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CARRIES ONE PROUDLY ACROSS THE OCEAN OF LIFE'
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Story & Dialogues by "SHIVRAM"

IDEA BEHIND VILLAGE SESSION

Faizpur Congress Will Give Impetus To Mass Contact

TILAK NAGAR, FAIZPUR, December 10.

A statement, under the caption "The idea behind the Village Session," issued to the Associated Press by the Publicity Committee of the Faizpur Congress Reception Committee says that the idea smacks a little of a fad but a little thinking will explain the insistence of the promoters of the idea of holding the Congress far away from cities and all the convenience and the creature comforts that go with it.

FOR MASS CONTACT

The trend of the Congress politics has from its inception been to widen the social basis of the struggle. A great stride was taken towards this objective during the two great mass upheavals of '30 and '32. The keynote of our political line at Lucknow was the almost unanimous agreement among all sections of opinion that we must strain our utmost to deepen and intensify our contact with the masses. Towards realising this object, the A. I. C. C. has appointed a committee to devise a scheme for the organisational revision of the present constitution of the Indian National Congress. The Maharashtra Congress Committee had this uppermost in its mind when it decided upon Faizpur as the site of the coming session.

During the last struggle in 1930 and 1932 the two districts that were affected most were Khandesh and Satara. It was from here that the largest bulk of rural workers were drawn and it was, therefore, quite proper that the session could go to either of them.

We have got to create a deep-rooted sentiment among the unlettered mass of the peasantry that the Congress is not a mere 'gotup' tamasha of the city folk but it is the only organ of their struggle. In order to achieve this we have to call forth their initiative for the greatest and meanest of tasks. A sense of identification has to grow among the peasants and it is in the fitness of things that instead of making this festival of annual reunion merely an occasion for the social elite to show off their Sunday best, we should use the opportunity to come closer to the heart of village India. We can thus bring to their door a new world of sights and ideas which will produce novel reactions.

CENTRAL IDEA

If we stand on this central idea all else will be secondary, whether you get your water from the pipe or it has to be drawn up by a leather bucket with the help of the bullocks; whether we carry on our deliberations under electric lights or with the help of a few dozens of petromax buttles.

If the thousands of spectators, concludes the statement, come to Faizpur with a full appreciation of the spirit that has inspired the "Village Session," this new step will also become in the years to come as another proud feature of the Congress organisation. —A.P.

CONGRESS SUCCESS IN THE ELECTION

Mr. Mudaliar Appeals For Co-operation From Patriots

MADRAS, Dec. 9.

Mr. C. N. Muthuranga Mudaliar, President, Tamil Nadu Congress Committee, writes:—

"I earnestly appeal to the people of Tamil Nadu for wholehearted co-operation in the work before us. I appeal to the patriotic people of the Tamil Nadu to co-operate with the Congress Committee in securing success for the Congress in the elections to the Provincial Legislatures. The Congress candidates for the various constituencies adopted by the Parliamentary Committee will be announced shortly. I wish to point out that, unless we secure a majority of seats in both the Provincial Legislatures in the coming elections, we cannot carry out successfully our programme of destroying the unwanted Constitution.

"I also appeal to the people of Tamil Nadu to liberally contribute to the Patel Purse Fund. For carrying on an intensive campaign and for helping poor and deserving candidates that may be adopted by us, funds are necessary. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel who is arriving in Madras on the evening of the 13th instant, can spare only a few days for Tamil Nadu and, therefore, he can visit only a few places in Tamil Nadu. But Congress members and Congress Committees in different centres in Tamil Nadu should arrange to make recent collections for the Patel Purse Fund, and present the same to Sardar Patel at the nearest place visited by the leader."—United Press.

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You can judge from this—the greatness of this grand picture.
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To-night and To-morrow 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
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SHIRLEY TEMPLE
with LIONEL BARRYMORE
in an unforgettable story
"LITTLE COLONEL"
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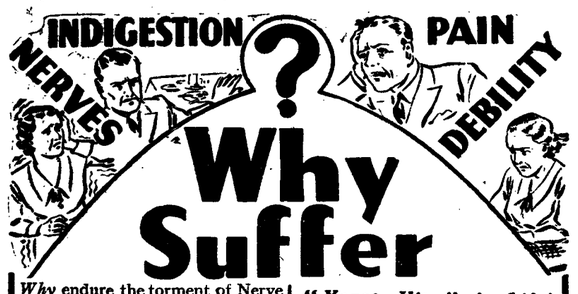

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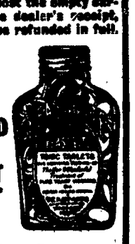

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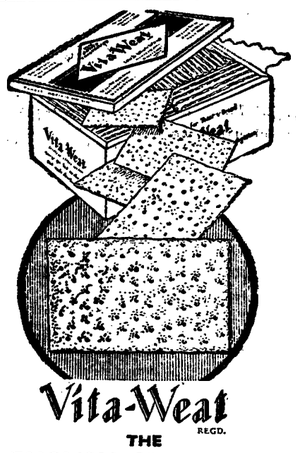

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A Look Round The World

The Reason Of Madrid's Successful Stand

GOVERNMENT'S RESOURCES WILL HOLD OUT LONG

BARCELONA, (By Air Mail.)

What is the secret behind Madrid's successful stand against the insurgent enemy? For weeks considered by the victorious rebels as "untrained, inexperienced, undisciplined and badly officered," the Fifth Regiment militiamen have temporarily stemmed General Franco's advance on Madrid and have thrown back the trained Moorish soldiers. Hordes of Loyalist women working under the direct orders of Passionara have fought like furies and have sent the rebel leaders, romantically styled as the Legion of the Lost, scurrying to their base.

The truth behind this sudden repulse of Franco's forces is that the militia which is far better trained than the opposing generals estimate is now plentifully supplied with arms, probably of foreign origin, and is also amply inforced by Catalan forces. From the time the Fifth Regiment was formed, the Communist party, backed by Soviet advice, has succeeded in infusing a smattering of military science into it. Leaflets and papers are now displayed in Madrid demonstrating sanitary regulation of trenches, physical warfare, care of weapons and other practical instruction and have for weeks prepared a regular army for the defence of Madrid. Immediately the militia had been formed, courses in machine-gun, artillery and rifle practice were started, a medical school was set up and an officers training centre was established to cover the technical aspects of warfare. From the first, the officers instilled into the men, the idea that they were fighting for a cause. Discipline and political understanding had to be reconciled so that the entire population may rise like one man to defeat the common enemy.

ALCAZAR, KEY TO FRONT.

But only since the invading Moors threatened their chief city that the Loyalists showed ample cause to congratulate themselves. The military experts now agree that Alcazar, the Key to the whole central front might easily have been captured by 1000 good soldiers. A few days ago the fact was brought home to the people that 5,000 well disciplined soldiers could easily win the war for the Government; 20 bombers could hold the insurgent army indefinitely outside the gates of Madrid proper; while 50 could ensure an easy victory for the democratic cause. This has raised the morale of the loyalist forces, the effects of which are now quite apparent. Besides, the Government have much greater funds at their disposal than the rebels. Gold worth over £50 millions have been deposited with the Bank of France and it has power to make any purchases in Francs. Further more, in spite of the Nutrality Pact the French and the Russian planes are successively vying with the German Kenckels and Junkers and Italian Fiats, Campronis and Savoias and this may possibly clunge the whole trend of war.

DEFENCE OF CATALONIA.

Franco's bragging about an attack on Catalonia is being taken here rather in a jeering spirit. It is claimed that the invasion of Catalonia with which is also bound up the blockade of Barcelona is not so easy as is assumed by the rebel leader. Catalonia is already well provided with natural defence. It has 240 miles of largely rugged coastline and a terrain studded by wave upon wave of mountain valleys. Through this runs a criss-cross of roads which at many times defile through canyons and gorges. For Franco's men to penetrate this country even by road or rail or a combination of both, it would be necessary, think the military experts to fight the way step by step, crossing over the back of the mountains into plains and valleys, only to be confronted with more mountains. Each move by the rebels would be accompanied with a terrible battle. Nor could the insurgents follow a river bed as in their march up the Tagus in their advance on Madrid. Principle rivers which include the Ebro, Segret and Lobregat all flow from north to south. Fierce fighting would take place as each of this forded. Nevertheless, the coastline has been carefully guarded against a surprise landing party, munitions are being made in a number of motor factories converted into war-plants and the output is stated to be sufficient. The idea of Franco blockading the port of Barcelona is seriously discounted in the authoritative circles. On the other hand, it is realised that a possible method by which General Franco could successively attack, would be by air. Air authorities are agreed that Fascist bombers and fighters could wreak great damage on the city and possibly change the course of war. In this connection, the fact that Colonel Ramon recently deserted the Republican army and flew over to Italy in order to negotiate for Italy's aerial assistance on behalf of the rebels is not lost out of mind. The Catalan military authorities are at present actively engaged in concentrating on the air arm.—I.I. Service.

Could The Blockade Of Barcelona Be Possible?

LONDON, (By Air Mail.)

Although the recognition of General Franco by Gemany and Italy gives an official status to his government and confirms a kind of legal authority on his recent proclamation about the blockade of Barcelona, it still remains to be seen whether other Powers would accept such an action which resembles a coup de force, declares Hector C. Bywater in "The Daily Telegraph." In confirmation with the International Law, a blockade must be effective if it is to be obligatory, that is, it should be supported by sufficient forces in order to prevent any access of the enemy to the coast. General Franco does not certainly possess enough naval forces for an effective blockade of Barcelona or of any other Spanish port.

STRENGTH OF RESPECTIVE FLEETS.

His fleet actually comprises of the following boats: Cruiser "Espana" with eight canons of 12 inch; cruiser "Canarias" six inch canons; the Torpedo-boat destroyer "Velasco," the torpedo-boat "T-19" and the gunners "Alcazar," "Castillo" and "Canalijas." All these boats are in good condition but some of them are at present plying to the north of Spain. Only "Republica" one gunner and one torpedo-boat are at Cadiz while "Canarias" and "Cervera" aleng with certain gunners at Ceuta in Morocco.

The Government fleet, on the other hand, concentrated at Cartagena comprises of the cruiser "Jaime-1" of the type of "Espana"; the cruisers "Libertad," Cervantes" and "Mendez-Nunes"; the torpedo-boat destroyers "Churruca," "Voldes," "Bercaizlegui," "Diez," "Miranda," "Antequera," "Lepanto," "Galiano" and "Alsedo"; three torpedoes and two submarines.

As is evident, the Government fleet is much more powerful than that of General Franco. However, it lacks officers; otherwise the two government sub-marines would be enough for forcing through the proposed blockade. As long as the Atlantic Fleet of the rebels is not able to join their fleet plying in the Mediterranean, no blockade is possible. In order to avoid this eventuality, five government submarines are already patrolling Palaga and Gibralter. Unfortunately, they are not sufficiently manned and are not capable of any forcible action.—I. I. Service.

Nationalists Establish A New Currency

BARCELONA, (By Air Mail.)

The Burgos Junto's plans to recognise the value of Spanish currency only when they are stamped with a special recognition stamp of the Nationalists, may, it is realised here, create a delicate position not only for the people within the country but also for all the foreign governments on account of the virtual establishment of a new currency.—I.I. Service.

Will Govt. Treasure Export Create Complications?

BARCELONA, (By Air Mail.)

It is feared here in authoritative circles that the decision taken by the Government to send all the gold treasure of the Bank of Spain outside the country and deposit it in the personal accounts of Senor Del Vayo, the Foreign Secretary and Don Araquistan, the Paris Ambassador may result in political complications. The Nationalists have already taken advantage of this action and are using it for propaganda purposes. It is however claimed by the competent government authorities that they, as a legal body, are quite within the law to undertake such an action if they consider it necessary for the good of the country.—I. I. Service.

German Shipments For Insurgents

LONDON, (By Air Mail.)

The Hamburg corresoondent of "The Manchester Guardian" wires to his journal that big shipments of war-material are about to leave the port for use by the Spanish insurgents. All German war material, infofms the correspondent, is sent to Spain by sea chiefly from this port except the German aeroplanes which start from Boblingen near Stuttgart. Great precautions are taken in Germany to impose secrecy. Arrests were recently made of persons who are alleged to have let out the Government plans. Among them are several Nazis who are still being detained.—I. I. Service.

CHARGE-SHEET AGAINST JAPAN

What Friends Of China Can Do To Minimise Cause Of Clash

PEIPING (By Mail).

In view of the seriousness of the Sino-Japanese situation, the following summary presents the outstanding grievances which Chinese generally are pressing against Japan!

Military pressure in the Hopei-Chahar area and continued interference with the established administration.

Extensive smuggling by Japanese nationals under protection of extraterritoriality.

The notorious drug traffic carried on by Japanese in contravention of Chinese laws and to the great damage of the people.

CURRENCY-WAR.

Defiance by Japanese banks of the legally adopted currency regulations of the Chinese Government; also Japanese opposition in Hopei to the use of the notes of the national banks.

General abuses of extraterritoriality, including indiscriminate registration and protection, and the immunity of discreditable persons to effective police and jurisdictional control.

Interference with administration in various parts of China, above all in railroad matters and in police functions.

Unauthorised flights by military airplanes over Chinese territory.

Injurious and provocative declarations by military officers and government news-agencies.

Gross challenge to sovereignty in the assertions of high Japanese officers that the National Government is not free to deal with "autonomous movements" in North China.

WHAT GOODWILL CAN DO

While urging the Chinese people to stand firm against un-reasonable and grossly injurious demands, friends of peace suggest various friendly gestures towards Japan. These include facilities for air service between China and Japan, the use of Japanese experts as consultants, a friendly tariff policy, purchase of Japanese railroad materials, encouragement of cotton growing in North China for sale to Japan, sale of minerals to Japan, through railroad services, and similar measures. Action of this kind would show China's good will, anticipate Japan's demands, and place the Chinese in a bargaining position.—Nofrontier News).

MOCKERY OF CRUSADE IN SPAIN

LONDON (By Mail).

British papers contain many letters by Catholics protesting against the attacks on the Spanish Government. One of these is by W. T. Kelly, Labour M. P. for Rochdale.

Kelly has been in Spain close to big events. Although he searched closely, he could find none of the atrocities ascribed to the Government forces. He declares that the last elections to the Cortes were "less corrupt and more representative of the will of the Spanish people" than any previous ones.

WHAT A "CRUSADE"

As to the public statement of Catholic dignitaries that "the Catholics in Spain are marching as Crusaders," Kelly becomes caustic:

I could scarcely believe those words as coming from a priest. It is a strange, a bizarre crusade, supported by Moorish bayonets and foreign militarists.

Do you invite us, the laity, to look with gratification at the spectacle of an archbishop blessing the standards of men who are setting forth to fight their fellow countrymen?

Doubtless, the distinguished prelate went on to bless the standards of the Moors and the airmen who are to rain down mustard gas on the unarmed inhabitants of Madrid. This picture of the "patriots" going forth as Crusaders to defend their faith is a caricature.—(Nofrontier News).

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

"Democracy Or Dictatorship?"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Edward VIII has abdicated but his abdication is due to the verdict of a chosen few and not of the many millions who constitute the electorate of the House of Commons. If real democracy had been prevailing in the United Kingdom, such a momentous issue would have been decided by the collective vote of the general public, but the real dictators turn out to be too strong for Edward, and he dare not appeal to the British masses over the heads of Baldwin and Company who have now proved themselves as veritable king-makers. If a mighty British monarch can sacrifice his Crown for the sake of his individual freedom, why should poor Indians not sacrifice what little they may have for their political freedom? Let this tragedy be a source of constant inspiration to India to work and sacrifice for her political freedom.—Yours, etc.

SOHRAB H. BATLIVALA.

Muslims And Assembly Elections

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In spite of the high sounding policy and programme of the Muslim League, I have the gravest doubts whether the candidates selected by the League will ever deliver the goods. I hope the Muslim electorates will not fail to remember the antecedants of many of the League candidates which hardly entitle them to be called progressive. They are assuming a new pose viz, that of championing the interests of the masses—a cause which has been hitherto espoused valiantly alone by the Congress amongst all the political bodies of the country. Instead of supporting such candidates of the Muslim League, I should strongly urge upon the Muslim electorates that if they want a true fighter for the protection of their interests which are identical with the interests of the country, they must 'en masse' support the candidature of Mr. Syed Abdulla Brelvi, whose services (the League candidates will themselves admit) to the country and, therefore, also to the community will far outstrip the services of all the League's candidates put together.—Yours, etc.

HAJEE EBRAHIM ISMAIL.
Mohomedali Road.
Bombay

II.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Muslims of Bombay have been taken by surprise at the decision of Mr. S. A. Brelvi, the editor of the "Bombay Chronicle" to stand for the Bombay Legislature from the South Muslim Constituency Bombay. Mr. Brelvi is held in high esteem, is an able man and experienced politician, which nobody denies. If Mr. Brelvi had applied to the League I am certain, he would have been adopted as a candidate but he has chosen not to stand on the League ticket but to stand on the Congress ticket because he believes in the principles of the Congress which every individual has the right to do. It is proper to state here that in his own paper he said the League is second best organisation to Congress.

May I ask Mr. Brelvi, straight questions:—

(1) Does he believe in Communal Award?

(2) Does he believe in the demands of Muslims?

(3) Is it not a fact that there are some fundamental differences of principle between the Muslims and the Congress otherwise there was no need of separate organisations? I would like to have replies to the above from Mr. Brelvi, and his supporters.

As far as the Musalmans are aware and as Mr. Brelvi is on the Congress ticket, it is quite clear that he does not believe in the above. Mr. Brelvi believes in joint electorates, no safe-guards for minorities. If that is the case, may I ask what right has he to ask the suffrage of the Musalmans who have got separate electorates in the Communal Award to represent them in the legislature when he does not believe in the demands of the Muslims? Does he want Muslims to elect him to condemn Muslim demands? I am sure it is an open challenge to the Musalmans which I am sure the Musalmans will accept and show to other communities and Government that they stand by their demands and they are not prepared to abdicate to Congress. The position arises out of Mr. Brelvi's candidature. Is that a challenge that has been thrown by the Congress to the Muslims? I hope the Muslims will accept it and show to the Congress that unless they accept the demands of the Muslims, the Muslims are not with the Congress and thus defeat the candidature of Mr. Brelvi who is standing on the Congress ticket.—Your, etc.

ABDURRAOF KHAN.
Kalyan Building,
Falkland Road.
Bombay, Dec. 11.

III.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—We have followed with some amusement the one-sided controversy that has been raging in the columns of your paper regarding the selection of candidates by the Provincial Muslim League Parliamentary Board for the Bombay Legislative Assembly.

A couple of days after Mr. Huseinbhoy Laljee sent in his resignation from the Working Committee of the Provincial Parliatary Board, a letter appeared in your columns under the signature of "Aziz Hoosein." It not only condemned the selection of Messrs. Mahomed Suleman Mitha and Mahomedali Allabux but wanted to know several things specially regarding Mr. Huseinbhoy A. Laljee and Hussienally Rahimtoola. The writer further appealed to his Muslim brethren to support Mr. Brelvi, who the writer thought would agree to serve the city.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah has been blamed by practically everyone of the writers for not selecting the "people who are needed in the interests of Muslims and the country." We are surprised at the ignorance of these individuals who rush to the Press, before ascertaining what the facts are.

Firstly, it must be admitted on all sides, even the "Bombay Chronicle," has admitted it through its editorial columns, that Mr. Jinnah's Muslim League Party, was the next best to the Congress Party in the country. If Mr. Jinnah and the Muslim League had not girded up their loins and started organising a Muslim League Parliamentary Board with a view to contest the Provincial election with a definite programme and policy, things would have drifted on as they did during the past years, and there would not have been an organised Muslim party and all sorts of people would have entered the Legislatures without any Party organization or programme. Mr. Jinnah did say that he and his Board were out to get the better class of Muslims into the Legislatures. He has been maintaining that he wants the better class of Muslims to take more prominent part in the public life of the country as he felt that the reactionaries have so far dominated the public life. Could anybody deny that? There can be no doubt that Mr. Jinnah during the last few months has succeeded a great deal towards that end and the reactionaries are being slowly purged out. Better days are ahead for the Muslims of the country if they follow the lead of the great Nationalist Mussalmans.

We do not want to reply to the letters published in your columns individually.

We are sorry, Sir, to take up the space in the columns of your esteemed paper, as sometimes it is essential to waste some time in explaining things properly to a set of people who find it difficult to understand things, even though things are pretty plain and could be understood by any ordinary man in the street.

The Muslim League is an organisation having its own Constitution and rules. Similarly, the Muslim League Parliamentary Board which has its Constitution rules etc. which have to be complied with before anybody could be a member. People at the head of the organization cannot go and force or fall at the feet of people for them to become members of the organisation. The Constitution is there and there are the aims and objects and the Muslim League platform is open to all Mussalmans, who agree with the policy and programme of the League. Hence it should be plain to the "critics" that when the selection of candidates for the Bombay Legislative Assembly was made, it could be from the list of nominations that had been received by the General Secretary, Mr. Huseinbhoy A. Laljee. From the list of names received, the Working Committee of the Muslim League selected their candidates by majority of votes, as in certain things, it is difficult to have unanimous decisions. The Working Committee, composed as it is of well-known Mussalmans, who have been in the public life of the country for the last several years, thought that Messrs. Mitha and Allabux were the best of the lot and decided to put them up as League Candidates.

Several writers, Sir, suggested Mr. Brelvi's name for the candidature and it is essential that we have to say a few words of what we think of the suggestion. We are second to none in our admiration for Mr. Brelvi, for his sacrifice and love of country. But he as a Congressman will realise that there is a good deal of difference between the League and the Congress. Similarly while all Mussalmans admire Mr Brelvi, his courage, saerifice, etc. since Mr Brelvi is opposed to several things which the League stands for, it will be the duty of the League and its members to fight Mr. Brelvi.

We appeal to our Muslim brethren to take a leaf out of the Congress. Once a candidate is set up, he must be supported, whatever he is, whether he is one-eyed or lame. That has been how the Congress has been carrying on its election propaganda. The All-India Muslim League is the biggest Musilm political organisation in the country. Its message to the Mussalmans all over India is support the League candidates. They are merely soldiers, who will carry out the orders of the electorates, on whose behalf, the Muslim League and its Parliamentary Board, will keep a vigilant watch.

We hope Sir that this will explain to the critics of the League candidates.—Yours, etc.

ISMAIL ROKADIA.

IV

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—As one of the many who have been sorely disappointed by the professions and personnel of the Muslim League Parliamentary Board I feel, despite Mr. Jinnah's repeated statements declaring that his would be a progressive party, it has miserably failed to vindicate itself. In the name of Muslim solidarity mediocrities are being foisted on the Muslim electorate and in vain does one search for real servants of the nation and Islam in the list of the League candidates. It is high time the Muslim voters realized that it would be suicidal for their community to send such gentry as their elected representatives.

I, along with many others, regret that Congress did not put up its candidates in all Muslim constituencies. It is noteworthy, however, that wherever it has the Congress nominees are able and disinterested public servants with distinguished record of national work. The least that we the Muslim voters can do is to support a Congress candidate in whatever constituency one has been put up.—Yours, etc.

MUSLIM VOTER.

Hindu Team Selection

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—A well-balanced and more so a well-disciplined team quite apart from individual performances will go a far way towards raising the Hindu colours. The first thing to see is that each individual player shall merge his personality in the other ten and the whole eleven shall play as one. Next is that the captain shall be implicitly obeyed on the

(Continued on Page 19.)

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Hindu Team

JUSTICE supports the claim of Y. S. Ramaswamy for inclusion in the Quadrangular Hindu Team. A fast bowler of his type is absolutely essential for his side, says the correspondent.

Team Spirit

KANTILAL D. KORA observes, what is required more than anything else for the Hindu Quadrangular team is the spirit of unity and "playing the game."

Ornaments Craze

M. B. KARANJAWALLA, (Ahmedabad) refers to the craze of using ornaments which apart from being uneconomic are often a source of risk. The correspondent especially condemns the practice of loading children with ornaments, and approves the recent move of the Bombay Municipal Corporation Schools Committee in distributing leaflets among the parents and guardians against this harmful usage.

Advocates Exam

K. G. DEVASTHALI protests against the proposed cancellation of the Advocates' Examination held by the Bar Council and pleads for its continuation.

Message Of Gloom

The same correspondent referring to the convocation address of Mr. Satchchidananda Sinha at Patna, observes that it is necessary to warn those who aspire to join colleges against the economic plight which probably awaits them after the completion of their studies.

G. I. P. RAILWAY

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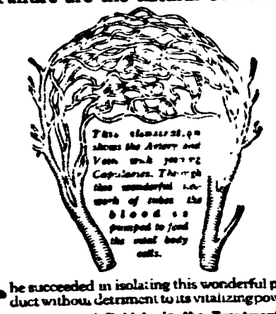
the fate of six out of ten people in daily life

The Heart is the Pumping Station of the Human Body. During life it never stops work. Every day of your existence it pulsates 100,800 times and pumps 8 tons of Blood. Fourteen pounds of pressure are required for every contraction just so that the Blood, by way of arteries and veins, reaches every part of the body. If an obstruction takes place in the arteries which impedes the normal flow of Blood, the Heart is forced to pump harder. But, of course, this strain on the Heart cannot go on indefinitely and Heart Weakness and Heart Failure are the natural outcome.

How do the Arteries become Obstructed?

AT about the age of 40, though often before, the conditions of modern life create a deposit of lime salts in the Arteries. They lose their ability to contract and expand and the whole circulatory task is thrown upon the Heart. The vital work of nutrition is seriously interfered with as the organs of the body fail to receive a proper supply of blood and vitality. Thus you become a victim of High Blood Pressure, the fate of six out of ten people in daily life. The results are only too clearly seen in the sufferer. At an age when he should be enjoying the good things in life, he finds that neither work nor play holds any interest. His face is lined with care; his steps timid and uncertain.


This illustration shows the Arteries and Veins with their Capillaries. Through this wonderful network of tubes the blood is pumped to feed the small body cells.

Is there a Successful Treatment for High Blood Pressure?

Most certainly there is and it is not a drug. It is not a patent medicine. It is not a secret remedy. Indeed, nothing could be more natural to our bodies than the principal constituent of 'Phyllosan' Tablets — the only satisfactory treatment for High Blood Pressure. Scientific tests of the most critical kind have proved that 'Phyllosan' Tablets renew the Blood-stream, WITHIN 14 DAYS.

When Blood Pressure is Banished will Youthfulness Return?

Abundant evidence is available to prove that a course of 'Phyllosan' Tablets will have a profoundly revitalizing and rejuvenating effect upon the entire human organism. Worn out body cells are replaced, nerves are strengthened, the heart is fortified, the blood is revitalized and *ALL THE PHYSICAL AND VITAL FORCES ARE INCREASED IRRESPECTIVE OF AGE.*

What are 'Phyllosan' Tablets?

We have already stated that nothing could be more natural to our bodies than 'Phyllosan' Tablets. The following facts will prove that statement. The principal constituent of 'Phyllosan' Tablets has been described by eminent scientists as "the most wonderful substance in our world." It is extracted from green vegetables and possesses the closest relationship to human blood pigments. Dr. Buergi, M.D., of Berne University, Switzerland, under whose personal supervision 'Phyllosan' Tablets are prepared, spent 15 years of research before he succeeded in isolating this wonderful product without detriment to its vitalizing power.

'Phyllosan' Tablets in the Treatment of Anaemia.

Women—especially young girls are particularly prone to the distressing malady known as Anaemia. This disorder is caused through impoverishment in the quantity and quality of the vital red blood cells. 'Phyllosan' Tablets quickly renew these cells and give to them their proper supply of revitalized blood. Given sufficient new red cells in the blood and Anaemia is impossible.

IMPORTANT.

'PHYLLOSAN' Tablets are perfectly harmless and can be taken by the youngest and most delicate persons with complete confidence. 'Phyllosan' Tablets contain neither drugs nor glands nor animal extracts and in their preparation, are untouched by hand throughout.

SOME WONDERFUL TRIBUTES

Immediate Benefit after 1 Bottle.

"I have taken many medicines before but can honestly say that nothing I have ever taken has done me so much good in such a short time."—E.S.

Benefit in 3 days.

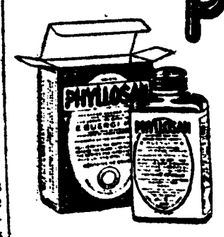
"I got a small bottle on Tuesday and by Friday following I could feel the benefit."—H.U.

Pain Vanishes after taking HALF a bottle.

"Before I had used half the bottle all pain and dizziness had left me."—W.L.

Thought She was Going to Die.

"I was so ill with syncope of the Heart I never thought to live and now after only 6 days taking the tablets I feel well, young and strong."—E.B.



'PHYLLOSAN'

(Pronounced FIL-O-SAN) TABLETS

Sold by all Chemists, Stores and Bazaars.

SEND FOR THIS FREE BOOK. If you are over 40 or under) send for that most interesting and valuable Book —"Revitalization and Rejuvenation"—free on request.

Write for Booklet to: J. J. Morrison, Sons & Jones (India) Ltd., Standard Building, Horaby Road, Bombay, or 29, Beutick Street, Calcutta. Mark envelope clearly: PHYLLOSAN MEDICAL DEPT.

Registered Trade Mark "Phyllosan" is the property and denotes the product of Natural Chemicals Ltd., London.

The Second INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR

ARE YOU A PROGRESSIVE TRADESMAN, MANUFACTURER, OR AN EXHIBITOR ?

- Over a lac & fifty thousand visitors attended the last Indian Industries Fair at Gowalia Tank.
- The figure estimates easily to double this year's exhibition.
- A better situation—marine drive ground—better attraction for visitors—amusements, better facilities to exhibitors assures a far better success.

Booking of stalls has begun. For plans, prospectus and particulars please write, call at office or 'phone to:—

The Indian Industries Fair Ltd.
Temple of Industry, Girgaum Main Road, Bombay.
Phone No 22548 Telegrams: "NEWSTYLE" Bombay.

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Hill View, Trivandrum.

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are now received at the following rates:—

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1 Year 5 p.c. per annum
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The interest is payable half-yearly.
Every kind of Banking business undertaken.
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C. KRISHNA MENON, M.A., A.I.I.B.,
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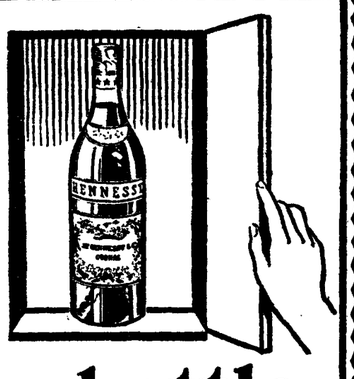


Keep a bottle of Hennessy in the house-

A sudden attack of illness in the night; or someone "feeling faint"; or an accident—you will need Brandy quickly. Hennessy's Brandy has saved many a precious life in emergencies.

It is real Cognac Brandy.
Keep a bottle handy

HENNESSY'S BRANDY

On Sale Everywhere

Agents: HERBERTSONS, LTD.,
BOMBAY

Indian News From Here And There

C. P. MINISTERS' HUNT FOR CONSTITUENCIES

Home Member Leaves 'Varsity Seat For Hon. Khaparde

(From Our Correspondent).
WARDHA: Dec. 8.

It is reliably understood that Hon. Mr. Khaparde has refused to stand on Congress ticket. He is seeking his election through the University constituency.

HON. R. B. NAIDU.

It is learnt that Hon. R. B. Naidu is contesting Arwi Rural and Wardha-Chanda Urban seats.

HOME MEMBER.

The Home Member has vacated the University Constituency for his colleague Hon. Mr. Khaparde and will stand from Bilaspur District.

SEWA MANDAL

The Hindu Mahila Mandal changed its name and assumed the name of Mahila Sewa Mandal. Babu Rajendra Prasad performed the foundation digging ceremony and advised the students to imbibe the principles of Service and Love and to be centres of activity when they return, so that they can play their part in the national struggle for Independence. Seth Jamnalalji also spoke on the occasion.

VAGVILAS MANDAL.

The Wasudeo College Vagvilas Mandal celebrated its first anniversary under the presidentship of Mr. M. S. Aney, M.L.A., who said that "literature should be of a permanent nature and in keeping with Indian renaissance and civilisation. It should create regard for past history and its heroes and should inspire us to liberate ourselves." Mr. Deshpande, a poet of Yeotmal sang his compositions.

CITIZENS' DEBATE.

Mr. Kolte, Pleader, moved a resolution to the effect that the meeting was of opinion that woman being of the weaker sex is not fit for independence." Messrs. Ghate and Pathak pleaders and Vinze Shastri spoke in favour of the resolution and Mr. Karandikar led the opposition. Mrs. Karandikar made an impressive speech. Mr. Vakil and some students spoke against the resolution The resolution was defeated.

LANDLORDS TO FIGHT CONGRESS

Complaints Of Official Support

(From Our Correspondent).
NAGPUR: Dec. 9.

Zemindars and landlords in the Province are showing unusual signs of activity in connection with the forthcoming elections to the Provincial Legislative Assembly and as many as 20 zemindars are preparing themselves to contest the elections from the General and Special Constituencies in opposition to the Congress nominees. It is significant that most of the landlords are those who had kept themselves aloof from the whirlwind of politics all these years.

It is alleged that some extra assistant Commissioners are meeting prospective candidates and coaxing them to contest the elections in opposition to the Congress. Although there is no evidence of any circular like the U.P. Court of Wards Circular, activities of some officials who are whipping landlords to gird up their loins make one suspicious and in one case there is said to be positive proof that the Court of Wards have sanctioned an advance of Rs. 15,000 as election expenses. In view of the fact that there is no second Chamber in this Province, it is apprehended that landlords are being propped up in the hope that they will act as checks on those who seek to break the constitutional machinery.

It is further understood that as in the case of the Assembly elections of 1934, landlords have issued circulars to their agents and others asking them to support only those candidates that are backed up by the Landlords' Party.

Madras.—The Southern India Chamber of Commerce have nominated Mr. Lakshmidas Dwarakadas, Manager of a local mill, to represent the Chamber in the Provincial Cotton Committee in place of Mr. P. S. G. Ganga Nayudu, retired.

Dr. G. C. Anderson, Secretary of the British Medical Association who arrived by the Mail-Boat on Friday morning.

INDORE STATE FORGES AHEAD

All-Round Progress Made During 1935

(From Our Correspondent.)
INDORE, (By Mail.)

Most eventful year in the history of Indore, the Premier State in Central India, has come to a close and it is worth while to survery in short the administration of the Holkar State for 1935, under the present ruler, His Highness Maharajadhiraj Raj Rajeshwar Sawai Shri Yeshwant Rao Holkar G.C.I.E. is a most enlightened ruler.

On the occasion of the birthday of His Highness the following measures of relief were sanctioned (1) Complete restoration of the emergency cut in the salaries allowances etc. of all Government servants, remission in land revenue arrears amounting to Rs. 75,285-4-3 outstanding against the cultivators of the various Mahals in different periods.

RS. 75,000 TO SILVER JUBILEE.

The most important event of the year under report was the celebration of Their Majesties' Silver Jubilee. His Highness the Maharaja contributed Rs. 75,000 to the Silver Jubilee Fund and further he sanctioned Rs. 30,000 for local celebration. The total collections for this fund from all over the State amounted to Rs. 95,745-5-0.

The total revenue receipts amounted to Rs. 1,14,09,900-10-3½ during the year under report as against the previous Rs. 1,18.64, against the previous Rs. 1,18.64,-682-11-0 of the last year. The total revenue expenditure amounted to Rs. 1,03,78,315-2-10 as against Rs. 1,01,38,398-8-5 of the last year.

ADMINISTRATION.

During the year under report His Highness the Maharaja reconstituted the Legislative Assembly and converted in into the Legislative Council with enhanced powers. The number of members was raised from eight to 30—15 elected and 15 nominated. Nearly six enactments of great importance erceived His Highness the Maharaja's sanction. There were 73 legal references pending in January. During the year 271 references were received for opinion and advice. Out of the total number of 344 references, opinion was given in 247 cases leaving a balance of 97 pending at the end of the year. There were 301 extradition cases pending. During the year under report 492 cases were registered. Out of total number of 793 cases 489 were disposed, leaving a balance of 304. In a majority of these cases, the results of trials are being awaited. A special Magistrate for motor cases, the Legal Remembrancer entertained 102 cases during the year under report. There was an increase of 1174 criminal this year. The number of criminal cases was 11,454. as against 10,280 of the preceding year. The increase is due to the enforcement of special laws.

During the Year under report, the total number of female offenders throughout the state was 1,187 as against 1,229 last year. The number of Juvenile offenders offenders was 573 as against 644 last year and punishments were meted out to 235 only. The total number of suits (civil) instituted in all the courts was 16,423 as against 18,994 last year. The total number disposed of was 16,316 as against 18,805 last year.

719 AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES.

During the year 23 Agricultural Societies and for non-agricultural societies were registered, bringing the total number of societies in the State up to 719. The number of agricultural societies rose from 628 to 651. Members number 11,803 compared with 10,683 last year. The working capital of all these societies stands at Rs. 28,-24,639 and the Reserve Fund amounts to Rs. 12,40,233 and their deposits at Rs. 15,82,578. The societies are working well and are self-contained.

It is to be noted that the Holkar State has made an all round progress in all the departments during the year under report and further big schemes of public utility as water works, drainage, power etc. are awaiting the attention the aimM 3 shrdl hm scoh tion of the Government.

WHY INDIAN TEAM FAILED

Merchant's Impressions Of His English Tour

(From Our Correspondent.)
ANDHERI, Dec. 11.

Mr. Vijaya Merchant, the well-known Indian Cricketer delivered an interesting lecture on "My Impressions of English Cricket" at the Tilak Mandir, Vile Parle before a large and appreciative gathering. After thanking the Lokamanya Seva Sangha for having given him an opportunity of meeting the citizens of Parla, Mr. Merchant said that the Indian Team which went to England and met a disastrous failure had all the same a great educative value to the country.

Speaking on Cricket generally Mr. Merchant said that English Cricket was far superior to Indian. The reason was that an Englishman practised at the wicket for five days in the week whereas they in India with their other multifarious duties could not visit their gymkhanas for more than a few hours a week. Ninety per cent. of their players were professionals who were engaged by the several Clubs on very high salaries which they could afford to pay from the receipts of enormous gate monies.

The nature of the wickets, the speaker continued, varied from country to country and it was difficult for their team to know the condition of the wicket beforehand and this handicap was one of the causes of their failure in England.

NEW LIBRARY BUILDING

Foundation Stone Laid By The Maharajah

(From Our Correspondent)
BARODA (By Mail).

"I should be proud of it and it will record a monument to the college and spread light and enlightenment" with these words His Highness the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda laid the foundation stone of the building of the College Library yesterday evening when a large and distinguished gathering was present. His Highness stated that the library should occupy a monumental building close-by where the students can go in times of leisure. Mr. Adalja, the Chief Engineer, requesting His Highness to perform the ceremony, narrated how the Committee consisting of Prof. Widgery and Messrs Gurtu and Talvalkar formulated the plans: He stated that the Oriental Institute and Archaeological Departments would be located in it. The building, which was to cost Rs. 227.000 was designed in the Indo Saracenic style. There would be a special room in it for His Highness' personal study.

CREAM MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION.

Prominent cream merchants of Gujerat met yesterday at Anand to discuss the need of starting a Gujerat Cream Merchants Association. Mr. Mansukhlal Kapasi explained in details the aims and objects of the Association. He urged all merchants to organise themselves into one body to avert the present trade crisis. After long discussions it was finally decided to form an association and a draft constitution was approved. The real work of the association will begin from 15th December. The recent visit of the foreign dairy expert Dr. N. C. Wright was utilised by Cream Merchants of Gujerat to place all their difficulties before him and due to the efforts of certain old members of the "defunct" association, the merchants met together to chalk out some common plan.

MAHARAJA'S TOURS.

His Highness the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda will visit on 12, 13 and 14 December Mehsana Patan and Sidhpur, three towns of Mehsana district to acquaint himself with local conditions. His recent visits to Padra and Waghodia in Baroda district proved very useful to people, who thus got an opportunity of ventilating

Give Electric Gifts This Year For CHRISTMAS

Sometimes it is so difficult to discover new and original gifts. At our Showroom you will find many new and bright ideas for presents at very reasonable prices.

And after all electrical gifts are so useful and practical these days.

VISIT THE B. E. S. & T. SHOW ROOMS,
Corner of Colaba Causeway & Ormiston Road, Bombay.
Phone No. 26024 (7 lines)

Asthma Victims' new day of hope!

★ Unique VASO-DILATOR PRINCIPLE now within reach of every sufferer

The Royal Physician who endorsed Dr. Hair's Asthma Cure.

Here is wonderful news for everyone who suffers in the terrible grip of Asthma. You can now get more doses for less money. The Dr. Hair (brand) Asthma Cure—first prescribed by Dr. B. W. Hair, himself a sufferer for eleven years who had almost given up hope—is greatly reduced in cost.

Dr. Hair discovered that the spasms of Asthma were caused by contraction of the muscles of the bronchial tubes and congestion of the vessels in the mucous lining of their walls, so producing that choking, gasping sensation. Realising that bronchial tubes and blood vessels have similar muscles, he devised this famous remedy with a Vaso-Dilator action. This Vaso-Dilator action relaxes the vessel walls, relieves the muscular contraction, and frees the bronchial tubes from the paralysing grip of the attack. Easy breathing is restored and the grip of the disease is loosened from the system. Dr. Hair's treatment not only brings relief, but puts you back on the road to glorious health, as proved by thousands of testimonials.

FREE MEDICAL BOOK

Read the most inspiring Message of Comfort to suffering humanity ever written! Fill up and post coupon below for *free* 48-page book by Dr. B. W. Hair, M.D., discoverer of Vaso-Dilator principle which ended his own 11 years of suffering.

HOW VASO-DILATOR ACTION ENDS ATTACKS

Arrows show how the muscles in the bronchial tubes are contracted and the mucous membrane is congested, bringing the familiar choking, strangling sensation.

Vaso - Dilator action disperses congestion, relaxes the muscles of the bronchial tubes, restores easy natural breathing and weakens Asthma's hold on the system.

To, Dr. Hair's Indian Depot,
Dept. No. B.C. 2.
P. O. Box No. 431, Bombay.

Send me at once, without expense or obligation, free 48-page book by Dr. B. W. Hair, M.D., with details of Treatment, Health Rules, Diet Suggestions and Patients' Health Testimonials.

Name .....

Address .....

Send no money

The proprietary right is claimed in the method of manufacture or the formula.

POST COUPON NOW

GWALIOR PLEADERS CONFER

(From A Correspondent.)
GWALIOR, Dec. 11.

The Gwalior State Pleaders' Conference held its tenth session on the 10th and 11th December under the presidentship of Pandit Ambaprasad Tewari of Ujjain in the Town Hall at Lashkar. In all fourteen resolutions were passed important among these being a resolution for sending of a deputation of the Conference to His Highness to represent its views.

Other resolutions related to removal of evils amongst the class and framing of rules regarding recruitment to Judicial Service.

The next Conference shall meet at Basoda.

"NAVAL OFFICER" AT TILAK BRIDGE

A person alleged to have been found to be wearing the uniform, badges, etc., of a British Naval Officer, was arrested last evening by the Mahim Police at the Tilak Bridge, Dadar.

Pending enquiries into the "bona-fide" and antecedent of the person—one F. H. Chemburke, aged 50, was ordered to be released on a bail in a sum of Rs. 100 with one surety in like amount till the 23rd instant at the Dadar Court to-day.

Q: "What is the best remedy for Bronchitis and all Chest Affections?"

ANGIER'S is the answer

For any weakness of throat or chest, or any tendency to tuberculosis; for a troublesome cough, bronchitis or any chest affection, the standard approved treatment is a course of Angier's Emulsion.

It soothes and strengthens the lungs, promotes appetite, greatly improves digestion, and exerts a pronounced tonic, invigorating influence upon the general health.

In sub-acute and chronic bronchitis, Angier's not only relieves the cough, but also improves the nutrition and effectively overcomes the constitutional debility so frequently associated with these cases.

No mother should be without a bottle of Angier's Emulsion in the house. Remember — Angier's is the most palatable of all emulsions, and it agrees perfectly with delicate sensitive stomachs. Equally useful for adults and children.

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.

SKIN Troubles

Banished Like MAGIC!

Even the most frightful skin disease disappears like 'magic' when **GERMOLENE** is applied. Ugly inflammation is banished—the pain and irritation of Sunburn, Insect Bites, etc., is ended at the first touch of this magic ointment! Irritation of horrible rashes is ended and poisonous discharge is stopped! The skin becomes clear and healthy without a trace of a scar! **GERMOLENE** is the most wonderful ointment . . . it cures skin troubles which have persisted for years. No matter what is wrong with *your* skin, get a tin of Soothing, Healing, Poison-defying **GERMOLENE TO-DAY!** The improvement in your skin will delight you.

Germolene Soothes & Heals all forms of

BAD LEG — PILES, RASH
BOILS, ULCERS — PRICKLY HEAT
SORES — DHOBI ITCH
WOUNDS — INSECT BITES
PIMPLES — SUNBURN
ECZEMA — RINGWORM

Germolene

ASEPTIC OINTMENT

From All Chemists and Stores.

Watch for the BLUE SEAL on Every Package

New Kind of Cold Remedy Is a Blessing to Mothers

There is Nothing to Swallow—Nothing to Upset a Child's Stomach. You Simply Rub This Vaporising Ointment on the Throat and Chest at Bedtime

Acts Through the Skin and Also Releases Medicated Vapours That Are Inhaled

ENDS MOST COLDS OVERNIGHT

Few of Mother's worries are more troublesome than the colds which children catch so frequently. You know that these colds must never be neglected, because they often lead to bronchitis, influenza, or pneumonia—or even permanent afflictions like deafness, sinus trouble, or chronic catarrh. Yet you hate to keep dosing a child's stomach with pills and cough mixtures — and your instinct is right.

"Dosing" is Often Dangerous

Colds lodge in the nose, throat, or lungs, and taking medicine into the stomach is a slow and roundabout way to reach them. Besides, constant "dosing," risky even for grown-ups, is especially harmful for children, because it often upsets the digestion! And this, of course, weakens the child's resistance just when he needs it most to fight the cold.

A New, Safe Remedy

Fortunately, you no longer need to make children swallow medicine for colds. For a new kind of cold remedy has come to this country. It is not only more effective, but it is also absolutely safe. This new remedy is Vicks VapoRub, the world-famous ointment which you rub on the throat and chest at bedtime.

Quick Relief in 2 Ways

When you use internal medicine for a cold, you have to wait and worry, hoping that something is going to happen hours later. When you rub a child with VapoRub, *something happens right away and he can feel it!*

He feels a comforting "glow" on his skin as this powerful ointment begins to "draw out" the pain and tightness in his chest. At the same time, warmed by the natural heat of the body, VapoRub releases medicated vapours which the child breathes in all the way to his lungs. They clear the stuffed-up air-passages and let him breathe freely again.

In just a minute, he feels better and soon drops off to restful sleep. Meanwhile, VapoRub goes on working for hours. By morning, the worst of the cold is over.

For Adults' Colds, Too

VapoRub's powerful two-way action, is equally effective for adults' colds. This ointment has become famous in 70 countries because it brings quick relief, not only for simple colds, but also for coughs, sore throat, chest colds, bronchitis, and other cold troubles.

FOR A FREE SAMPLE—Send this ad, your name and address, and ½ anna for postage to Muller & Phipps (Asia) Ltd., P.O. Box 773, Bombay. Or you can get VapoRub at all good chemists and bazaars, (104).

"Just Rub It On" ®

VICKS VAPORUB

News And Notes From London

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON: (By Air Mail).

A pointed illustration, says the "Reynold's Illustrated News" of November 29, of the non-entities who now fill so many Cabinet posts was provided in a London Newspaper office a few days ago.

The chief sub-editor asked his staff of a dozen for the name of the Secretary of State for India. No one knew, without consulting the reference books. There was no reason why anyone should know.

The "Reynold's Illustrated News" also reports that the other day a young Indian, unemployed in London responded as a citizen of the Empire to Mr. Duff Cooper's appeal for army recruits. He was turned down and not on medical grounds.

The paper asks: Why?

* * * *

Men Teachers' Complain

A complaint that large numbers of women were attempting to do work in schools that should be done by men was made by Mr. A. E. Warren General Secretary of the National Association of Schoolmasters, when he addressed a conference of the North-East Federation of Schoolmasters' Association at Newcastle on Saturday, November 29.

He said that the Board of Education was almost entirely responsible for any unemployment among teachers None should be unemployed, for there was ample work to be done in schools immediately. Mr. W. E. Gladstone, President of the Federation, said the schoolmaster was a disappearing factor in the educational system. "Since 1934, the first year for which I have figures", he added, "the percentage of men in the teaching profession had decreased from 63 per cent. to 28 per cent. and during the same period the percentage of women has correspondingly increased from 37 per cent. to 72 per cent."

* * * *

Lawrence Of Arabia

Sidelights on Lawrence of Arabia were revealed at Oxford by Sir Arnold Storrs, Military Governor of Jerusalem from 1917 to 1920, who was an intimate friend.

"Shortly after an Arab revolt began" said Sir Ronald, "it was decided to issue propaganda stamps. Lawrence and I walked about an Arab museum choosing designs for these stamps, and when it became apparent that he had acquired a knowledge of philately and three-colour printing Lawrence was able to supervise the entire work from start to finish."

There still existed. Sir Ronald said, the last motor-cycle he ordered. It was never delivered, never ridden, and carried ten improvements—all invented by Lawrence.

Describing Lawrence's unconventionality, Sir Ronald said: "Early in January, 1918, I was sitting snowbound in Jerusalem when a beggar was announced". In walked Lawrence, barefoot. He left me later in the day temporarily poorer by a Virgil and a Catullus".

A sidelight on Lawrence's attitude towards women was thrown by Sir Ronald's description of a dinner party at his house. "There was a lady present who talked of peeresses by their Christian names, duchesses by their nicknames, and baronesses by their pet names", he said. "Lawrence could not conceal his boredom, and at last she said: "I am afraid ml conversation does not interest Col. Lawrence much". He replied: "It does not interest me at all".

* * * *

Popular Front Propaganda

Much interest is being taken in political quarters in the meeting to be held at the Friends' House, Euston Road, on December 14. It is being promoted by the People's Front Propaganda Committee. This Committee is composed in the main of Labour men. It is believed there is only one Liberal: Mr. Richard Acland, the bright young member for Barnstaple.

The chairman is Col. J. V. Delahaye, a former candidate for Dulwich. The committee is working for a popular front based on something wider than that it calls a mere Liberal-Labour alliance and much nearer the Continental notion of a popular front. It wants a "concentration" of all progressive elements based upon a strong League policy. the defence of democracy and a vigorous attack upon poverty, and it is going to open the way for such a concentration by a national campaign of which the Friends' House meeting is the beginning.

If it meets with success it would then leave it, so it says, to the party leaders to "determine how a realignment of political forces can be brought about in order that the Government may pass into the hands of a new combination". The platform of the forthcoming meeting is comprehensive enough. It extends from the Tory Left (Mr. Robert Boothby, M. P.) to the Communists (Mr. John Strachey), with Mr. Richard Acland, M.P. (Liberal), Mr. William Dobbie, M.P., (Labour), and Mr. G. D H. Cole in between. Mr Boothby is no typical Tory, and there is no other Tory taking part in the meeting. So, after all, the movement, if it comes to anything (the Communists being so negligible), must be very much of a Labour-Liberal affair, using those labels in a loose way.

* * * *

Only Biding Time

"Twice in her long history Abyssinia has freed herself after a few years from the foreign conquerer. It may be assured that the Ethiopians are biding their time until the Italians find themselves in difficulties, which may arise in Europe as well as in Abyssinia." This answer was given by the Abyssinian Association in London to the allegation from Rome that Italian troops have occupied Gore and found no trace of the Government or the Army, supposed to be there.

"This occasions no surprise", the Association states, "among those acquainted with the country, and with the policy which the Ethiopians are following. It has been known for some months that in the face of an Italian attack, and in the absence of adequate means of defence a retreat from Gore to a less accessible locality was contemplated. The Italians so far have only been able to send out exploring columns to the West. They will require very much larger forces completely to occupy the country. It is the policy of the Ethiopian Government to maintain itself in being both in Abyssinia and in Europe, and so to defeat any Italian claim to complete conquest of the country. Any attempt at large-scale fighting in Western Abyssinia would be merely a challenge to Signor Mussolini to send out a new army."

* * * *

Peace Pledge

The interest evoked by Lord Allen's letter to the "Manchester Guardian" last Wednesday, November 25, and the subsequent replies, have resulted in the arrangement of a public debate on the matter to take place at Friends' House on Friday, December 18, between Lord Allen and Mr. Gerald Heard, who, with Mr. Aldous Huxley, is leading the Peace Pledge Union activities.

The chair will be taken by Mr. A Barratt Brown, Principal of Ruskin College, Oxford, who was associated with Lord Allen in the No-conscription Fellowship during the war and more recently in the five years' Plan movement, but who, in a letter to the "Guardian" the other day, differed from Lord Allen's contentions.

* * * *

I Remain Brave

BRUSSELS, (By Mail).

Within 2½ hours of facing death under Hitler's axe, Edgar Andre, Communist leader, wrote a last letter to his brother in Brussels. Held up for three weeks it has just arrived. This is what he wrote:

My dear brother,—This is my last letter. Don't be sad. I remain brave until the last and have but one regret, not to have seen you for such a long time.

"But I have just beheld your portrait and seen your good face again, my old brother and comrade.

"I am spending the last night with my barrister, who has devoted himself very much to my welfare.

"I have struggled till the last moment to prove my innocence, but nothing has availed. In two-and-a-half hours I am going to the scaffold.

"I have always tried to do my duty, and I think I have succeeded. I die as an honest man, attached to my opinions.

"Think of me sometimes. A thousand thanks for all your thoughtfulness in these last moments. Greet Julia and all our friends on my behalf.

"Be as courageous as I am and receive a last kiss from him who always loved you as a good brother. To you my last greeting.—Edgar".

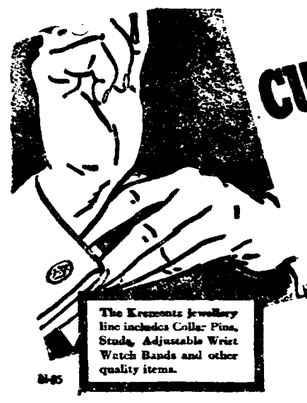
* * * *

Waste For Pigs

BERLIN: (By Mail).

Berlin housewives are now compelled to save kitchen waste, it is being estimated that by this means it will be possible to keep 350,000 pigs well fed.

Hitler is determined to make Germany a land fit for hogs to live in.



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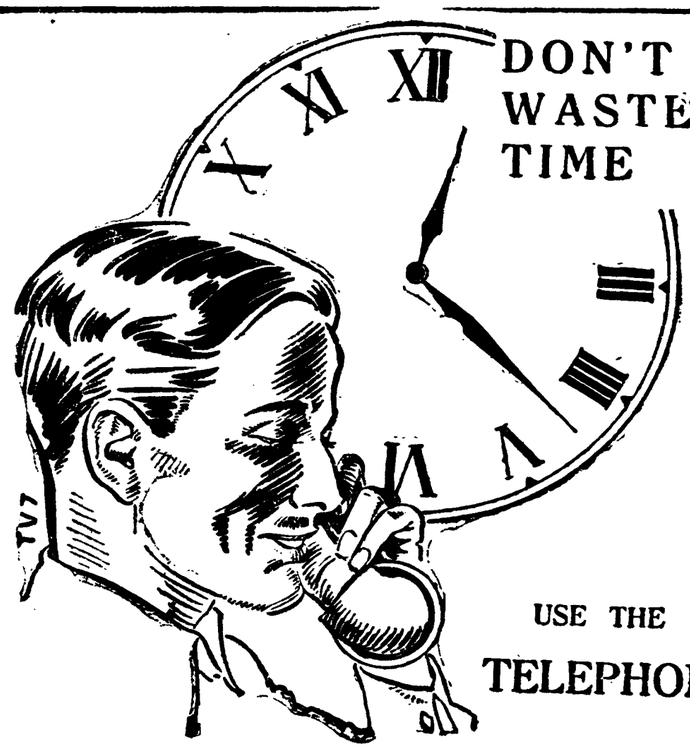

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Preparatory Work Before The Royal Commission

JERUSALEM, (By Air Mail.)

Both Arabs and Jews are busy with their preparations to submit material to the Royal Commission. The Government appointed its Special Commissioner, Mr. D. G. Harris, C.B.E., the Irrigation Adviser, some time ago and he is now being assisted by Mr. Lewis Andrews, the Development Officer. The Arab Higher Committee recently appointed a sub-committee consisting of Ragheb Bey Nashashibi, Auni Bey Abdul Hadi, Jamal Eff. Al Hussaini, and Fuad Eff. Saba for the purpose of preparing the Arab case. At the Jewish Agency, the permanent officers of the Political Department have been occupied with the task of drawing up the Jewish representations.

Yet in spite of this outward appearance or tranquillity, there is more in the situation than meets the eye. True, one of the major causes of anxiety has been removed in the practically complete dissolution of the Arab armed bands and the departure of Fawzi Bey Kawakji, the Iraqi ex-officer and former Syrian rebel leader, who had taken it upon himself to head these bands. Kawakji crossed the river into Transjordan territory early this week when it became known that troop movements were being carried out dangerously near his lair. But not even his withdrawal from Palestine can be said to have restored absolute present harmony. The cause for existing qualms lies in the mutual boycott which is being conducted by Arabs and Jews.

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

(Continued from Page 16.)

field. If any dissensions crop in, immediate action should be taken irrespective of the particular individual's efficiency, as a case of insubordination would mean a deterioration of the whole morale which no personal efforts can ever counteract. My choice of a well-balanced team would be L. P. Jai, D. Hindlekar, V. Merchant, L. Amarsingh, L. Amarnath S. Banerjee, Naomal, R. Wadkar, S. Godambe, Bhagwandas R. Gharat and P. Dalvie. Further I have to suggest that a consultation with the captain by the selectors in the choice of a team would prove of immense benefit.—Yours, etc.

K. S. RANE.

Claim Of Colts

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Bombay Quadrangular is fast approaching but the Hindu Selectors seem to be still in their labour pains to make up an eleven to meet the formidable champion—the Muslims—in the penultimate round. Let the Selectors instead of leaning on Old War Horses, give in chance to promising colts. Champak Mehta is a very promising one. So is the "Googly" bowler, Y. S. Ramaswamy who has done very well indeed in the match between Bombay 'Varsity and Mysore 'Varsity by bagging 6 wickets in each innings. In the opinion of many Y. S. is the best googly bowler in the country to-day not barring even C. S. Naidu. Ramprakash is another young colt who is as good a cricketer as Amarnath himself and his innings against Bombay last year was typically Amarnathian, Bombay Quadrangular is, in fact, the gate way for Indian Cricketers who aspire for international fame and as such ample facilities should be provided to promising players.—Yours etc.,

V. N. SARMA.

Bombay Teachers' Association

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The recent presidential and vice-presidential elections of the Bombay, Secondary Teachers Association will serve as an opportune eye-opener to all concerned as regards the possibilities of furthering the interests of the Secondary Teachers of Bombay. The present Executive Committee and those gone before have nothing on record to show that they have striven hard to ameliorate the condition of poor teachers. Modelled though it is, after the National Teachers Union of the English teachers, this Association has avoided championing the cause of the real misery that is prevalent amongst its poorer members. On the contrary the association has admirably succeeded in copying its model in conducting their recreational activities like socials.

The Executive Committee of the Association has always honoured the satraps of the Bombay colleges and those influential in the University Circles by electing them time and again as presidents and vice presidents. At no stage of its life has the Association allowed a secondary teacher who did not wield a great influence in the University circles to grace its Presidential 'gadi.'

The sole activities of this Association have been confined to a few socials and debates on seemingly educational topics proposed and opposed by college professors and politicians. The Association has also passed, unanimously, perhaps, a few ineffective and sanctionless resolutions which on being forwarded to the proper authorities are relegated to the waste-paper baskets and only serve to reveal full well the nature of its executive committee. Have they nothing better to do than flirt with the problems of half-starving teachers and reduce their only Association to the status of a recreational club? The real problems of the teachers are financial and administrative rather than academic ones. Even a layman feels authoritative when discussing the academic problems of the teachers.

It is a matter of pure coincidence and yet of great significance Sir, that the present Executive Committee happens to have on it nearly eight examiners including a moderator in Geography or perhaps in History.—Yours, etc.,

T. A. K.

A Railway Grievance

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In view of the Curfew Order, still in force, repeated appeals, were made to their immediate superiors, by the staff of the Goods Agent's office, Carnac Bunder, B.B. and C.I.R., to allow them to leave the office, at 8 p.m. but these appeals fell on deaf ears and on the contrary, the staff is made to work till 10 p.m. thereby not only they are made liable to break the Order but their lives are also put in danger. Will not the sympathetic Goods Agent kindly look into this matter, early, and do the needful.—Yours, etc.,

ONE IN THE KNOW.

No Compulsory Education In Thana

Sir,—With a vieww to give compulsory and free elementary education for boys and girls, an extra local fund cess at the rate of one anna per Rupee on Land Revenue is collected from the agriculturists of Thana District for the last 10 years, but the District School Board, Thana, has done nothing so far to give compulsosry education as required under the Bombay Primary Education Act IV of 1923.

It seems that the object of making the Primary Education Act and the object of collecting an extra local fund cess are not well understood by the District School, Board, Thana.

It is understood that in other District where the system of compulsory education cannot be introduced the extra local fund cess has been discontinued, and though the District School Board, Thana, has not introduced a system of compulsory education it does not wish to discontinue collecting of the extra local fund cess.

It is not only an unnecessary burden to the poor agriculturists but misuse of money (money collected for one purpose and used for another). Clause 3 of Section 10 of the Bombay Primary Education Act of 1923 clearly states that "every Local authority shall, within the prescribed period, prepare as complete a programme as possible for the universal introduction of compulsory education within the area susbject to its jurisdiction within a definite period."

The District School Board, Thana, was established in July, 1925, i.e. 11 years before, but has not so far prepared a programme of compulsory education. I would also invite the attention of the School Board authorities and the Educational Inspector, Bombay, to clause 1 of Section 26 of the said Act and suggest either arrange to discontinue collecting an extra local fund cess or introduce compulsory education as required under the existing Primary Education Act. Will the Director of Public Instruction, Poona, kindly look into the matter?—Yours, etc.,

S. E. RAUT.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

of opinion in India should be maintained, that public interest here should be stimulated and that the closest collaboration with the official authorities should be preserved in order to secure maximum results. Whilst I agree that the status of Indians overseas will be largely influenced by the status of the Motherland itself it has not been my experience that the Japanese and Chinese, who have made residence in the territories concerned, are in any better position than Indians. Moreover, the latter have the advantage of being able to appeal either to the British Parliament or to some other British Government in the Empire, and naturally they will have the support and the active interest of mother India.

Finally, I should like to urge young India to make a special study of problems affecting the welfare of Indian overseas, numbering to-day over two millions, most of whom have been born abroad and are looking at the world with new eyes. Their outlook is modern and it would be impossible for them to return to India and fit in with present day village life, from which their parents or grand parents originated. Their whole future, therefore, lies in the lands of their domicile. I made my early appeals to India on this subject 27 years ago. India is far more able to-day to help towards a sclution of these problems than she was a generation ago. I feel sure that young India will help in the task.

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HOW TO IMPROVE STATUS OF INDIANS OVERSEAS?

Mr. Polak Pleads For More Active Public Interest

CALCUTTA: (By Mail).

Mr. H. S. L. Polak, who is in Calcutta, in the course of a professional tour, interviewed by the Associated Press, made the following statement in regard to Indians overseas and how best to improve their status: I realise as a practical man that immediate and local problems affecting the welfare of the Indian people at home must necessarily occupy their attention largely to the exclusion of other problems, however important and even urgent they may at times be. But the question of Indians abroad, which is the one subject of all others upon which no difference of opinion among Indians of all political schools or between them and the Government are found should be the significant exception to the normal. Indian honour and prestige must obviously be as dear to Indians in every province of India, whether they are involved at home or abroad. The Motherland cannot remain and indeed is not indifferent to this question, which arises directly out of the treatment and the status of Indians overseas.

THREE WAYS.

In three principal ways, it seems to me to be possible to improve the position of Indians abroad, until ultimately their status has been raised to the level of the most privileged communities in these overseas areas. In the first place, official and parliamentary visits, such as that of the South African delegation, should be cultivated and reciprocated as frequently as circumstances may permit. It is of the greatest usefulness and importance that public men on either side should meet and know each other, should get to learn each other's point of view, and should endeavour in a friendly spirit to secure a solution.

GOVT. AGENTS.

Next, Indian opinion should insist, in my view, that funds should be made available without delay for the appointment of Indian Agents of the Government of India, whether primarily for trade purposes or exercising diplomatic functions, or both, in those parts of the Empire with large Indian populations. I am confident that if such an Agent had been appointed to East Africa five years ago, the present unfortunate position in Zanzibar would not have developed, and the Motherland, not to speak of the local Indian community, might have been spared a highly unpleasant controversy and much damage to material interests. The presence of an official Agent would not only frequently prevent injury to Indian interests in the territories concerned, but, would also help to secure the removal of existing disabilities. It would also enable the Government of India to have early information of impending difficulties and to take timely action, to the satisfaction of public opinion in this country; to prevent their development.

NON-OFFICIAL VISITS.

Lastly, there is one other way in which help can be given to Indian communities overseas. It is by non-official visits, either for holiday purposes or in pure courtesy, on the part of Indian men and women of recognised position and responsibility. Such a visit as that of the late Mr. Gokhale to South Africa, in 1912, was productive of very considerable good. It brought the South African Government and people for the first time in direct contact with a recognised Indian leader of light and culture, it made them realise how deeply concerned was the Motherland in the welfare of her children in the Union, and it gave much encouragement to the latter. Then, again, although Mrs. Sarojini Naidu's visit to South Africa some years ago was official, her personality and characteristic unconventionality triumphed over prejudice and created a very considerable impression upon both men and women in South Africa, the memory of which has by no means been forgotten.

PUBLIC OPINIONS.

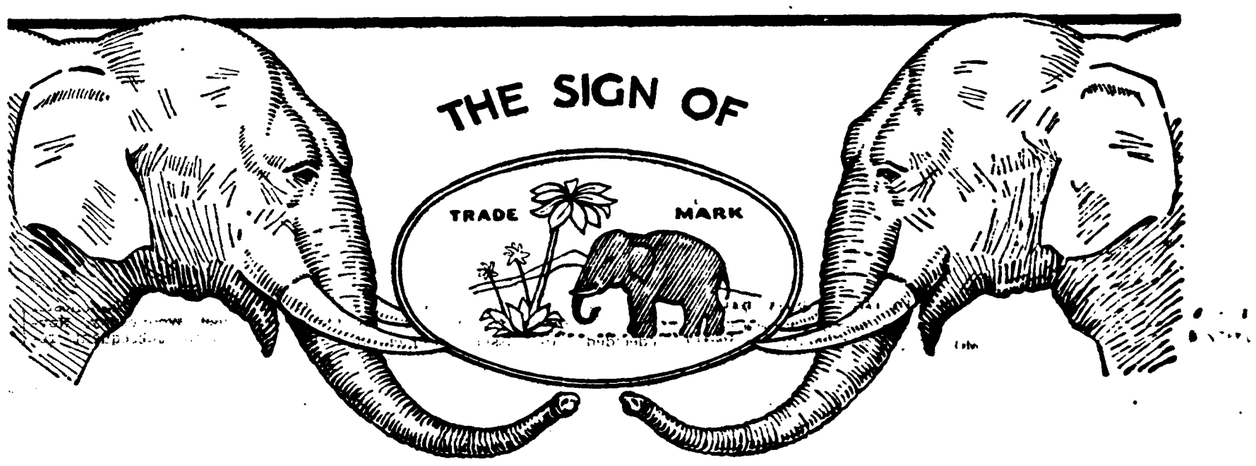
For some years past, and with constitutional developments in India, the tendency has been to transfer from Whitehall to the central Government at New Delhi the direct handling of Indian affairs abroad. It is, therefore, of the greatest importance that the Emigration Committee of the Indian Legislature, or as it will be presently the Federal Legislature, should be alert to these problems and should collaborate closely with the Government of India in endeavouring to secure redress of grievances of the overseas Indian community. And here I would like to pay a very high tribute both to the department of the Government of India concerned and to the Emigration Committee that have rendered such valuable services to the cause of Indians overseas. But it is of the utmost importance that public opinion should be more alive to these problems and should give effective support to those specialised organisations such as the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association of Bombay, that have specialised in these matters and have gathered much valuable information which is communicated to the public as soon as it is available.

YOUNG INDIA'S DUTY.

It is thus of the highest importance that the existing unanimity

(Continued in Col. 3.)

Wise smokers look for the Elephant



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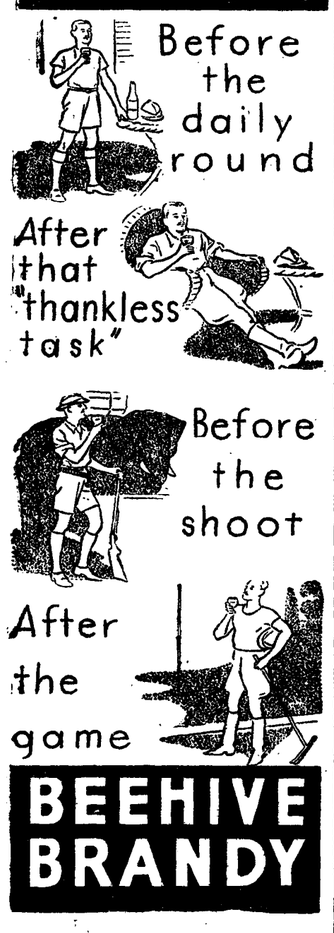

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SHIPPING NEWS

Imports And Exports

ARRIVALS.
Bombay, Dec. 11.

Scindia Steam Nvg. Co.'s S.S. Jalapadma of 2326 Reg. tons, Capt. L. J. Evans arrived on 10th instant from Rangoon via Colombo, Tuticorin, Cochin and Calicut with general cargo.

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s S.S. Ranpura of 9331 Reg. tons Capt. J. M. Legg arrived from London via Southampton and Gibraltar with passengers and general cargo.

Lloyd Triestino Co.'s S.S. Conte Rosso of 9909 Reg. tons Capt. G. Fabris arrived from Shanghai via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

B. I. S. N. Co.'s S.S. Gharinda of 3212 Reg. tons Capt. J. Drummond arrived from Karachi via Okha with cargo of cement.

O. S. Kaisha's S.S. Koshin Maru of 4432 Reg. tons, Capt. T. Horie arrived from Yokohama via Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe, Moji Muike, Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo with general cargo.

Killick Nixon and Co.'s S.S. City of Corinth of 3424 Reg. tons Capt C. Collard arrived from Liverpool via Port Said and Suez with general cargo.

Graham's Trading Co.'s S.S. Newton Pine of 2548 Reg. tons Capt. C. N. Woolner arrived from Cardiff via Karachi in water ballast.

DEPARTURES
Bombay, Dec. 11.

Scindia Steam Nvg. Co.'s S.S. Jalapalaka of 2630 Reg. tons, Capt. J. Williams sailed for Calcutta via Cochin, Alleppey and Madras with local cargo.

B. I. S. N. Co.'s S.S. Varela of 1926 Reg. tons Capt. A. Danebrook sailed for Basra via Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers and local cargo.

Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co.'s S.S. Bangalore of 2875 Reg. tons Capt. C. R. Mill sailed for Kobe via Colombo and China, Japan Ports with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s S.S. Ranpura of 9331 Reg. tons Capt. J. M. Legg sailed for Kobe via Colombo and China and Japan Ports with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

B. I. S. N. Co.'s S.S. Nowshera of 4875 Reg. tons Capt. W. Dewhurst sailed for London via Karachi and Aden with local cargo.

Lloyd Triestino Co.'s S.S. Conte Rosso of 9909 Reg. tons Capt. G. Fabris sailed for Trieste via Massowah with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Dec. 11.

1 C|o Leicester 1894, Karachi 12-12, J Finlay and Co.
3 Kelet 2722 tons, Port Said (for orders) 14-12, Ralli Bros.
4 Ginyo Maru, 6128, Kobe, 12-12 N. Y. Kaisha.
5 Verbania, 4305, Port Said, for orders, 12-12, L Dreyfus & Co.
8 Leith Hill 2675, Port Said (for orders), 12-12, The Oilseeds
9 Silvercedar 2637, New York, 13-12, Volkart Bros.
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15 Fotini Carras, 2700 Antwerp, N. F, L Edwards Ltd.

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3 Vita, 1955, Karachi, 12-12, M M and Co.
8 Gharinda, 3212, Rangoon, 12-12 M M and Co.
12|13 Gazana 3191, Calcutta 11-12, M M and Co.

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G Cambay Star 320, M. Coast, N F S Hassum.
K Off|side, Jehangir, 2157, N F, N F, T Morrison and Co.
M Rahmani 3291, N F N F, T Morrison and Co.
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Koshin Maru 25-12 O S Kaisha.
Naples Maru 31-12 O S Kaisha.
Ginyo Maru 12-12, N Y Kaisha.

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Baroda 16-12, M M and Coy.
Vasna 17-12 M M and Co.
Barenfels 25-12 Lionel Edward.

FOR KARACHI
Vita 12-12, M M and Co.
Tokiwa Maru 19-12, N Y Kaisha.

FOR DURBAN.
Karanja 23-12 M M and Co.
Takliwa 6-1, M M & Coy.

FOR RANGOON.
Jehangir 21-12, Turner Morrison and Coy.

GENERAL LANDING DATES.

S.S.	Silvercedar	9-12-36
"	Storviken	10-12-36
"	Gambada	10-12-36
"	Dayavati	10-12-36
"	Bhadravati	10-12-36

LOADING.
Bombay, Dec. 11.

The following steamers entered for loading on 11-12-36:—

S.S. British Aviator (A. I. Oil Co) for Abadan.

S.S. Kohinoor (T. M. & Co.) for Calicut, Cochin, Tuticorin, Colombo and Rangoon.

S.S. Warina (M. M. & Co.) for Australian Ports and Newzealand via Colombo

EXPORTS.
Bombay, Dec. 11.

S.S. City of Corinth for Manchester:—1150 bales cotton Langley and Co; 125 bales cotton T M Kaisha; 75 bales cotton twist waste V P Maskai; 66 bales cotton waste clean M Chandulal & Co; 125 bales cotton S R Tulshan and Co; 250 bales cotton B Cursandas and Co; 125 bales cotton S R Pocock; 200 bales cotton A H Diab; 92 bales cotton Thakordas and Co; 195 drums castor oil Wilson Latham and Co Ltd; 100 drums castor oil A Hargovindas and Co; 50 bales cotton twist waste M Chandulal and Co; 60 bales cotton twist waste C Jairam and Co.

For Liverpool:—125 bales cotton B Mawji and Co; 110 bales cotton Vakharia and Co; 1280 bags groundnut oil cakes A Oomerbhoy; 39 drums castor oil Wilson Latham and Co; 50 bales cotton twist waste C Jairam and Co; 192 bales cotton twist waste M Chandulal and Co; 560 bags mawrah meal A Dawn and Co.; 312 bales cotton Langley and Co.

For Piracus:—1179 bags linseed Ralli Bros.

S.S. Nagpore for Kobe:—600 bales cotton S Karamshi and Co; 300 bales cotton V Ladha and Co; 200 bales cotton K Poonja and Co; 300 bales cotton G Dossa & Co; 200 bales cotton Katak and Co.

For Yokkaichi:—200 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

For Moji:—300 bales cotton T M Kaisha.

S.S. Fotini Carras for Rotterdam:—110 bales cotton A H Diab.

For Antwerp:—4750 bags ground nut oil cakes Mantri and Co: 1950 bags groundnut oil cakes M Husein and Sons; 200 bales hemp raw T Dawoodbhai; 62 bales cotton Langley and Co.

For Ghent:—110 bales cotton Langley and Co.

S.S. Hokushin Maru for Kobe| Osaka:—600 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co.

For Kobe:—110 bales cotton V Ladha and Co; 1800 bales cotton N Nagsee and Co; 500 bales cotton A Podar and Co; 300 bales cotton Langley and Co.

For Yokohama:—100 bales cotton Langley and Co.

For Osaka:—200 bales cotton Ralli Bros; 700 bales cotton Langley and Co.

For Los Angeles:—125 bales cotton Langley and Co.

S.S. Ginyo Maru for Osaka:—275 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co; 200 bales cotton V Bros; 300 bales cotton G K Kaisha.

For Kobe:—100 bales cotton S R Tulshan and Co; 200 bales cotton V Bros.

For Yokkaichi:—100 bales cotton V Bros; 200 bales cotton G K Kaisha.

For Kobe|Osaka:—500 bales cotton V Bros.

S.S. Naldera for London:—55 cases isafghul husk H Fazalbhai Ibrahim and Co; 31 bales leather D Abraham and Sons; 58 bags bristles D Abraham and Sons; 24 bales skins Gindlay and Co Ltd: 99 bales skins Cox & King Agents.

S.S. Elysia for Liverpool:—14 bales rags C Nanalal and Co.

For Manchester:—1358 bags groundnut oil cakes Ralli Bros: 500 bales cotton T M Kaisha.

S.S. Silvercedar for New York:—166 bales lamb skins D Abraham and Sons.

S.S. Leith Hill for Port Said for orders:—2286 bags linseed The Oilseed Trading Co.

IMPORTS.
Bombay, Dec. 11.

M. S. Wichita, Agents L Edward, from New York:—10 cases leather; 28 cases electric motors; 95 cases provision and stores; 15 bundles tooth paste; 61 packages arms and ammunition; 36 cases radio sets and parts; 13 cases automobile parts; 15 barrels agricultural material; 103 bags fertilizers; 55 cases soap; 63 crates batteries; 13 cases graphite powder; 145 drums lubricating oil; 12 cases coco cola; 41 cases machinery; 120 boxes dyes stuff; 55 cases corn flakes; 213 bundles auto springs and parts; 40 loose rubber tubes; 8 cases vaseline; 35 drums paint; 90 cases medicines; 25 cases medicinal solution, 20 drums enamel; 205 cases flit; 8 cases face cream; 77 bundles cotton fents; 12 cases grape juice; 12 cases cement; 5 cases truck chasis; 5 cases milk; 25 bags paper lining; 10 carboys spirit; 15 cases rubber toys; 14 barrels cane mill accessories; 28 bundles flash light cells! 26 cartons radios; 117 bundles second-hand clothing; 25 cases advertising matter.

For Philadelphia:—80 drums lubricating oil; 15 cases automobile parts.

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Dec 11

London market—		
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£44 10	0
Standard copper 3 months	£44 15	0
Electrolytic copper	£49 5	0
New York—		
Blue Eagle	10.50	cents
Non-Blue Eagle	10.55	cents
Bombay market—		
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 35 12	0
Copper sheets	Rs. 45 8	0

Tone: Firm

MINIMUM COTTON QUOTA

Indian Experts' Propoals For New Agreement

(By Our London Correspondent)
LONDON: Dec. 2.
(By Air Mail).

In Manchester and other districts of Lancashire deep interest is taken in the proposed new Anglo-Indian trade pact in place of the Ottawa agreement. There is no doubt that some traders feel that, unless there is a radical change in commercial relations between the United Kingdom and India, the Indian market for Lancashire goods will continue to contract, so that the position as regards the negotiations for a new agreement is being watched with considerable anxiety.

It was announced last week after the discussion which Sir Frederick Whyte and Mr. A. E. Overton had in Manchester with representatives of Lancashire trade organisations, that consideration had been given to the practical effects of different rates of customs duty, the treatment of rayon goods as well as cotton piece goods and yarns, the definition of fents, the results of the negotiations between India and Japan, now proceeding, trade to Burma, the special problems of the trade in printed piece goods, and the big increase in Lancashire's absorbtion of Indian raw cotton, all of which have a highly important bearing on the position.

Meanwhile, it is reported in London that the unofficial committee which was formed to advise the Government of India in connection with the projected new agreement has made certain unanimous recommendations. It is understood that it was decided not to take the existing agreement as a basis, but to consider present trade conditions and to make entirely new recommendations in the light of them. It is reported that the experts recommend, as far as exports from India are concerned, that the United Kingdom should stimulate, by preference and other means, its consumption of Indian rice, wheat, linseed, groundnuts, tea and coffee, and that for raw cotton, an agreed quantity should be fixed as the minimum import from India.

On the subject of United Kingdom exports to India, the experts are understood to have recommended special treatment for iron and steel, motor-cars, and textile and printing machinery, while the recommendations in connection with cotton yarns and piece-goods are as follows:

As regards yarn, it would appear that the committee has advised a high protective duty up to 30 or 40 counts. As regards fabrics, it was mentioned that in England, the factories were in a position to produce fine cloth from short-staple Indian cotton, thanks to the up-to-date machinery at their disposal. It was, therefore, thought that it would be in the interests of Indian cotton to stimulate British textile imports into this country as against any other country's produce. It was considered that the Indian finer cloth should be left to itself, as it was thought that very few Indian mills produced these varieties. It was also felt that it was not in any way advantageous to India to tamper with coloured imports. These recommendations, it is considered, would place Indian manufactures up to 30 or 40 counts in a far more advantageous position than at present.

"GOOD DEAL FOR VERY LITTLE"

Commenting on these recommendations, the City Editor of the "Manchester Guardian" says that if these opinions as to what the experts have recommended prove to be correct, it appears that India asks for a good deal in return for very little. There are, however, two parties to any bargain, and it seems reasonable to suppose that much more favourable terms will be wanted for Britain. The establishment of a minimum for British imports of Indian raw cotton, for example, the editor adds, is a provision which commends itself to a very few people in Britain. In view of the Indian quota arrangement with Japan, of the increasing consumption by the Indian mills and of the ever-present possibility of a partial crop failure in India, there would be grave danger for any second country which agreed to take a stipulated quantity of Indian cotton every year, and such an arrangement might easily be abused.

"BOGEY OF INFERIOR QUALITY"

Sugar Manufacturers' Reply To Merchants' Charges

The All-India Sugar Merchants Conference which met at Cawnpore on the 30th November, 1936 has passed a number of resolutions. The Presidential address, however, is full of complaints against the manufacturers. One of the chief complaints of the merchants appears to have been in connection with the quality of sugar. The manufacturers have been blamed for supplying inferior qualities to the merchants resulting in heavy losses to them, observes the Secretary of Indian Sugar Mills' Association in a press communique.

The fact, however, is that towards the beginning of the 1935-36 crushing campaign, the prices of sugar soared very high due to the Abyssinian war and apprehensions of its developing into an international crisis. Speculators and merchants, it seems, overbought at that time in the hope of reaping a rich harvest. The expected international crisis, however, did not materialise and ever since the time of the present year, prices of sugar have been steadily falling with the result that apart from any question of quality the merchants were faced with heavy losses.

RECORD CROP.

The situation was, however, further complicated due to record crop favoured by ideal weather with the result that when the monsoon set in the factories had still large stocks with them. This was a quite new experience for the trade. With a conti-

(Continued in Col 5.)

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TRADE AND FINANCE

Drop In Government Securities

Hesitant Tone In Shares

GOLD AND SILVER QUIET

Weekly Market Reviews

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT).

BOMBAY: Dec. 12.

MONEY.

Money was in good demand during the week, and day-to-day loans were quoted at 1 per cent. Applications for this week's three months Treasury Bills amounted to Rs. 2,46,00,000, of which Rs. 2 crores were accepted at an average rate of Rs. 0-14-10 per cent, which shows an improvement of .0573 per cent. in the return over last week. Maturities were offset by renewals of Rs. 2 crores. About Rs. 1.33 crores were put on the market by Government against the purchase of £1 million sterling. Government have borrowed from the Reserve Bank of India Rs. 3 crores against Ways and Means Advances, thereby increasing the outstanding under this head to Rs. 4 crores. Fixed deposit rates were: —Two to three months at 1-1|4 per cent. and six months at 1-1|2 to 1-3.4 per cent.

The Bank of Norway has increased its discount rate from 3-1|2 to 4 per cent. with effect from December 7, 1936.

RESERVE BANK.

The Reserve Bank of India statement for the week ended Dec. 4, 1936, shows a decline of Rs. 65.87 lakhs in the total notes issued against a corresponding decrease of Rs. 65.61 lakhs in Rupee Coin. Notes in circulation have increased by Rs. 4.56 crores to Rs. 179.39 crores, while those held in the Banking Department have declined by Rs. 5.22 crores to Rs. 22.22 crores. Sterling Securities were unchanged at Rs. 67.32 crores whereas Rupee Securities slightly declined by Rs. 26 lakhs. Government Deposits which include £54,300 held in London on account of the High Commissioner, converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee, were down by Rs. 159.64 lakhs to Rs. 7.56 crores. Banks' Deposits were up by Rs. 42.88 lakhs to Rs. 25.36 crores. Balances held abroad have risen by Rs. 47.39 lakhs to Rs. 11.60 crores. Loans and Advances to the Government were up by Rs. 3 crores to Rs. 4 crores. Investments and other assets recorded an increase of Rs. 46.89 lakhs and Rs. 3.44 lakhs respectively. The bank rate is unchanged at 3 p.c.

IMPERIAL BANK STATEMENT.

The Imperial Bank of India statement as on December 4, 1936 shows a rise of Rs. 65.45 lakhs in the total cash balance of the bank, which now stands at Rs. 15.94 crores. The total value of Securities have decreased by Rs. 1.79 crores to Rs. 50.99 crores. Loans were down by Rs. 5.32 lakhs. Cash Credits and Bills Discounted were up by Rs. 22.40 lakhs and Rs. 77.38 lakhs respectively. Deposits on all account show a recession of Rs. 21.69 lakhs during the week. It is understood that the Imperial Bank of India advance rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

EXCHANGE.

Good demand for money coupled with a fair showing of merchandise export bills and a rise of 1|8 per cent. in the London discounts made sterling exchange very steady during the week with sellers of ready T.T. quoting 1s. 6-1|8d. and buyers 1s. 6-5|32d., small business being transacted at the middle rate. Forward rates were unchanged, and deliveries from mid-Decr. to Mid-May 1937 were available at 1s. 6-1|8d. Sterling tenders to Government at 1s. 6-1|8d. were larger by £7.8 million than last week, i.e. £55,000,000, of which approximately 2 per cent. were allotted.

Foreign exchanges in London were influenced by the constitutional crisis in England, and the sterling|dollar cross rate after opening at dol. 4.909|16 declined to dol. 4.89-9|16, probably on some offering of sterling by Continental holders, who were inclined to convert their sterling balances into dollar balances. In mid-week the rate advanced to dol. 4.90-15|16 on reported improvement in the Constitutional situation, but declined and closed at dol. 4.90-7|16. Fr. francs were steady around frs. 105.15, the highest and lowest rates being frs. 105.18 and frs. 105.12 respectively. The discount on three months forward Fr. francs increased from frs. 1.430 to frs. 1.650 in mid-week, but decreased to frs. 1.590 at the close. The belga and the guilder fluctuated between 29.00-1|2 and 28.95 and 9.01-3|4 and 9.00-1|4 respectively. The Italian lira closed at 93.12.

GOLD.

The price of ready gold in the local market fluctuated in consonance with the movements in the sterling-dollar cross rate. As a result of the firmness in the Rupee-Sterling exchange the market here ruled above parity for the greater part of the week, and consequently the volume of business for export was comparatively small. The quotation for ready opened at Rs. 35-2 and after advancing to Rs. 35-2-9 declined to Rs. 35-1-3, but improved and closed at Rs. 35-1-9. In London the price of gold after advancing from 141s. 9-1|2d. to 142s. 1d. early in the week dropped to 141s. 9d. in sympathy with a weaker dollar, but closed at 142s. 0-1|2d. Last week's shipment per s. s. "Maloja" was worth Rs. 39.40 lakhs, making a total of Rs. 31.74 crores for the current year and Rs. 289.29 crores since September 1931. Stocks on hand are estimated at about 75,000 tolas, while the daily arrivals average about 10,000 tolas. The offtake averages about 2,000 tolas a day. The highest and lowest rates in the local market were Rs. 35-2-9 and Rs. 35-1-3 for ready and January 1 settlement, and Rs. 35-2-6 and Rs. 35-1-0 for January 29 settlement. The price of spot sovereigns after moving between Rs. 22-4-3 and Rs. 22-3-6, closed at Rs. 22-3-6. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 3,42,127 in bar and coin.

SILVER.

Silver was steady at the opening and the quotation for ready was maintained around Rs. 52-10, but the turnover was restricted. Towards the close on weak advices from foreign centres and some liquidation by tired holders in the local market, the price declined to Rs. 51-12, at which level there was good resistance. At the close the market improved to Rs. 52.6. Stocks on hand are estimated at about 22,000 bars. The offtake averages about 65 bars a day, which includes about 225 bars railed up-country in connection with the settlement. To-day's arrivals per s. s. "Ranpura" are valued at £4,700. Silver to the amount of £226,200 is 'en route' to Bombay. The highest and lowest rates in London were 21-5|16d. and 21-1|16d. for spot and two months forward: and those in the local market were Rs. 52-12 and Rs. 51-12 for ready, Rs. 52-13 and Rs. 51-13 for January 2 settlement and Rs. 52-15 and Rs. 51-15 for January 31 settlement. Total imports during the week amounted to about 517 bars from London and Australia and Rs. 27,038 in coin. The Shanghai dollar fluctuated between 1s. 2-9|16d. and 1s. 2-17|32d

GILT-EDGED

The price of gilt-edged fluctuated in consonance with the movements in the London market, which was influenced by the Constitutional issue. All the British Funds and the Indian Government loans declined in the London Market the repercussions of which were felt in the local market. The tightness in money and the improved return of .0573 per cent in Treasury Bills were further contributory factors leading to the present situation. 3-1|2 per cent Rupee Paper declined from Rs. 99-5 to Rs. 98-12, but on somewhat reassuring news recovered to Rs. 99-10, but relapsed and closed at Rs. 99-6. 3-1|2 per cent India Sterling Stock after declining from £98 to £97-3|4, advanced and closed at £98-1|4. 4 per cent 1960-70 loan after touching Rs. 114-10, closed at Rs. 114-15. 5 per cent 1945-55 (tax free) loan moved between Rs. 121-4 and Rs. 121-2; 2-3|4 per cent 1948-52 new loan between Rs. 101-1 and Rs. 100-14; 2 per cent 1951-54 loan between Rs. 103-8 and Rs. 103-6 and 3-1|2 per cent 1947-50 loan between Rs. 107-8 and Rs. 107-5. 3 per cent 1941 loan closed at Rs. 104-15: 4 per cent 1943 bonds at Rs. 111-13; 4-1|2 per cent 1955-60 loan Rs. 120-2 and 5-1|2 per cent 1938-40 loan at Rs. 107-7.

SHARES

After a few weeks of continued rise in prices, the share market presented a hesitant tone during the period under report, partly owing to the approach of Christmas holidays and partly to the uncertain tone prevailing in the London market. Tata Steel shares despite this kept remarkably steady. The price of Ordys. surpassed previous records again this week being as high as Rs. 224-8. Defds. after touching Rs. 866, closed at Rs. 848-12. The cotton mill group of shares was slightly easier on profit-taking, but the declines were only fractional. Bombay Dyeings closed at Rs. 775 and Centurys at Rs. 153-2. Hydro-Electric group of shares were practically unchanged. Tata Powers ranged between Rs. 1607-8 and Rs. 1596-4. The sale of 1,000 forfeited shares by the Tata Power Co. dampened the enthusiasm of operators, but it is generally regarded by the market that the Companies position is very sound. The proceeds of these forfeited shares will be utilised in financing plant improvements and extensions and in reducing the current and debenture indebtedness of the Company. The cement shares were an exception and were very firm. The merger company's shares are reported to be as high as Rs. 165. There were good buyers for all other scrips. Bundis after touching Rs. 40-14, closed at Rs. 40-8. Indian Cements after advancing to Rs 539-6 closed at Rs. 536-4. Bombay Burmas and Belapur shares were steady. The Bank and Railway shares showed practically no change.

COTTON SEEDS MARKET STRONG

Groundnuts Firm And Castorseed Steady

Bombay, Dec. 11

Our seeds market was steady to firm with active buying. Yesterday Copra in London advanced to £21-8-9 and groundnuts were quoted at £15-18-9 and fair export business was booked at this prices. In the local market there was active buying and groundnuts after opening at Rs. 4-6 advanced to Rs. 44|13 and later steadied at Rs. 44|12 with buying by shippers.

Castorseeds also moved up in sympathy and prices opened at Rs. 38|8|6 and advanced to Rs. 38|11 when realising checked the rise and was quoted at Rs. 38|9.

Cottonseeds were firm with excellent demand. Exporters are buying freely ready at Rs. 2-13 to Rs. 2-14. Difficulty of obtaining freight is checking business.

It may be said that our cottonseeds yield about 18 to 20 per cent oil while Americans and Egyptians yield 19 to 22 per cent. Indians are quoted at £7-2-6 while Egyptians are at £9-2-6. Thus our prices are attractive.

To-day there was some enquiry from Japan which is a new bullish feature and we believe prices will advance about Rs 2 to Rs. 3. January delivery opened at Rs. 20|12 and advanced to Rs. 20|14 while May opened at Rs. 21|13 and after declining to Rs. 21|10 rallied to Rs. 21|13. Shippers are anxious to switch to later month at a premium of annas fifteen but there are no sellers. To-day's quotations were as under:—

Castorseeds May—			
Opening	38	3	0
Highest	38	10	0
Closing	38	7	0
Groundnuts February—			
Opening	44	6	0
Highest	44	13	6
Lowest	44	3	6
Closing	44	3	6
Cottonseeds January—			
Opening	20	11	6
Highest	20	14	0
Lowest	20	9	0
Closing	20	12	6
Cottonseed May—			
Opening	21	13	0
Highest	21	14	0
Lowest	21	8	6
Closing	21	11	6

Sterling Shares Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 11.

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special Cablegram from London to-day:—

Name of Company	Latest prices. £
Assam Bengal Railway Ordy. Stock	88 10 0
Atlas Elect. and Genl. Trust Ord	0 9 3
Bengal Iron 7 1/2 per cent Preference	1 15 0
Bengal-Nagpur Rly. Ord. Stock	103 0 0
B.B. & C.I. Rly. Ord. Stock	115 10 0
Brazilian Traction Pow. & Lt. Ord.	dol. 19.75
Cables & Wireless 7 1/2 per cent. Ord. 'A' Stock	19 5 0
Cawnpore Electric Sup. Ord.	2 9 9
Delhi Electric Sup. Ord.	3 0 6
Foreign Rly. Inv. Trust 5 per cent Prf. Stk.	39 0 0
Genl. & Comml. Invest. Trust Defd. Stk.	100 0 0
East India Distilleries & S. F. Ord.	1 4 9
Eastern Bank Ltd.	7 0 0
Hongkong & Shanghai Banks. Corpn.	109 0 0
Imperial Airways Ltd. Ord.	2 14 6
Indian Copper Corporation (Ord.)	0 5 3
Indian Iron & Steel 7 1/2 per cent Debs.	106 0 0
Rangoon Electric Tram. & S. Ord.	2 10 0
Shahdara Saharanpur L. Rly. 4 1/2 per cent Deb.	96 0 0
United Premier Oil & Cake Ord.	0 11 3

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Dec 11

Ready Javas	Rs.	13	4 0
Shipment December	Rs.	3	11 0
Shipment Jan Mar	Rs.	3	11 3
Shipment July Sept	Rs.	3	12 0
Kesar	Rs.	11	15 0
Saraya	Rs.	11	15 0
Java Spot	F.	4.30	

BETTER PROSPECTS FOR INDIAN COTTON

High Commissioner's Optimism About Trade Pact

LONDON, Dec. 11.

Sir Firoze Khan Noon accompanied by Dr. Meek visited Manchester and met the Lancashire Cotton Committee.

After the meeting the High Commissioner said the purchase of Indian cotton by Lancashire as reflected in the latest statistics was very gratifying and he hoped that the favourable condition would be further improved by the conclusion of a new trade agreement between the two countries.—Reuter.

INDO-BRITISH TRADE NEGOTIATIONS

Three Alternatives To Solve The Deadlock

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Dec. 11.

Three alternatives can solve the deadlock which ensued in the Indo-British Trade negotiations. It is definitely understood the Indian advisers stated in their note signed unanimously that no fruitful purpose will be served by continuing negotiations if British proposals were what they were. Accordingly the first alternative appears to be for the British Board of Trade to modify their proposals suitably to enable the Indian delegation to accept them as basis of consideration. Secondly there is a suggestion that British authorities should give up their own proposals and make the Indian memorandum the basis of consideration.

The third suggestion which may find favour is to invite Indian advisers to the London Conference and try, by oral negotiations, to reach an agreement. As the report of the non-official advisers had not yet reached the Government of India it is difficult to say what action they will take. They will probably wait for a reply from the British Board of Trade before deciding their next step.

"ASTOUNDING PRICE OF RENUNCIATION"

LONDON, Dec. 11.

The "Daily Telegraph" says:—The price of renunciation astounds the world. The King who has won so completely the affections of his people might have asked them almost anything and they would have given it with both hands. But there is always something which duty must deny and it will be of abiding grief to thousands who loved the King that the one thing he asked was a marriage which he deems so necessary to his happiness but which they judged to be disastrous to the Crown and realm.

King Edward's case stands solitary and unique. The tragedy for the Empire is that the now broken column might well have been one of the stateliest pillars of the temple but the temple itself still stands and, as we believe, the event will prove it unshakeable.

RALLY TO NEW KING.

The "Morning Post" says: it is idle to belittle the heaviness of the blow which has fallen on the British people and the British Empire. It is fortunate indeed that a prince so capable and trustworthy is at hand to take up the royal burden so incontinently laid down. For he will have to repair the hurt that has been suffered and recover the ground that has been lost. The nation must rally to their King.—Reuter.

New York Sugar

New York, Dec 10

March	2.82—
May	2.84—01
July	2.87—
September	2.93—

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Dec 11

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	...	175	172	169	166
Punjab	...	175	172	169	166
Oomra No. 3	215	212	209	206	...
C P No. 1	230	227	224	221	—
C P No. 2	220	217	214	211	...
Khandesh	212	209	206	203	...

Cotton Tenders

Bombay, Dec 11

	To-day	Total
Oomra	800	1,150
Bengal	nil	nil

NEW DELHI, Dec. 11.

Yesterday, December 10, was quiet in Khaisora valley and no enemy was seen. Rain continued throughout the day. No air reconnaissance was possible due to low clouds.—United Press.

(Continued from Col. 7).

points in the case, His Lordship held that the plaintiff had not proved any statutory provision which restricted the power of the Crown to dismiss its servants at pleasure without notice or without assigning any cause.

His lordship, therefore, dismissed the suit with costs.

Big Abyssinian Victory?

Italian Troops Taken By Surprise And Annihilated

(From Our Correspondent.)

DJIBOUTI, Dec. 5

There are great rejoicings in the Ethiopian population of this town and the Ethiopian Flag is flying. They say the Ethiopian troops of Gore vacated the town and hid themselves in hills and let the Italians and troops of Ras Hailow take possession. But they suddenly came out of their hiding and surrounded and annihilated these troops, and have gained a big victory.

As the rainy season is now over in Abyssinia and Italy is extending its conquests in the Western districts, the Friends of Abyssina (Ethiopia) League have written to Mr. Eden urging him to press for an armistice between the two countries to prevent further bloodshed.

Other requests are:

Provision of an area in British territory adjoining Abyssina as a sanctuary for Abyssinian refugees and homeless Abyssinians now exiled in Europe:

The appointmnt of a Committee of Inquiry to report to the League on the conditions of Abyssinian peoples both in territory occupied and unoccupied by Italy.

TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY

"Capital" Withdraws Statements

CALCUTTA, Dec. 11.

"Capital" of Calcutta writes:—Referring to the statements appearing in its issue of December 10 "Capital" desires to withdraw as incorrect and entirely without foundation the suggestion, firstly, that the new company, that is, the Indian Iron and Steel Company "will be one of units of new Iron and Steel Company that is in contemplation" or, secondly, that there is "any hiatus in negotiations between the Tata Iron & Steel Company Limited and the promoters of the new Steel Company as to terms on which the Tatas are prepared to participate." These statements were made in error."

PT. PANT'S HONOURED PLACE IN NATIONAL LIFE

Jagmohandas Kapadia Gives Party To Congress Leaders

To honour Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, Mr. Jagmohandas Kapadia gave a dinner party to the leading merchants of the City at his residence at Ville Parle on Thursday. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was present.

Among others who were present were Messrs. Mathradas Vissanji, K. R. P. Shroff, Vallabhbhai Patel and Bhulabhai Desai.

The host paid a tribute to the members of the Legislative Assembly who had a difficult and complicated task in taking right decisions on an intricate and highly technical subject like the Company Amendment Law.

Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant in reply narrated the various stages through which the Company Amendment Bill was piloted during the last session of the Bombay Legislative Assembly. It was his opinion that the Agency system was a necessity and as long as the Agents developed the industry of the country with the particular object of the general welfare of the people in view, they had to support that system.

He failed to understand why there should be any clash between the classes, when the main aim of the big industrialists in the country was general welfare of its people.

PT. PANT'S SERVICES.

Mr. Jagmohandas Kapadia welcoming the guests said:—

I deem it a privilege to have been given this opportunity to assemble so many friends at such short notice to honour Pandit G. B. Pant. As a distinguished member of the Indian National Congress and as an outstanding worker in the national cause, the guest of the evening is so well known to Bombay that it would be presumptuous on my part to introduce him to this gathering. I cannot claim Panditji's friendship over any long period as, fortunately or unfortunately I am not a political bird whilst Pandit Pant has for years now dedicated his life to fight our political battles. But I am proud to feel that my first acquaintance with him some months ago—and I hope he will permit me to say so—has rapidly ripened into friendship of an enduring character.

HIS INDEPENDENT JUDGMENT.

During the discussions of the Companies' Act Amendment bill both in the Select Committee and in the Assembly at Simla, there was hardly a day when I did not pester him with requests and suggestions of one sort or another. He, however, never lost patience but on the contrary was always anxious—if I may repeat his own words—to seek light from all quarters. As days passed and we got closer together I came to realise that behind an unusually cold exterior, Panditji had an equally warm heart. One important characteristic of Panditji is independence of judgment. He weighs every thing that is placed before him and comes to his own conclusions and acts upto them without fear. It is because of this characteristic that even his opponents in the Assembly always hold him in high esteem. Personally, I am greatly indebted to him for the courtesy and kindness with which he treated me throughout my stay in Simla and I consider myself fortunate that the Companies' Bill gave me an opportunity of making friendship with a personality occupying such a prominent place in the national life of this country.

Members of the Assembly had a difficult and complicated task in taking right decisions on an intricate and highly technical subject like Company Law and I cannot help thinking that usefully as several members contributed to the ultimate shaping of the new law, no other non-official member individually has to his credit the record of sound,—constructive, well-thought-out and understanding criticism and suggestion which Panditji made during the prolonged discussion on the Bill. I take this opportunity of thanking him publicly for his selfless and unstinted labours and wish him long life with health that knows no ills and strength that knows no weakening to serve many other public causes.

I also thank you one and all for accepting my invitation to be present here to-night.

Crown's Powers To Dismiss Its Servants

INTERESTING HIGH COURT SUIT DISMISSED WITH COSTS

Mr. Justice Engineer at the High Court disposed of the suit filed by Ahmedkhan Nasarkhan claiming compensation from the Secretary of State for India in Council for alleged wrongful dismissal.

The plaintiff was engaged as an electrical artificier on H.M.S. "Dalhousie" on November 14, 1928 under the Marine Act of 1887 for a period of six years. On December 8, 1931, he was discharged from service, it was stated, without notice or without informing him of the charge against him or without giving him any opportunity to defend himself.

The defence was that the plaintiff was discharged from service as he was found unsuitable to carry out his work. It was further pleaded that the Crown had powers to dismiss its servants without notice and without giving any reasons.

JUDGMENT.

In the course of his judgment, His Lordship observed that the court had to decide whether the plaintiff's case was an exception to the general rule that the Crown had powers to dismiss its servants without notice and without assigning any reasons. It was held in the case of "Dunn vs. Queen" (1896. I Q. B.) that servants of the Crown, held their offices during the pleasure of the Crown, except in special cases who otherwise provided by law. Such a power could not be excluded even by express contract.

After discussing the various

(Continued in Col. 4)

WALL CALENDARS

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THE ASIAN RESEARCH INST.

11X., Connaught Road, POONA.

Large Foreign Buying In N. Y. Cotton

Speculative Demand Broadening

MARKET SAFE TO REALISE PROFITS

BOMBAY, Dec. 11.

New York cotton prices advanced on Thursday on heavy foreign and domestic price-fixing.

There was new speculative buying in sympathy with other markets and on British political developments removing the uncertainty.

It appears that speculative demand is broadening but in view of recent rise, it will be advisable to realise profits with a view to replace.

On Thursday the New York cotton futures market opened very steady and was active with a broader demand which readily absorbed realising by longs who have been carrying cotton since summer.

Spot demand was less active with mills apparently alarmed at the action of the market. Prices then reacted partially on hedge selling but the market again improved on renewed general buying. It is believed that scarcity of good long staple cotton is having effect and there will be increased demand for Egyptian Upper cotton.

Trading commenced at a rise of 3 points over overnight quotations and March was quoted 12.27. During the initial stage prices declined one point with March 12.26 which was the lowest level but under increased general buying a fresh rise of 13 points with March 12.39 was reached before the noon and this proved the highest level for the day. In the afternoon there was mixed business and the market finally closed at a net rise of 12 to 21 points. Spot cotton prices improved 14 points at 12.98c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also firm with improved demand and closed at a rise of 12 to 14 points. Spot cotton prices were raised 15 points at 12.86c.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened steady at a rise of 2 points with March 6.67. There was local and Bombay buying which met some profit taking. Later on local support was good on higher New York cables and trade calling met with straddle selling. King's abdication did not affect the market and prices closed 3 to 4 points. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 4 points at 6.88d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 2 points. At the close January, March and May deliveries were quoted 5.59.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

There was fairly active inquiry for Egyptian cotton. Sakels futures closed 13 to 16 points with spot cotton 21 points up at 10.70d. Uppers futures advanced 4 with Spot cotton 6 points higher at 7.54d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was very steady with improved demand for Sakels futures which closed 24 to 23 points. Ashmouni futures gained 5 to 8 points.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest

(11-25 a.m.)	12.39+15

New York March lowest

(10 a.m.)	12.16+02
Liverpool March highest	6.69+04
Liverpool March lowest	6.66+01

Messrs. M and B Stern have received the following cable from their Head Office:—

'Due poor quality Government holdings and scarcity staples expect good demand for uppers and would buy present levels."

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received to-day the following cable advices from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: 'Due poor quality Government holding and scarcity staples expect good demand uppers and would buy present levels.'

New York: 'Market firm with upward tendency due to ability to absorb offering.'

New York: 'Market affected favourably by removal of British uncertainty. Trade buying and outside buying particularly October. Realising well absorbed. Think market will go temporarily higher."

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Market acts well. Good demand from trade. Outside interests increasing. Think market will go considerably higher. Cotton goods market—yarn market—moderately active and strong.

New York: Foreign and domestic fixations. New outside buying. Spot houses and Co-operatives sold May, also some profit taking.

New York: Tendency to advance continues.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

Their Liverpool Agents cabled:

New York (Dec 10): Broadening demand.

Their New York friends cabled:

Market may work higher but feel profits should be taken now and on scale up.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Dec 10

January	12.40+12
March	12.38+14
May	12.24+16
July	12.07+15
October	11.64+21
Middling Spot	12.98+14

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Dec 10

December	12.66+17
January	12.36+12
March	12.35+14
Middling Spot	12.86+15

NEW YORK

New York, Dec 10

11-00 A.M. RANGES.

January	12.35
March	12.34
May	12.18

NOON CALL

March	12.35
May	12.21

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Dec 10

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	21,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's exports to the Continent	14,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Dec 10

December	6.70+03
January	6.68+03
February	6.69+04
March	6.69+04
April	6.68+04
May	6.67+04
June	6.64+03
July	6.62+03
August	6.48+03
September	6.42+03
October	6.37+03
November	6.33+03
December	6.33+03
Middling Spot	6.88+04
10-12 a.m. quotations	
January	6.66
March	6.67

Linseed & Wheat

Bombay, Dec 11

Yesterday Liverpool wheat market was strong on continued heavy sales to Italy who is reported to have purchased three Plate, three Australian cargoes and 10,000 tons Danubian. There was also enquiry from Shanghai. In the Chicago market there was some nervousness during the early part of the session due to reports of abdication but later prices improved on unprecedented Italian buying policy and general bullishness of World situation but the market closed irregular with scattered realising. It is generally believed that world situation of wheat is strong and any decline after the debate on the Bill in the British Parliament, it will be advisable to buy. Linseed yield is reported 17 bushels per acre in Argentine and wheat crop progress is reported most satisfactory. In the local market exporters seem best buyers and the undertone of the market is firm. There was improved buying to-day both in Linseed and Wheat and quotations were as under:

	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed May	7	8	3
Wheat January	5	10	0
Wheat May	5	7	9

Indian Sterling Loans

London, Dec 10

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	86 1/4
3 1/2 per cent	98 1/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	105 3/4
4 per cent 1948/53	109 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	114 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	118
5 per cent 1942/47	113
3 per cent 1949/52	101 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	84 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	106 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	105 7/8

Shanghai Exchange

Shanghai, Dec 11

T T on London:	
Previous closing	1-2 9/16
To-day's opening	1-2 9/16
Tone: Steady.	

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Dec 11

In sympathy with a further rise of 14 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day very steady at Rs. 223/12 for Broach A/M delivery and advanced to Rs. 224/4 on short covering and scattered buying. Later on there was some realising and prices declined to Rs. 223/8 but the tone of the market was very steady. In view of recent rapid rise there is less inclination to buy at present prices.

The Liverpool market was due to-day to open at a rise of 2 points but it opened one point up and the local market ruled steady with Broach A/M. delivery at Rs. 223/2. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M.	223	0	0
Oomra D/J.	203	0	0
Oomra March	202	4	0
Bengal D/J.	164	12	0
Bengal March	164	4	0

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 11.

Bengal Superfine	177/80
Bengal Fine	172/74
C.P. 1	223/25
C.P. 2	215/16
Arvi	215/16
Ellichpur	213/15
Berar	210/12
Khamgaon	212/13
Mulkapur	209/10
Khandesh	206/09
Jalna/Sailu	207/09
Burwah Sanavad	212/13
1935-36 crop.	
Broach	219/24
Dholleras	209/14
Punjab/American	209/14
Sind, N.T.	234/39
Punjab 289F.	246/51
Cambodia	259/64
Compta	214/24
Westerns	209/14
Miraj	209/14
Jagadia Ankleshwar	244/46
Surat	254/56
Navsari	262/64

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Dec. 11.

	Cwts.
Wheat	7,279
Linseed	346
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	117
Gingellyseed	2,998
Poppyseed	183
Groundnuts	23,290
Castorseed	9
Rice	14,104
Myrabollams	1,928
Cottonseed	19,729
Mowraseed	30
Gram	1,675
Joowar	1,285
Barley	44
Bajree	2,109
Indian Sugar	1,571
	Tons.
Coal	2,886

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Dec. 11.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	Since 1st Sept. This year.
Khandesh	2,675	21,096
Central India	1,642	28,565
Barsi and Nagar	930	22,798
Hyderabad-Gaorani	297	6,000
Berar	6,787	102,683
Central Provinces	995	21,730
Total Oomras	13,326	202,873
Dholera	1	2,808
N.-W. Provinces	54	2,453
Rajputana	36	5,005
Sind-Punjab	4,646	75,345
Broach	...	2,213
Coompta and Dharwar	...	6,685
Westerns-Northerns	88	5,869
Cocoanada	...	16
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	1,067
Persian	...	8
American	...	2,767
Egyptian and African	79	60,207
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	1
Total	18,230	376,617

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 3rd Dec.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	4,743	64,261
Japan and China	11,507	206,331
Coast Ports	...	4,552
Up-country by Rail	...	49,851
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	13,011
Total	16,250	338,025

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

	1936-37	1935-36
F.P. Bales		
Receipts to date 10-12-36	4760000	5013000
Receipts Yesterday 10-12-36	21000	20000
Exports to date 10-12-36	2542000	2849000
Stock at Ports 4-12-36	3010000	2898000
Stock at Interior Towns 4-12-36	2366000	1358000
Stock at Liverpool 4-12-36	832000	566000
Visible Supply 4-12-36	6809000	6911000
Quantity in sight 4-12-36	8734000	8265000
Quantity out of sight 4-12-36	5177000	4460000

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD.

Bombay, Dec. 11.

The following rates prevailed in the Market on 11th day of December 1936.

BROACH FULLY GOOD QUALITY.

VAIDAS.

Apr-May 1936-37

10-30	Rs. 223/12
12-30	Rs. 223/12
2-30	Rs. 223/12
4-30	Rs. 223/4

Apr-May, July-Aug.

Highest	224/4
Lowest	223

Apr-May.

Teji Mandi sahi	223/12

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: January 129; May 143 at Cross Rate 4.90 19/32

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1937 223/8 Liverpool May 6.69 Rs. 67 3/4 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1937 223/8 New York May 12.24 Rs. 53 3/4 at Cross Rate 4.90 19/32

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Dec 11

Yesterday London gold prices advanced 3 1/2d. to £7-2-0 1/2 while London-Paris Exchange rate closed unchanged at 105.13 and Dollar Sterling cross rate was quoted 4.90 19/32. London silver prices improved 1/8d. to 21 3/16d. India bought and offerings were small. Later on the market was dull with buyers at fixed rates. New York silver prices were 1/4 cent up to 45 1/4 cents while Montreal silver futures closed unchanged to 41 points up. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 9/16. In the local market there was some short covering but business was restricted and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Increased offerings in gold depressed prices by half anna per tola and the market was very quiet.

GOLD

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	35	1	9
Magsar delivery	35	1	6
Magsar tejimandi	0	3	6
Posh delivery	35	1	3
Posh tejimandi	0	6	6

SILVER

Ready	52	6	0
Magsar delivery	52	7	0
Magsar tejimandi	0	15	0
Posh delivery	52	9	0
Posh tejimandi	2	0	0

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Dec 10

December	46.80—
March	46.90+40
May	47.05+40

N. Y. Silver

New York, Dec 10

Spot silver prices were raised to-day by 1/4 cents to 45 1/4 cents

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Dec 10

F G F SAKELLARIDIS	
January	10.05
March	10.10
May	10.14
July	10.16
September	10.16
F G F SPOT	10.70

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Dec 10

BROACH	
Fully Good (Good staple)	5.52
Fine (Good staple)	5.67
Superfine (Good staple)	5.82
OOMRA	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.56
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	5.71
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.86
BENGAL	
Good	4.35
Fully Good	4.45
Fine	4.57

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Dec 10

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe	
Jan Feb sellers	38/1 1/2
Wheat Barletta Russo	
Jan Feb sellers	38/1 1/3
Wheat South Australian	
Dec sellers	44/6

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Dec 10

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	8 1/2

LONDON SILVER

London, Dec 10

Spot	21 3/16
Forward	21 3/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Dec 10

Gold Bars Fine per ounce	£7-2-0 1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, Dec 10

Bank bills 3 months market rate 15/16 per cent to 7/8 per cent

Bank bills 6 months market rate 3/4 per cent to 7/8 per cent

Fine trade bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent.

Fine trade bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent

Interest day to day loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent

Interest 7 days market loan 1/2 per cent

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Dec 10

T T London on:	
New York closing rate	4.90 7/16
Paris	105 13
Berlin	12.18
Madrid	59 50
Amsterdam	9.00 1/2
Brussels	29.00 1/2
Milan	93.12
Berno	21.33
Prague	138.62

LONDON SEEDS

London, Dec 10

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f.	
Dec sellers	£11-10-0
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f.	
Dec Jan sellers	£13-17-6
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f.	
Dec Jan sellers	£14-6-3
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f.	
Dec Jan sellers	£13-5-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f.	
Dec Jan sellers	£14-2-6

LINSEED OIL

London, Dec 10

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	
Dec sellers	26/1 1/2
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	
Jan April sellers	26/3

LONDON RUBBER

London, Dec 10

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb	
Sellers	9 3/16

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Dec 10

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	67¼
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£86 1/4
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£98 1/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£114 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£84 1/4
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£106 3/4
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£105 7/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£116 5/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£114 3/4
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	£15 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	£108 1/2
National Bank of India	£47 3/8
P and O Banking Corporation	£10

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Dec 11

T C RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D—	
	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	272 7/8
Banks selling T T	270 7/8
Banks buying T T	268 5/8
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	788
Banks buying T T	803
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 3/8
Banks buying T T	77 1/8
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	67 3/4
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	67 3/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 3/8
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	81 3/8
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	90 7/8
CROSS RATE—	
New York London	
10th instant	4.90 1/2
London Paris	
11th instant	1 2
Java London	
11th instant	8.96 1/4
Hongkong London	
11th instant	1.3
Shanghai London	
11th instant	1/2 9/16
London Paris	
10th instant	105.13
London Belgium	
10th instant	29.00 1/2
London Switzerland	
10th instant	21.33
London Berlin	
10th instant	12.18
London Stockholm	
10th instant	19.39 1/2
London New York	
10th instant	4.90 7/16
London Amsterdam	
10th instant	9.00 1/2
London Italy	
10th instant	93.12
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.	
Gold 9th instant	£7-1-9
Gold 10th instant	£7-2-0 1/2
Silver London Ready	
9th instant	21 1/16
10th instant	21 3/16
Silver London Forward	
9th instant	21 1/16
10th instant	21 3/16
Silver New York Ready.	
9th instant	45
10th instant	45
London Discounts 3 Mos	
9th instant	7/8 p.c.
10th instant	7/8 p.c.
London Discount 6 Mos	
9th instant	7/8 p.c.
10th instant	7/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money—	
Call	3/4 p.c.
3 Mos.	3/4 p.c.
6 Mos	1 p.c.
Tone:—Steady.	

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Dec 10

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

	Dollars.
Amer Power and Light Pfd. 5 per cent A	97
Amer Forn Power Pfd 7 per cent	56
Columbia Gas	17
United Corporation	7
American Tel and Tel	139
Western Union Telg	85 1/4
Baltimore and Ohio Rly	23
Erie Rly	16
Great North Pfd Rly	43
New York Central Rly	44 3/4
Northern Pacific Rly	27
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	19
Republican Steel	29
Thompson Product	29
Skelley Oil	41
Gen Amr Transportation	75
Bethelchem Steel	64
United States Steel	77 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	51
Int Nickel of Canada	63
General Motors	69 1/2
General Electric	51 1/2
Radio Corp	12
Socony	15 3/4
Amr Tobacco B	98
Chase Bank	43 1/2
National City Bank	37
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	93
Houston Oil	13
Brazilian Traction	18

Active and strong market; steels and oils firmer. U S Steel Corp shipped in November 880000 tons. U. S. Steel Corp working 70 per cent. Brokers loans up 57 million dollars.

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 9th December	23,964
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	356,367
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	365,047
Decrease	6,680

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Dec 11

December	247.70+70
February	235.40+110
March	232.50+100
April	228.30+120

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Dec 10

December	109 3/4d.
March	101 7/8d.
May	100 3/4d.
July	99 3/4d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Dec 10

December	1-28 3/8c
May	1-23 7/8c.
July	1-09 1/2c.

Scattered Buying In Shares

Market Awaits Public Reaction On Abdication

FEELING NERVOUS AND UNCERTAIN

BOMBAY, December 11.

The local share bazar ruled quiet but steady with a restricted turnover.

The market is awaiting public reaction on abdication and on Parliamentary Bill.

The general feeling continues nervous and uncertain with operators showing no inclination to increase risks.

Government securities rallied on active buying and 3 12 per cent paper was quoted at Rs. 99-12

Tata Steel shares opened steady at Rs. 852-8 and advanced to Rs. 858 but at this level there was some realising and prices eased off to Rs. 853. The market remained dull at this level. Ordinary shares were quiet but steady at Rs. 222-8.

Following steady rise in raw cotton prices, there was improved demand for textile shares and prices ruled steady with a small improvement. In sympathy with improvement in Government securities, there was slightly better enquiry for Hydro-Electric shares but the undertone was quiet.

TEXTILE MILLS.

BOMBAY, Dec. 11.

	Rs	as
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs 8)	287	8
250 Bombay Dyeing	778	12
100 Century	154	6
100 Central India (Rs. 4)	247	8
100 Coorla (nil)	136	4
250 Davia	60	0
250 Dawn	300	0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0-4-0	
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	111	14
100 Gokak (Rs. 2-8)	210	10
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1605	0
100 Indore (nil)	44	0
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	72	8
100 Kohinoor (Rs. 8)	251	14
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	575	0
250 Madras United	11	0
1000 Morarji (nil)	850	0
250 Model	45	0
50 Mysore (Rs. 3)	101	4
200 New Great (nil)	168	12
100 Oosmanshahi (nil)	52	0
100 Phoenix (Rs. 10)	265	0
25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)	48	0
1000 Sholapur (Rs 50)	1850	0
50 Simplex (Rs. 1-2)	76	14
100 Swadeshi (Rs. 4)	195	10
100 Swan (nil)	92	8
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1,238	12
1000 Western	232	8

BANKS.

50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	117	8
25-50 Central (Rs. 12)	35	4
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1573	12
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	386	14
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	135	4
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-3-4)	138	4
5 Union (As. 4)	5-11-0	

CEMENTS.

10 Bundi (Rs 1-6)	40	8
100 Coimbatore	184	6
75 Gwalior (Rs. 5)	146	4
160 Indian (Rs. 10-8)	533	12
40 Katni Def. (Rs. 63-3-9)	2355	0
100 Katni Ord. (Rs. 10)	390	0
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	307	8
10 Punjab (Rs. 12)	30	4
100 Sahabad (Rs. 133 8)	505	10
70 Undited (Rs. 2-8-3)	162	8

INSURANCE

80 Empire	876	4
15-100 Jupiter (Rs. 12)	16	12
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	47	4
20 Mercantile	48	12
200 Oriental (125)	5425	0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	8	1

ELECTRIC.

100 Asmedabad Old (6)	169	6
1000 Andhra Valley (45)	1703	12
10 Ajmer (As 4)	14	8
50 Bombay Tram (3-9)	153	2
100 Bombay Suburban	215	0
10 Broach	13	8
100 Karachi (4)	267	8
100 Poona (4)	265	0
100 Surat (Rs. 8)	208	2
50 B'bay Tram (3-9)	157	2
100 Tata Hydro (Rs. 5)	190	0
1000 Tata PPower	1598	12

RAILWAYS

500 Ahmedabad Prantij	921	4
100 C. Province	99	8
100 Dhond Baramati	106	8
100 Gujarat	94	0
100 Mandra Bhon	102	0
100 Pachora Jamner	99	0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	102	4
500 Tapty Valley (17-8)	773	12

MININGS.

10 Shivrajpur (Rs. 8)	42	8
30 Tata Steel Def. (17-3-3)	852	8
75 Tata Steel Ord.	222	8

MISCELLANEOUS

100 Alcock (Rs. 5)	256	4
50 Bejapur Sugar Rs. 10 plus 2)	199	6
250 Bom. Steam (Rs. 15)	280	0
135 Bom Bom. Burma (10)	547	8
50 Bom Burma Contributory (Rs. 4)	134	6
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5	6
50 B. Telephone (128) 1/8d.	114	0
100 I. Bleaching (Rs. 4)	138	2
100 I. Radio defd. (12)	550	0
100 I. Radio ord (15)	522	8
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	620	0
15 Scindia (Re 1)	19	1
30 Premier Const. (e. 1-1)	90	0
25 Tata Oil (nil)	18	10

PREFERENCE.

7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1575	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	315	0
7 p.c. Bombay Trams	87	12
5 p.c. Central India	535	0
7 p.c. Katni 1st	136	4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd	148	4
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	13	10
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	162	8
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1617	8
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	201	4
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	178	8
5½ p.c. Tata Mill	9	8
7 p.c. Vishnu	677	8

(Last Dividend in Brackets)

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Dec 11

Century (153.2)	155	153	155	154	
Bombay Dyeing (775)	780	785	778	788	778
Kohinoor (254 14)	254	252			
Central India (247 8)	251	248	247		
New Great (168 2)	170	168			
Simplex (76 14)	77	76			
Swadeshi (195)	200	195	199	195	
Bundi (40.8)	40	12	40	8	
I Cement (536 4)	536	538	534	535	
Punjab (30 2)	30	2	30	4	30 2 30 4
Shahabad (506 4)	508	507	508	506	
Andhra (1696 4)	1707	1702	1705	1702	
Tata Hydro (189 11)	190	189	190		
Tata Power (1596 4)	1605	1607	1597	1602	
1598/12					
Tram Ord (153/12)	154 1	153 2			
T Steel Defd (848 12)	855	857	852	856	
852					
T Steel Ord (221.4)	223	222/8	223.8	222/8	
Tata Steel 2nd pref (178/12)	178.12				
178/8					
Bellapur (197 8)	198	197	199		
B Steam (289)	289				
B Burma (545)	547	549	546	547	

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Dec 11

2 3/4 per cent 1949 52	101/1
3 per cent 1951/54	106 8
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	105, 0
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	99/12
3 1/2 per cent 1947 50 Loan	107/8
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	111/12
4 per cent 1960 70 Loan	115
4 1/2 per cent 1955 60 Loan	120/4
3 per cent U P Bonds	99/12
5 per cent 1939/44	108/14
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	111/12
5 1/2 per cent 1938 40 Loan	107/8
TAX FREES	
5 per cent 1945 55	121/2
4 per cent 1953 63 Loan	113/8
3 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	107/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	126/4
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974	112/0
4 per cent M Deb 1974	111/8
5 per cent M Deb 1950	120/0
6 per cent M Deb 1954	132
6 per cent K P T 1956	132

Note: 3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 99 12 and improved to Rs. 99/14 but declined to Rs. 99/10, but again improved to Rs. 99/12. Settlement due January 6th opened to-day and quotes 2 1/2 annas lower.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

London, Dec 10

	This week. £
Total Bullion	249,309,000
Public Deposits	17,500,000
(a) Other Deposits	125,900,000
Government Securities	81,700,000
(b) Other Securities	29,100,000
Notes and Coin	50,500,000
Notes in Circulation	458,900,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	35.20 p.c.
(a) Other Deposits include Bankers	87,000,000
(b) Other Securities include Discounts and Advances	8,100,000

High & Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Dec 10

Broach A/M 1937 opening 221 3/4; highest 222 3/4; lowest 221 3/4; closing 222 1/4

Oomra D/J opening 202; highest 203 1/2; lowest 202; closing 203 1/4

Oomra March opening 201 1/4; highest 202 3/4; lowest 201 1/4; closing 202

Bengal D/J opening 162 1/4; highest 164 1/4; lowest 162 1/4; closing 164 1/4

Bengal March opening 162 3/4; highest 164 1/2; lowest 162 3/4; closing 164 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach A/M Settlement (21-12-36) Rs 3

Tejimandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 14 1/4

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 11 POINTS DOWN

Gold Easy But Wheat Steady And Rubber Higher

BOMBAY, Dec. 11.

On Friday crossrates ruled quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON EASY.

New York cotton ruled easy on hedge selling and liquidation in sympathy with lower Liverpool cables.

GOLD EASY.

London gold was easy but silver remained unchanged.

WHEAT STEADY.

Wheat was steady Jute was quiet but rubber was a shade higher.

SECURITIES IN FAIR DEMAND.

The London Stock Exchange displayed improved sentiment but the general enquiry was restricted. Giltedged securities were in fair demand with some business passing.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1937.

	New York, Dec. 11.
Previous closing	12.38
To-day's opening	12.35
Difference	—.03
To-day's closing	12.27
Difference	—.11

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1937.

	Liverpool, Dec. 11.
Previous closing	6.69
To-day's opening	6.70
Difference	+.01
To-day's closing	6.68
Difference	—.01

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May Rs. 222

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Dec. 11.

Cotton showed slightly easier tendency following lower outside cables and prices gave way to some extent but the broadening demand for spot and sporadic buying activity kept prices very steady.

Operations in March began at 12.35 i.e. 3 points lower than previous closing. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and scattered hedging together with liquidation March gradually sinking to 12.31 but the undertone continued steady.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.27 with a decline of 11 points for March delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Dec. 11.

The following were the opening ranges:—

January (12.31/12.30) 12.37/12.36
March (12.27/12.26) 12.35/12.33
May (12.14/12.12) 12.21/12.20

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Dec. 11.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American December (6.68) 6.71
American January (6.66) 6.69
Egyptian January (10.05) 10.08
Egyptian March (10.11) 10.13

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Dec. 11.

The market was closed at night.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Dec. 11.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

METALS

Tin (£232 1/4 buyers £232 1/2 sellers) £234 1/4 buyers £234 1/2 sellers. Firm.
Lead (£24 3/16 buyers £24 1/4 sellers) £24 9/16 buyers £24 5/8 sellers. Firm.
Electrolytic Copper (£48 3/4 to £49 1/4) £49 to £49 1/2
Glasgow Iron (£78) £78

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay December January (£14 1/8 sellers) £14 3/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta December January (£13 7/8 sellers) £13 13/16 sellers.
Linseed La Plata December (£11 1/2 sellers) £11 9/16 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal January (£15 11/16 sellers) £16 3/8 paid and sellers.

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-1 1/4) 1-1 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-11) 1-11

JUTE

New Crop December January (£19 1/8 sellers) £19 paid.
Dunlop January (£22 1/4 sellers) £22 1/2 sellers.
Lightning January (£20 1/4 sellers) £20 1/2 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (9 1/16 buyers) 9 3/16 paid and value
Forward April June (9 1/16 buyers) 9 3/16 paid and value

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 11. 6-0 p.m.

	Rs. a. p.
Silver ready	52 6 0
Silver 1st settlement	52 6 0
Silver 2nd settlement	52 7 0
Gold ready	35 1 3
Gold 1st settlement	35 1 6
Gold 2nd settlement	35 1 9
Sovereigns	22 4 0

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

	New York, Dec. 11.
Previous closing	4.90 19/32
To-day's opening	4.90 13/32
To-day's latest	4.90 1/8

(At the time of New York cotton closing.)

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

	London, Dec. 11.
Previous closing	4.90 7/16
To-day's opening	4.90 7/16
To-day's closing	4.90 5/16
Difference	—.00 1/8

FRANC RATE.

	London, Dec. 11.
Previous closing	105.13
To-day's opening	105.13
To-day's closing	105.15
Difference	+.02

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Dec. 11.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.90 7/16 and then improved to 4.90 9/16 on some scattered buying but subsequently developed slightly easier tendency on less support.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.90 5/16.

Franc opened at 105.13 and kept steady round this level with hardly any important fluctuations.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 105.15.

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Dec. 11.

The following cable information was received from London to-night.

"Little India buying. Not much selling. Business small. Market quietly steady."

LONDON SILVER

	London, Dec. 11. Last Price.	To-day's Price.
Spot	21 3/16d.	21 3/16d.
Forward	21 3/16d.	21 3/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Dec. 11.

Gold per fine ounce (£7-2-0 1/2) £7-1-9 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, Dec. 11.

3 months (13/16 to 7/8 per cent) 13/16 to 7/8 per cent.
4 months (13/16 to 7/8 per cent) 13/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (3/4 to 7/8 per cent) 3/4 to 7/8 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, Dec. 11. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1.6 1/8) 1.6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (7.936) 7.936
New York on Bombay (37.08) 37.08
Berlin on Bombay (0.92 1/8) 0.92
London on Milan (93.09) 93.12
London on Shanghai (1-2 17/32) 1-2 17/32
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Dec. 11.

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 1.28 3/8. The market kept fairly steady on scattered enquiry but business was very limited owing to the hesitancy on the part of operators.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Dec. 11.

Liverpool wheat opened quiet with December at 107 1/4 and March 101 1/2 trading was somewhat quieter to-day in the absence of any important buying and also due to lower overseas cables but the continuation of scattered purchases by Italy and Orient gives the market a very healthy undertone.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 11.

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat January	5 9 9
Wheat May 1937	5 7 0
Linseed May 1937	7 8 3

Wheat and Linseed quiet but steady.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Dec. 11.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £98 1/4 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Dec. 11. 3-30 p.m.

After general activity and increased buying the market was rather irregular on profit-taking. Giltedgeds and home railways were steady to firm.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£84 1/8) £84 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£106 3/4) £106 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 5/8) £107 7/8
5 per cent Indian Loan (£116 1/2) £116 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105 7/8) £106
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£114 3/4) £114 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (17-3) 17-3
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (£4 1/2) £4 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 8 1/4) dol 8 5/8
Musical Industries (22-9) 22-10 1/2
Princhin Johnson (51-6) 52-9
Imperial Chemical (42-3) 42-6
Woolsworth New Ford (87-6) 88-9
Realisation 1930 (£94) £94
Dunlop Rubber (34-7 1/2) 35-0
Unilever Ordinary (39-3) 39-9
Ford Motors (32-10 1/2) 33-0
Cables and Wireless (£5 7/8) £5 7/8
British American Tobacco (129-4 1/2) 130-7 1/2
Carreas A (£12) £12
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (£181-10 1/2) 183-9
P and O S N Company Deferred (30-6) 31-6
Distillers (118-6) 120-6
Bredford Dyers (8-6) 8-6
British Celanese (9-1 1/2) 9-1 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (51-10 1/2) 52-7 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (54-7 1/2) 56-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (9-0) 9-1 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (34-7 1/2) 35-0
Inter Nickels (62 3/8) 64 1/8
Bengal Iron and Steel (9-9) 9-9
Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, Dec. 11. 3-30 p.m.

5 per cent New Indian Loan (£101 3/4) £101 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian (£98) £98 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£114 1/2) £114 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-63 (£113) £113
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£109 1/4) £109 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942/47 (£113) £113
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1854/59 (£105 3/4) £105 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£109 1/4) £109 1/4

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-1 1/2) 18-1 1/2
Donaro Tea (45-0) 45-6
Empire of India (27-6) 27-3

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (38-6) 39-6
Gula Kelampong (46-3) 46-10 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (39-0) 40-3

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£11 1/4) £11 1/4

MINING SHARES

Nandy (61-3) 61-3
Burma Corporation (14-1 1/2) 14-1 1/2
Rio Tintos (£20 1/2) £20 5/8
East Rand Proprietors (76-9) 77-0
Rand Imam (£9 1/4) £9 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 7/8) £15 7/8
Gedule New (£11) £11
New Modders (38-9) 38-9
Sub Nigel (£13 1/8) £13 1/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (43-1 1/2) 43-1 1/2
Union Corporation (£9 3/8) £9 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezutia Persian (52-6) 52-6
Anglo Iranian (92-6) 93-1 1/2
Burma Oil (101-3) 101-10 1/2
Musical Eagle (29-7 1/2) 30-0
Shell Transport (£120 mutilated) £120 5/8
Royal Dutch (£44 1/2) £44 3/4

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£60 1/4) £62
L and S Ordinary (£31 1/2) £32 1/4
L N E R Defd (£5 1/2) £5 1/2
Southern Dutch (£24 1/2) £24 3/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£135 5/8) £134 3/4
London 'C' Stock (£94 3/4) £94 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Dec. 11.

The following were the opening rates:
General Motor (dol 68 3/8) dol 69 5/8
Anaconda Copper (dol 49 3/4) dol 51 3/8
U S Steel Common (dol 76) dol 77
U S Steel Preference (dol 143) unquoted.

RESTRICTED BUSINESS IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Wall Street Active And Steady

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Dec. 11.

The Stock Exchange opened with a burst of strength wherein prices in all sections were sharply marked up. Business however was restricted by the end of the account considerations and a majority of issues finished fractionally below the best. Westwits featured reacting new high level of 320.

Commodities were quiet apart from basemetals which were firmer especially spelter lead on heavy speculative buying.

Wall Street opened active and steady but was later irregular with low price issues claiming the bulk of attention.

JUTE SHARES QUIET BUT STEADY

Coals Unchanged And Teas Steady

CALCUTTA, Dec. 11.

Jutes ruled quiet but steady and business was put on limited scale. Coals were unchanged with limited business. Teas were steady with small doing. Miscellaneous disclosed no special feature. Government securities were firm. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities:—Three per cent Government Paper 99/11; three per cent loan 1941 105; three and a half per cent Government Paper 99/13; three and a half per cent loan 1947/50 107/5; four per cent loan 1960/70 115/2 small lot; three per cent U.P. Bonds small lot; three per cent loan 1961/66 99/9 small lot; five per cent loan 1945/55 121/5.

Banks:—Allahabad pref 144/8; Imperial fully paid 1581.

Cottons:—Cawnpore textiles 2/5; New Victoria 1/6.

Coals:—Bhalgora 2/8; Deoli 6; East Indian 18; Equitable 35/12; Katras Jherriah 21/9; Mundulpore 7/8; New Beerbhoom 13/4 small lots; Pench Valley 33; Ranee Gunge 31/12 cum div; Seebpore 13/8; Premium; South Karanpura 6/8; Standard 33/8; Agarpara 23/8; Albion 242 small lot; Belvedere 370; Birla ordy 18/14 ex div; do pref 124/8; Budge Budge 294; small lot; Champdanny 172/8; Clive 26/8 small lots; Craig 1/4; Dalhousie 334; Delta 387; Howrah 53/11; do a pref 144; India 328; Kamarhatty 529; Lansdowne 169; Naihati 359.

Miscellaneous:—Reliance 73/12; Union 417/8; Burma Corporation 9/8; Indian Corporation 3/11; Consolidated tin 7/10; Tavoy tin 4/3; Rawalpindi electric 26/5; Britannia building 9/14; Burn and Company ordy 291; Indian Iron and Steel 16/8; Bharat Insurance 147; Himalaya Assurance 1/5; B. I. Corporation ordy 155; Calcutta safe deposit 2/2 premium; Ivan Jones 3/4; Steuart and Company 2/1; British Burma Petroleum 510; Indo-Burma Petroleum ordy 120; Humagun property 20 cum div.

Sugars:—Buland 12/8 cum div; Carew and Co. 17/8; Cawnpore pref 106; Purnea 8/6; Rohtas 21/3; Samastipore 8.

Teas:—Atal 8/14 small lots; Rydak 55/4; Sapoi 9/6.

Rubbers:—Telux Anson 1.87 1/2 cts.

Debentures:—Four per cent 1908/38 Calcutta pr Port Trust 101/12 small lot; four per cent 1913/43 do 106/8 small odd lot.—A. P.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

fast, Londonderry and other centres.—Reuter.

CANBERRA, December 11.

The Commonwealth Parliament adopted without dissent a resolution assenting to the succession to the Throne. The Victorian and South Australian Governments have declared a public holiday on Monday, the birthday of the New King.

WELLINGTON, December 11.

The new King will be proclaimed in New Zealand on Monday which day has been declared a public holiday.—Reuter.

SPANISH GOVT. VESSEL CAPTURED

SALAMANCA, Dec. 11.

The insurgent broadcast reports that a Government vessel carrying arms and provisions was captured by the cruiser "Canarias" 150 miles from the Balearic Islands.

The vessel which was bound for Barcelona was ordered to proceed to Palma and unload.

The radio adds that the insurgent fleet has recently sunk several Russian boats transporting munitions, some of which were flying a British flag.—Reuter.

ANDREWS ON 'RECRIPROCITY AGREEMENT"

That part of the "Reciprocity Agreement" which allowed free entry to student tourists and merchants for purposes of temporary residence would be set afoot between India and Australia, was the hope expressed by Rev. C. F. Andrews who is now in Bombay.

"Australia is now looking out for opportunities of forming cultural friendship with India" he told the Press reporters here.

Rev. Andrews on reaching London will take up the question of Bengal detenus.

New Delhi.—It is understood the Chief Commissioner of Aden, who will be the Governor of the Crown Colony after Aden's separation, is expected to visit Delhi towards the end of January next and hold discussion with the authorities about various problems arising out of separation.

KING'S CONCERN FOR PEOPLE

Would Go With Dignity, With Least Disturbance

BALDWIN'S STATEMENT

LONDON, December 10.

Mr. Baldwin, continuing his statement said:—

The matter was closed. I never heard a word about it again from him. That decision was a formal decision and was the only formal decision of any kind taken by the Cabinet until I come to the history of yesterday. When we finished that conversation I pointed out the gravity of a possible alternative that it brought him into the situation when he would be placed in a grievous situation between two conflicting loyalties in his own house—either complete abandonment of the project upon which his heart was set and remaining as King or doing as he intimated to me that he was prepared to do in the talks which I have reported of going and later contracting that marriage if it were possible.

From that date until now, that had been a struggle wherein His Majesty had been engaged. We had many talks but always on various aspects on this limited problem. The House must remember and it is difficult to realise His Majesty is not a boy. He looks so young. We have all thought of him as our Prince but he is a mature man with wide and great experience of life and the world, and he always had before him these things, that he repeated in the course of his conversation at all hours again and again.

WOULD GO WITH DIGNITY

First, that if he went, he would go with dignity. He would not allow the situation to arise in which he could not do that. He wanted to go with as little disturbance to his Ministers and his people. He wished to go in the circumstances that would make succession of his Royal brother as little difficult for him (his brother) as possible. I may say that any idea to him of what might be called the King's Party was abhorrent (loud prolonged cheers).

He stayed at Fort Belvedere because he said he was not going to come to London while this thing was in dispute, because of the Cheering Crowds. I honour and respect him (cheers) for the way in which he behaved at that time. I have something here, I think, which will touch the House.

A pencilled note sent me by His Majesty this morning. I have his authority for reading it; To the "Duke of York (he and the King have always been on the best of terms as brothers); the King is confident that the Duke deserves and will receive the support of the whole Empire."

PRESSING EMPIRE UNITY.

The King made his decision to take this moment to send his most gracious message because it was his confident hope that by that he will preserve unity in this country and the whole Empire, and avoid those factous differences which might so easily have arisen.

It is an impossibility, unfortunately, to avoid talking to some extent about oneself, but, these last days have been days of great strain.

It was a great comfort to me and, I hope, to the House when I was assured before I left His Majesty on Tuesday night by those in intimate circle with him at Fort Belvedere, that I had left nothing undone that I could have done to move him from the decision he had arrived at and from which he refused to depart.

While there is not a soul among us who won't regret this from the bottom of his heart, there is not a soul here to-day that wants to judge. We are not judges. (Cheers).

His Majesty has announced his decision. He tells us what he wants us to do. I think we must close our ranks and do it.

BILL MUST BE PASSED TO-MORROW.

At later stage this evening, I shall ask leave to bring the necessary Bill, so it may be read for the first time, printed and made available to the Hon. Members. It may be available in the Vote Office as soon as the House has ordered the Bill to be printed. The House will meet to-morrow at the usual time at 11-00 a.m. when we shall take the Second Reading and the remaining stages of the Bill. It is very important it shall be passed into Law to-morrow.

I have only two other things to say. Yesterday morning, when the Cabinet received the King's final and definite answer officially, they passed a minute, in accordance with which I sent a message to His Majesty, which he has been good enough to allow me to read; "Baldwin, with his humble duty to the King: This morning Mr. Baldwin reported to the Cabinet his interview he had with His Majesty yesterday, and informed his colleagues that Your Majesty had then communicated to him informally your firm and definite intention to renounce the Throne.

PLEA FOR RECONSIDERATION.

"The Cabinet received this statement of Your Majesty's intention with profound regret and wished Mr. Baldwin to convey to Your Majesty immediately the unanimous feeling of Your Majesty's servants. The Ministers are reluctant to believe that Your Majesty's resolve is irrevocable and still venture to hope that before Your Majesty pronounces any formal decision, Your Majesty may be pleased to reconsider intention which must so deeply distress and so vitally affect all Your Majesty's subjects.

"Mr. Baldwin is at once communicating with Dominion Prime Ministers for the purpose of letting them know that Your Majesty has now made to him the informal intimation of Your Majesty's intention."

Sinha Hopes New King Will Help People's Happiness

PATNA Dec. 11

Prominent citizens of Bihar expressed profound regret at the unhappy news of King Edward's abdication.

Mr. Sachhidanand Sinha, Vice-Chancellor of Patna University, interviewed by the Associated Press said that the abdication of King Edward would cause profound regret in India where people hoped till the last moment that some solution might be found by His Majesty's Ministers.

Great sympathy is being felt in all circles for King Edward.

His renouncing of the Throne for the reasons given by him has raised him in public estimation in this country.

The constitutional crisis now over. It is hoped that the reign of the new King will be conducive to the happiness and prosperity of the various peoples of his dominions throughout the world.

Greatest Sacrifice Ever Made

Mr. M. Yunus M.L.C. said: "We in Patna, along with others in other parts of India, cherish happy recollections of His Majesty's visit as Prince of Wales, and were looking forward to his Coronation next summer.

His Majesty has placed public interests above personal inclinations and has made the greatest sacrifice any monarch could ever make."—A. P.

Effective Method For Independence Fight

Socialist Leaders Urge Organisation Of Workers And Peasants

The need for Socialist methods for prosecution of the fight for India's freedom under the Flag of the Congress was stressed by speakers at a meeting, held under the auspices of the Congress Socialist Party at the Jinnah Hall on Friday evening.

CEASELESS FIGHT.

Mrs. Kamaladevi speaking of the proposed General Strike that the Socialists want to stage on April 1, said that it was not intended to be merely the record of a protest, but was intended to mark the beginning of a ceaseless and ruthless war against the new Constitution.

DEMOCRATISE CONGRESS.

Messrs. Jayaprakash Narayan, Achyut Patwardhan and Dinker Mehta pleaded for the democratisation of the Congress and the organisation of the peasants and workers under the Flag of the Congress.

Mr. Masani, who presided, said that everyone seemed to be agitated over the change of Kings that was taking place in London. While this change could in no way affect the welfare of the people of India, the change of the Constitution which was about to come would profoundly affect the lives and interests of the people. The Congress was preparing to fight the Constitution.

MOST EFFECTIVE METHOD

But this fight should be national. Where then was the sense in speaking of a Socialist leadership, asked the speaker. He answered the question by saying that, while there could not be Socialism before Independence, it would only be under a Socialist lead that the country could evolve towards freedom. The Socialist Party had been started to stop the reaction that had set in in the Congress ranks and to check the drift towards constitutionalism. To-day Socialist method, Socialist technique and Socialist approach towards the problem of Freedom would be the best and most effective.

FIGHT AGAINST OFFICES

Mrs. Kamaladevi said that India was in such a chronic state of crisis that its sting passed unnoticed. The Faizpur Congress would be the last available session before the disaster of the new Constitution took place. The Congress could answer the insult of the new Act only by rejecting it. The method of wrecking this Constitution was of great importance to-day. There might be many methods, but the Socialists felt that the method of office acceptance would lead to an end of the militant spirit, that it would lead to some kind of co-operation, that it would lead to the watering down of India's objective. It was for this reason and this alone that the Socialists stood up against office acceptance.

Mr. Jayaprakas Narayan in a Hindi speech said that the Congress had fought for freedom for many years but it was still far from Independence. That was because the Congress had failed to organise the people sufficiently and bring them into the struggle in sufficiently large numbers. The most important question before them was to so organise the masses that they would solidly stand for the Congress.

GULF MUST BE BRIDGED.

In the opinion of the speaker, the Parliamentary programme was transitory. They did not say that it should be thrown out altogether but they believed that their struggle could succeed better by organising the masses on an economic basis. A "United Front" or a "Peoples' Front" would be without any significance if the peasants and labourers did not join in the fight for Freedom. From this point of view it was a matter of urgent necessity that the gulf between Congress and Trade and Peasant Unions should be immediately bridged.

Mr. Dinker Mehta said that the war danger was as near as the new Constitution and the country should not lag behind in its fight for Freedom. New forces were coming up in the country and if the Congress wanted these forces to join in the struggle for Freedom it should amend its Constitution to give a prominent place for the peasants and labourers in the Congress. This could be done only by collective representation.

RALLY THE VILLAGERS

Mr. Achut Patwardhan said that to intensify the Freedom struggle the villagers must be made to interest themselves in it. The appeal of the movement had so far been confined to the middle classes and the city-dwellers. But the time had come when the Congress must interest itself in the day to day life of the peasant. The lack of co-ordination between the daily life of the people and the Congress resolutions must be removed. To prevent the switch back to a Liberal outlook, the struggle should be viewed from the stand point of the poorest of the poor, the unlettered villager.

Mr. Masani in winding up the meeting appealed to Congress members to vote for Socialist candidates in the election of delegates to the Faizpur session. He thanked the speakers on behalf of the Socialist Party.

"THE MAGNIFICENT BRUTE"

(Continued from page 10)

the towering menace who battles "The Magnificent Brute" at every turn, has been featured in musical comedy and over the radio. His first picture was "Postal Inspector." Henry Armetta has a prominent role; Billy Burrud is seen as an appealing youngster. Edward Morris and Selmar Jackson have important parts. The picture is directed by John G. Blystone.

PROCLAMATION OF NEW KING

LONDON, December 11.

The Governor of Northern Ireland, the Duke of Abercorn, is summoning the Northern Ireland Parliament, next week, probably on Wednesday when the new King will be proclaimed in the Parliament buildings at Stormont.

The Proclamation will subsequently be read publicly at Bel-

(Continued in Col. 4)

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JUPITER
AND
INSURANCE
go hand in hand.
J1

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1936

JUPITER
GENERAL
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INSURANCE Business.
J2

Accession Of King George VI

Sheriff To Read Proclamation On Monday At Town Hall

BOMBAY, December 11.

Proclamation of accession of King George VI will be read by the Sheriff of Bombay at 9 a.m. on Monday, December 14, on the steps of the Town Hall, Bombay.

PROCLAMATION ON MONDAY

Viceroy To Hold Ceremony In Delhi

NEW DELHI: Dec. 11.

According to a notification issued this evening, the Proclamation Parade will be held at the Viceroy's House on Monday morning to announce Accession to the Throne of the Duke of York. Arrangements will be almost the same as those made for the proclamation held on January 22nd for King Edward.

Satisfaction is expressed here that transitions being affected with a degree of solidarity of opinion throughout the Empire and that succession is passing to the next heir to King Edward according to established Law of the Empire. It is noteworthy that the Instrument of Abdication was witnessed yesterday only by the King's brothers. The formal advice tendered by the British Government and the Governments of the dominions related only to morganatic marriage and both initiative and final decision were personal responsibility of King Edward. Interest is taken in the fact that the new Queen of England comes from one of the most ancient and historical families of Scottish nobility.—A. P. Special.

The Royal Family of late King George V—(left to right) the Queen, the Duke of Gloucester, the Prince of Wales, the Duke of York, the King, Lord Harewood, and the Princess Royal

Heavy Indian Christmas Mail: Photo shows the large number of Mailbags carried by P. and O. Mail boat to England on last Saturday.

Mrs. Mohan Singh (2nd from left) wife of Hon. Sardar Bahadur Mohan Singh, Member of India Council, arrived by the mail boat on Friday morning.

All Classes Gathered Under Banner Of Congress

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai's Impressions, Of His Tour In Assam

CALCUTTA, (By Mail.)

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, who halted for a few hours in Calcutta on his return journey from Assam, where he had gone to preside over the Assam Political Conference, gave the following interview to the "United Press" on his impression of the Assam tour:—

"I am more than happy that, notwithstanding uncertainties, and difficulties, I was able to reach at last and preside over the provincial conference. At this end of India, there live a people who are united in community of interest and feeling with the rest of the country, who are noted for their simplicity and directness of mind, admirable and useful. One has not to make an effort to eradicate long-conceived erroneous ideas; one has not to contend against intellectual casuistry. The meanest of them remember that they lost their freedom just about a hundred years ago for their ancient kings, though they may have crossed the borders they lived in Assam and become fused into the Assamese. People remember with pride their ancient capital which moved from one part of Assam to another and last of them at Sibsagar. The people are alive to a sense of freedom. The people are relatively immune from fear, and here is a corner of India, where there is an easy field of work for a patriot, men and material, ready to struggle in the cause of freedom.

PEASANTS' ENTHUSIASM.

"I reached Gauhati early in the morning of the 5th. Since then up to the time of departure all the workers of Assam and myself moved together and lived as one family. I covered 150 miles by car along with the Trunk Road of Assam and addressed seven meetings, two of them, one at Nowgong and one at Kaliabari have left an indelible impression on my mind. The one at Nowgong was attended by people among whom predominated the townsmen who were as anxious to understand the message of the Congress as of the countryside. The one at Kaliabari was more remarkable. It consisted of men and women all from villages, who had walked for the whole of the day in order to reach the meeting place.

One remarkable feature of the country-side is that, in every village, there is a common prayer hall or sermon hall with atmosphere of genuine religious spirit and faith in God and love of motherland always prevail, and in that atmosphere of a deep feeling of emotion, I addressed an immense gathering, which it is impossible adequately to describe. There is a silent vow written on the faces of men and women that they shall each work for the liberation of their motherland.

CONGRESS WOULD SWEEP POLLS.

The night we spent on the crossing steamer and left at the break of dawn with a procession on foot through the streets of Tezpur. People had already arrived from the whole of the province to attend the conference. The conference showed spirit of unanimity, discipline and grit. Every class of people, farmer, labourer, workmen, tradesmen all gathered under the banner of the Congress not merely a success in the popular sense but even more in the fact that people went away heartened after many hours of exchange of ideas and discussions as to the work before them. Were it not for the interference of those who still wish to retain power in their hands by means which cannot be described as either straightforward or honest, in this province, the Congress would sweep the polls? By reason of the fact that numerous artificial constituencies have been created, the general constituencies have suffered in number but I have every hope that every constituency which may be contested will return a true and full-hearted Congressmen.

SILENT BUT EFFECTIVE WORK.

Next day, we had the Youth Conference. It was a great success, and enthused the spirit.

I leave Assam with a feeling of great gratification at the silent and effective work which the Congress organisation is carrying on here. There are among the Assamese as among the rest of the countries, men and women who have suffered in the cause of the country, but whose faith in its liberation has only increased with the magnitude of their sufferings. I wish them every success in the immediate as well as the great endeavour."—United Press.

The Inevitable Press representatives besiege Mr. Bhulabhai Desai at his residence to get some inside information regarding what was going on in the Working Committee on Thursday.

RAJAN'S RESIGNATION ACCEPTED

Tanjore-Trichy Assembly Seat To Be Filled Up By Jan. 19

NEW DELHI, Dec. 11.

To-day's Gazette announces the acceptance of the resignation of Dr. Rajan's membership of the Assembly. The Tanjore-Trichinopoly constituency has been asked to elect his successor till January 19.

It may be recalled that Dr. Rajan resigned his membership from Congress bodies as a result of the Trichy Municipal elections following the disapproval of his action in opposing an official Congress candidate for the chairmanship of the Trichy Municipal Council.—United Press.

Messrs. Shankarrao Deo, C. F. Andrews and Pt. Govind Ballabh Pant snapped after the Working Committee proceedings.

STRIKE ON B. N. RAILWAY

Will Begin On Sunday Night As Negotiations With Agent Fail

BOMBAY, Dec. 11.

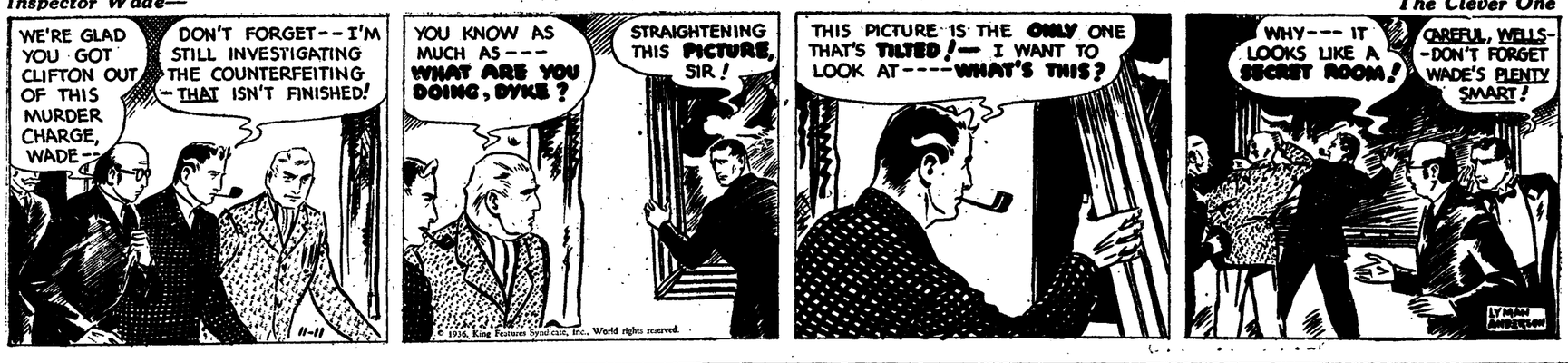
Mr. V. R. Kalappa, Secretary, B. N. Railway Strike Committee wires from Kharagpur under today's date:—

Last hour negotiations have failed. The Agent of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway has wired to the Union President, that he cannot agree to restore the "status quo" in the Adra District pending reference to the Board of Conciliation and does not consider the present situation can appropriately be dealt with by the Board of Conciliation. The Union has therefore no other alternative but to call a strike in order to secure redress of grievances.

The strike on the said Railway will begin from 22 hours on Sunday the 13th inst. The workers are enjoined to strict observance of non-violence during the strike.—A. P.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *The Clever One*


WE'RE GLAD YOU GOT CLIFTON OUT OF THIS MURDER CHARGE, WADE--
DON'T FORGET--I'M STILL INVESTIGATING THE COUNTERFEITING--THAT ISN'T FINISHED!
YOU KNOW AS MUCH AS--- WHAT ARE YOU DOING, DYKE?
STRAIGHTENING THIS PICTURE, SIR!
THIS PICTURE IS THE ONLY ONE THAT'S TILTED!— I WANT TO LOOK AT----WHAT'S THIS?
WHY--- IT LOOKS LIKE A SECRET ROOM!
CAREFUL, WELLS--DON'T FORGET WADE'S PLENTY SMART!
LYMAN ANDERSON
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